

FILE DESCRIPTION

NEW YORK FILE

SUBJECT Rosenberg / Sobell Committee

FILE NO. 100 - 107111

VOLUME NO. Bulky

SERIALS 180

thru

220

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JULIUS ROSENBERG, et al.
NEW YORK BULKY EXHIBIT FILES

Exhibit Number	Description	Released	Denied	Withheld
180	Photographs	X		
181	Photographs	X		
182	Photographs	X		
183	Photographs	X		
184	Photographs	X		
185	Photographs	X		
186	Photographs	X		
187	Destroyed			
188	Destroyed			
189	Destroyed			
190	Destroyed			
191	Destroyed			
192	Letter	X		
193	Press Release	X		
194	Press Release	X		
195	Destroyed			
196	Destroyed			
197	Destroyed			
198	Throwaway	X		
199	Press - Release	X		
200	Press Release	X		
201	Press Release	X		

JULIUS ROSENBERG, et al.

NEW YORK BULKY EXHIBIT FILES

Exhibit Number	Description	Released	Denied	Withheld
202	Press Release	X		
203	Press Release	X		
204	Press Release	X		
205	Press Release	X		
206	Press Release	X		
207	Press Release	X		
208	Press Release	X		
209	Press Release	X		
210	Press Release	X		
211	Press Release	X		
212	Press Release	X		
213	Press Release	X		
214	Press Release	X		
215	Press Release	X		
216	Press Release	X		
217	Press Release	X		
218	Press Release	X		
219	Press Release	X		
220	Press Release	X		

BULKY EXHIBIT - INVENTORY OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED AS EVIDENCE

Bufile: NEW YORK Field Division
5-14-53 Date

Title and Character of Case:

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE
 ROSENBERG CASE
 NEW YORK FILE NO. 100-107111

Date Property Acquired: See below

Source From Which Property Acquired: See below

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Vault

Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same: Evidence and information
 Retain permanently

Description of Property or Exhibit and Identity of Agent Submitting Same: See below

180. A group of photographs numbered 1 through 3 and negative of persons participating in the picketing of the White House which was sponsored by the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case. Photographs were taken 2/20/53.
181. A group of photographs, numbered 1 through 37, and exposed film, of persons participating in the picketing of the White House which was sponsored by the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case. Photographs were taken 2/22/53.
182. A group of photographs, numbered 1 through 39, and exposed film of persons participating in the picketing of the White House which was sponsored by the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case. Photographs were taken 2/23/53.
183. A group of photographs, numbered 1 through 34 and exposed film of persons participating in the picketing of the White House which was sponsored by the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case. Photographs were taken 2/19/53.
184. A group of photographs numbered 1 through 17 and negatives of persons participating in the picketing of the White House which was sponsored by the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case. Photographs were taken 2/17/53.
185. A group of photographs numbered 1 through 17 and negatives of persons participating in the picketing of the White House which was sponsored by the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case. Photographs were taken 2/19/53.
186. A group of photographs, numbered 1 through 30 and exposed film, picketing of the of persons participating in the picketing of the White House, sponsored by the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case. Photographs were taken 2/20/53.

Field File #:

NOTE: The above exhibits were rec'd 3/16/53 from Washington FO
 (see serial 730.) Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-12-53.

100-107111-186

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 14 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	

BULKY EXHIBIT - INVENTORY OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED AS EVIDENCE

Bufile: NEW YORK Field Division
5-15-53 Date

Title and Character of Case:

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE
ROSENBERG CASE
NEW YORK FILE NO. 100-107111

Date Property Acquired: See below

Source From Which Property Acquired: See below

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Vault

Reason for Retention of Property and Evidence and information
Efforts Made to Dispose of Same: Retain permanently

Description of Property or Exhibit and
Identity of Agent Submitting Same: See below

- ~~101.~~ A four page pamphlet captioned "IF YOU KNEW..." issued by the National Labor Committee for Clemency for the Rosenbergs.
~~102.~~ A four page pamphlet captioned "ETHEL AND JULIUS ROSENBERG'S APPEAL FOR CLEMENCY, DECEMBER 20, 1952."
~~103.~~ One copy of the Bergen Evening Record dated 3/2/53, concerning an advertisement on page five, captioned "WE EGG TO DIFFER MR. PRESIDENT," published by the N.J. Committee for Clemency for the Rosenbergs.
~~104.~~ A leaflet captioned, "THE ROSENBERGS MUST NOT DIE," containing the masthead of the AFRO-AMERICAN, Newark, NJ, 1/31/53.

NOTE:

Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-12-53.

- ~~105.~~ Two copies of the pamphlet, "TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE," by WILLIAM A. REUBEN.

192. One undated mimeographed letter bearing the mimeographed signature of JOSEPH BRAININ.

NOTE:

Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-12-53.

Field File #:

100-107111-1367

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
MAY 15 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	

BULKY EXHIBIT - INVENTORY OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED AS EVIDENCE

Bufile: New York Field Division
5-15-53 Date

Title and Character of Case:

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE
ROSENBERG CASE
NEW YORK FILE NO. 100-107111

Date Property Acquired: See below

Source From Which Property Acquired: See below

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Vault

Reason for Retention of Property, and Evidence and information
Efforts Made to Dispose of Same: Retain permanently

Description of Property or Exhibit and
Identity of Agent Submitting Same: See below

193. One press release issued by the New York Committee for Clemency for the Rosenbergs.

194. A leaflet issued by the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case consisting of reprints from the "DAILY MIRROR," issue of 1/12/53 and the "JEWISH EXAMINER", issue of 1/9/53.

~~195.~~ Leaflet captioned "THE PEOPLE SPEAK OUT ON THE ROSENBERG CASE."~~196.~~ Leaflet consisting of a reprint from the 10/10/53 issue of "THE NATION."~~197.~~ Leaflet consisting of a reprint from the "NEW YORK TIMES" of a letter ~~of~~ to the Editor of the Times, by HAROLD C. UREY.

NOTE:

198. Throwaway headed "COURT OF APPEALS ADMITS ROSENBERG TRIAL UNFAIR." Issued by the New York Civil Rights Congress. Rec'd 1/16/53 from [redacted] Submitted by SA DOOLEY on 5-12-53.

b7d

Field File #:

100-107111-154

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
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FBI - NEW YORK	
<i>Be</i>	

BULKY EXHIBIT - INVENTORY OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED AS EVIDENCE

Bufile: NEW YORK Field Division
5-15-53 Date

Title and Character of Case:

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE
ROSENBERG CASE
NEW YORK FILE NO. 100-107111

Date Property Acquired: See below

Source From Which Property Acquired: See below

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Vault

Reason for Retention of Property and
Efforts Made to Dispose of Same: Evidence and information
Retain permanentlyDescription of Property or Exhibit and
Identity of Agent Submitting Same: See belowTHE FOLLOWING WERE ALL ISSUED BY THE COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE:
199 Press release dated Nov. 7, 1952.

200.	"	"	"	Nov. 8, 1952.
201.	"	"	"	Jan. 9, 1952.
202.	"	"	"	Jan. 10, 1952.
203.	"	"	"	Jan. 5, 1953.
204.	"	"	"	Jan. 5, 1953.
205.	"	"	"	Jan. 5, 1953.
206.	"	"	"	Jan. 5, 1953.
207.	"	"	"	Jan. 5, 1953.
208.	"	"	"	Jan. 8, 1953.
209.	"	"	"	Jan. 8, 1953.
210.	"	"	"	Jan. 8, 1953.
211.	"	"	"	Jan. 11, 1953.
212.	"	"	"	Jan. 12, 1953.
213.	"	"	"	Jan. 13, 1953.
214.	"	"	"	Jan. 13, 1953.
215.	"	"	"	Jan. 13, 1953.
216.	"	"	"	Jan. 14, 1953.
217.	"	"	"	Jan. 15, 1953.
218.	"	"	"	Jan. 16, 1952.
219.	"	"	"	Jan. 16, 1953.
220.	"	"	"	Jan. 17, 1953.

NOTE:

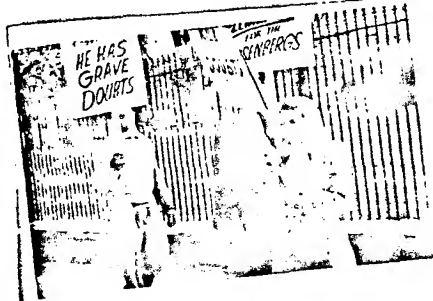
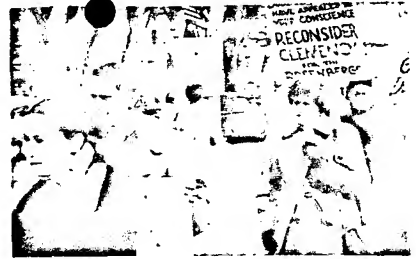
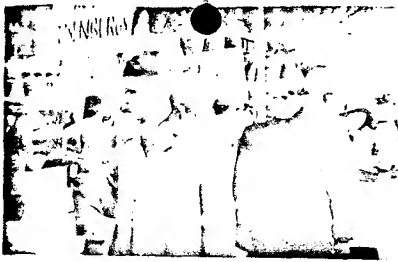
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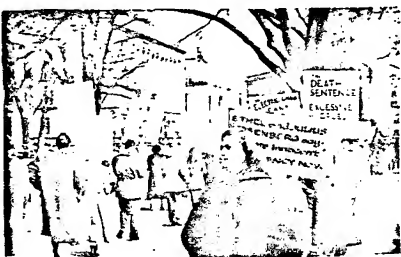
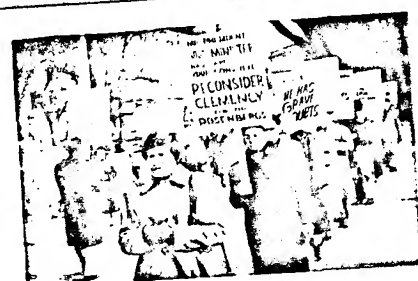
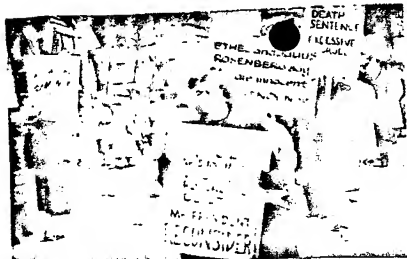
b7d

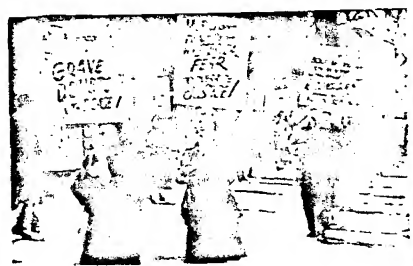
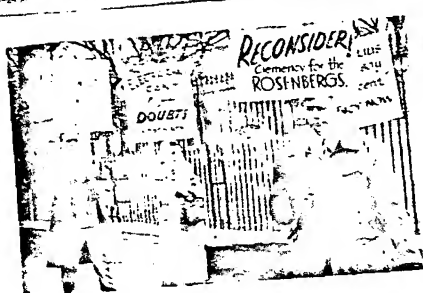
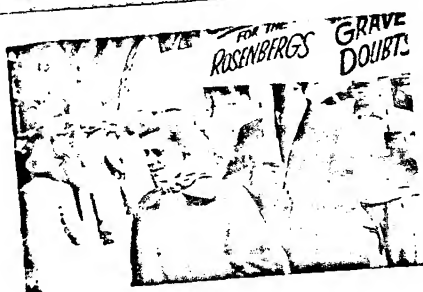
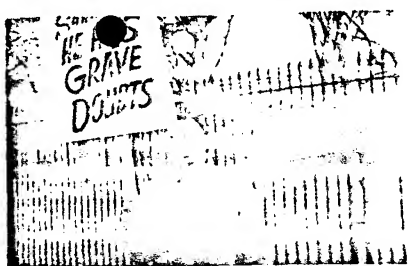
100-107111-1869

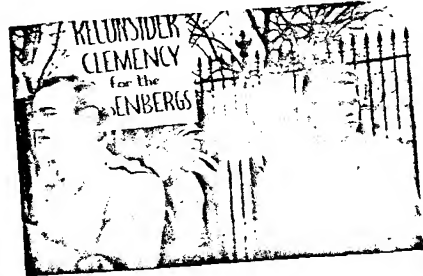
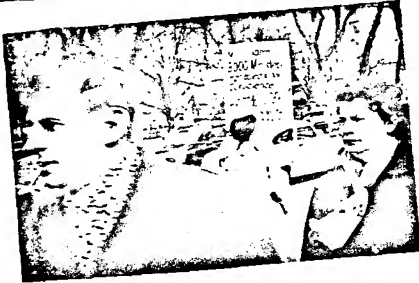
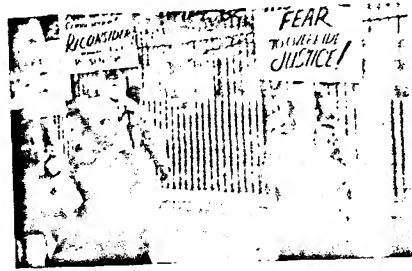
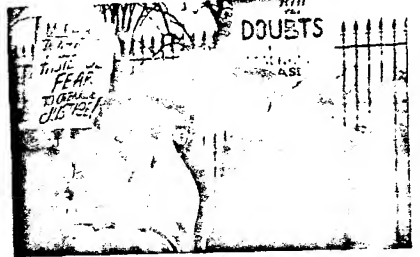
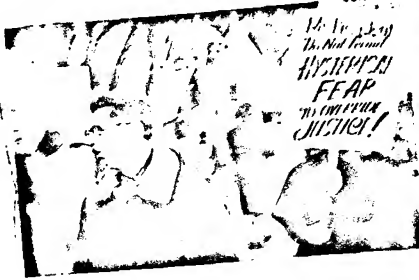
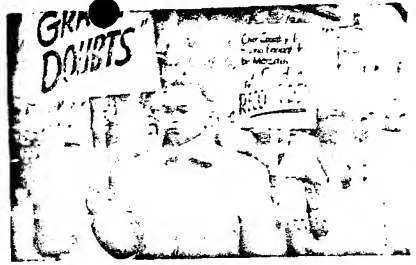
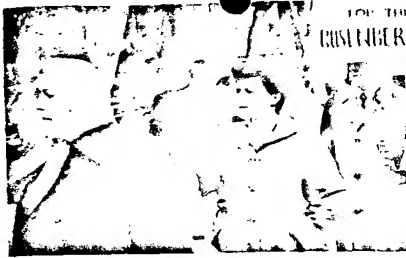
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MAY 15 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	
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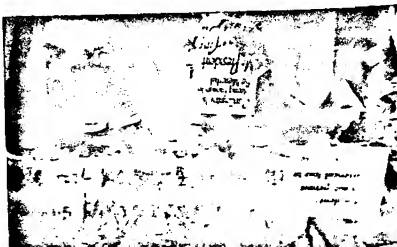
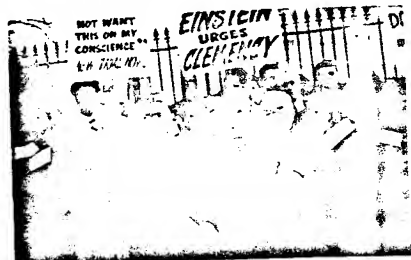
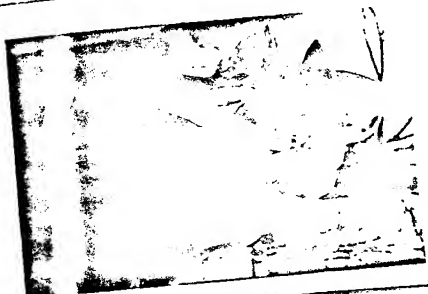
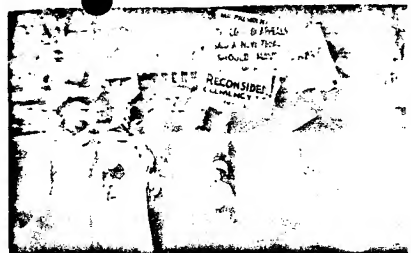


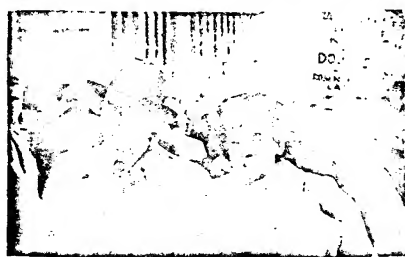
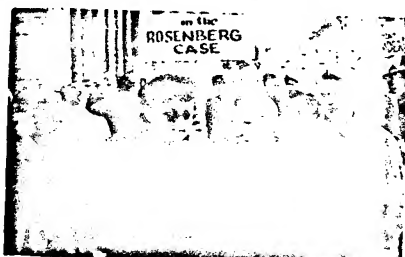
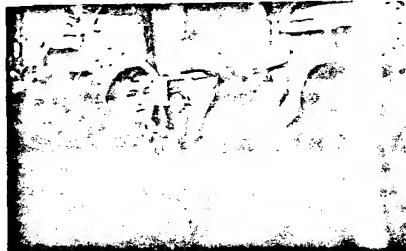
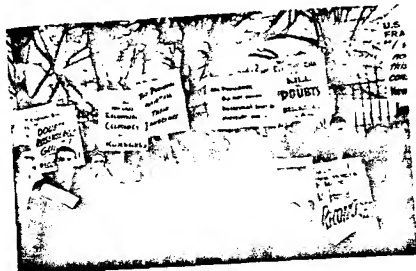


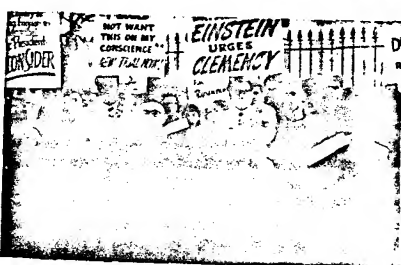
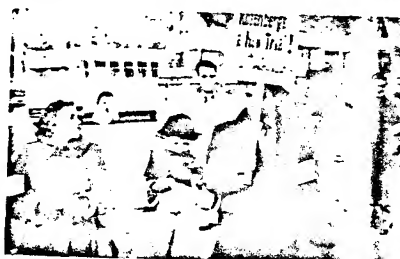
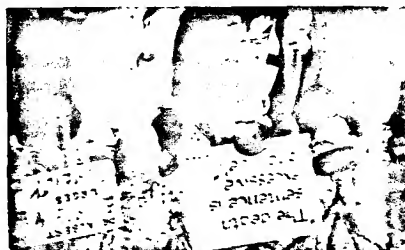
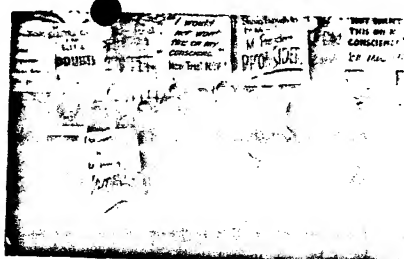


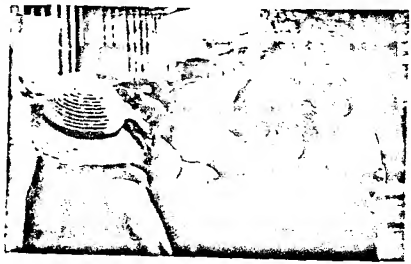
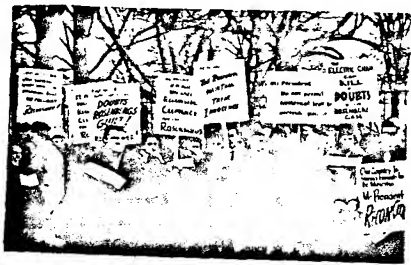
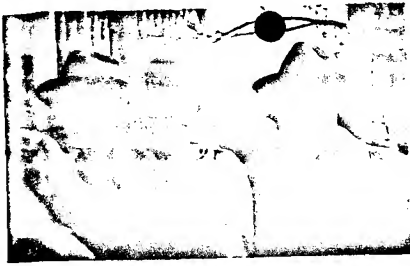


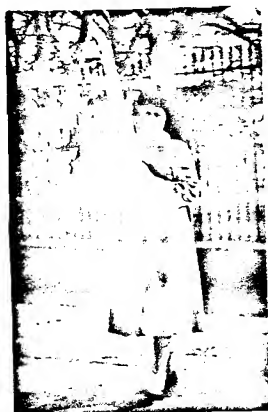


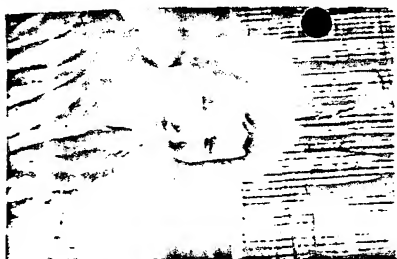




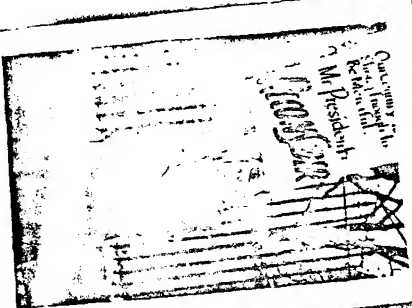
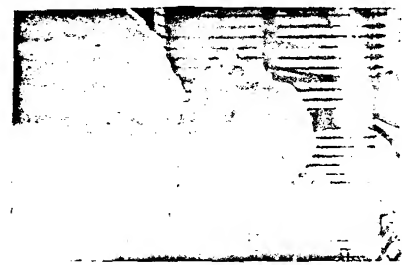
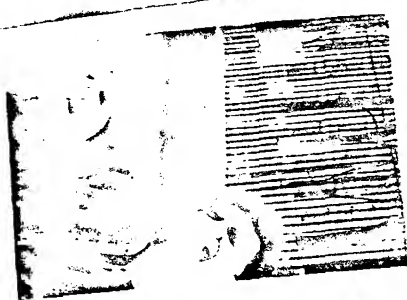




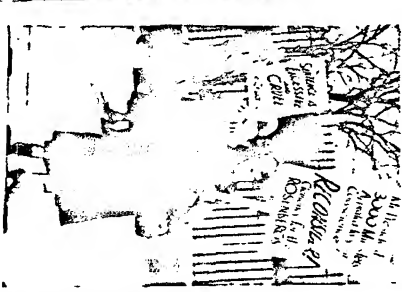




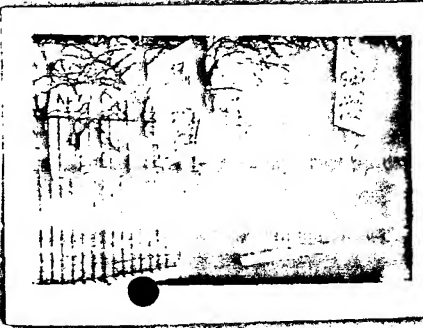
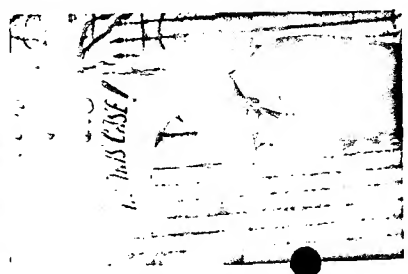
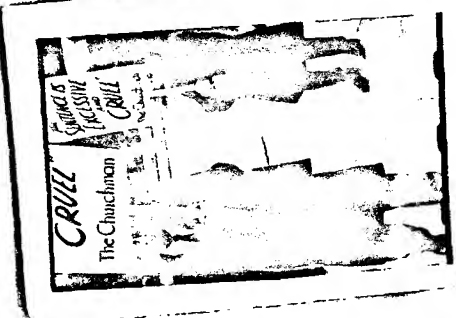
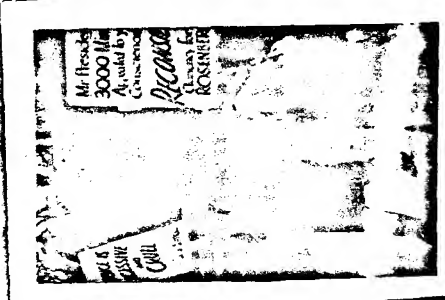
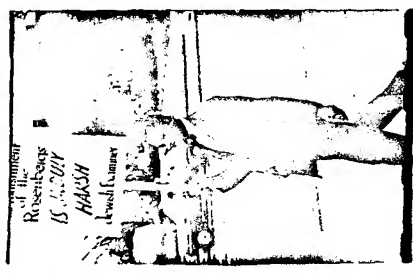
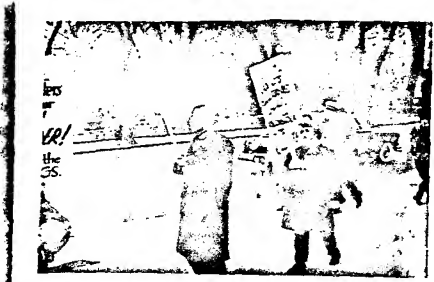
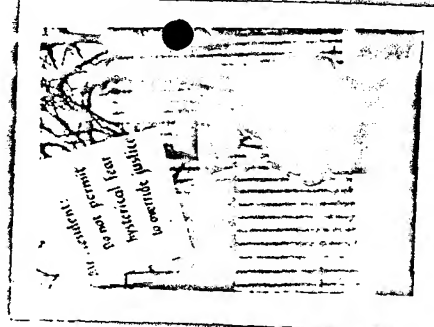
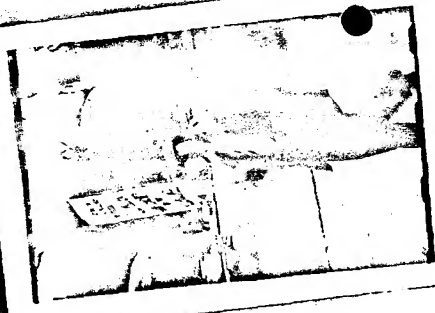
Ch. Edgar Wiley
Sinner's Son of Utah
**LESLIE'S
REBELLIOUS
GUILT!**
RECONSIDER!

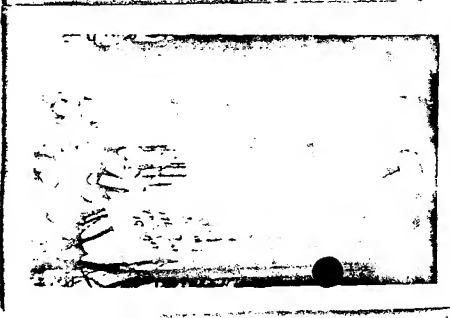
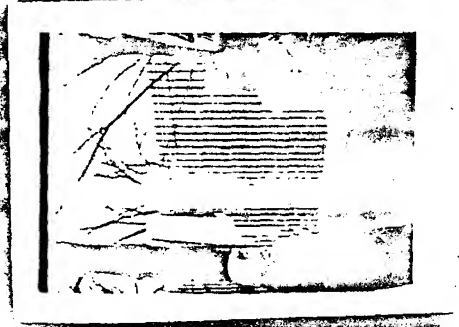
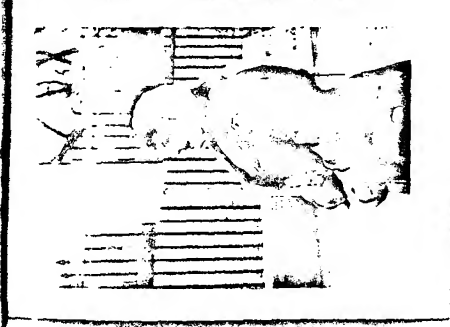
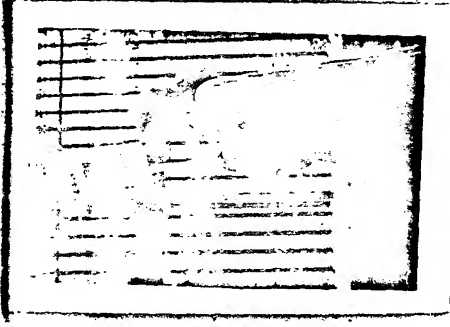
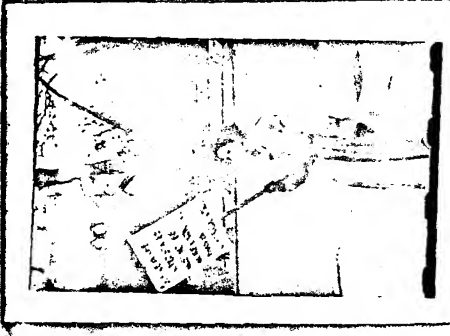


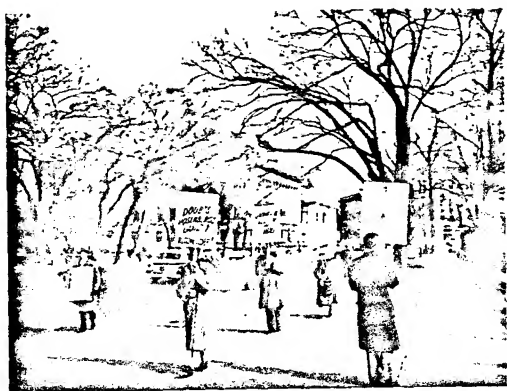
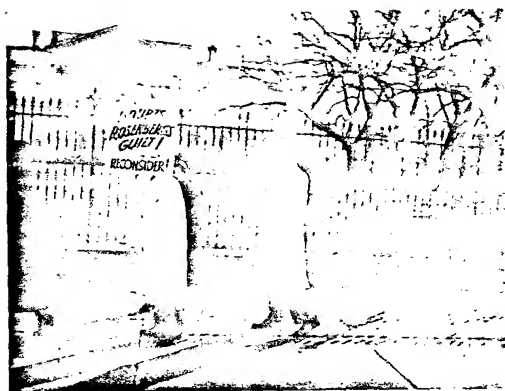
Confronting the
Sinner's Son of Utah
Mr. President
**REBELLIOUS
GUILT!**

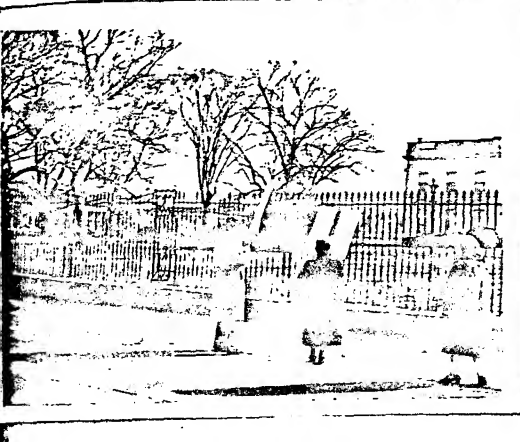
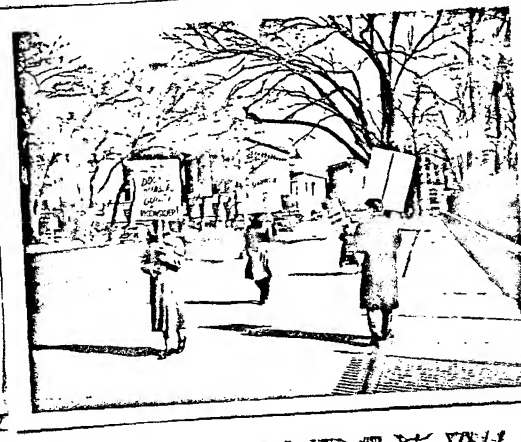
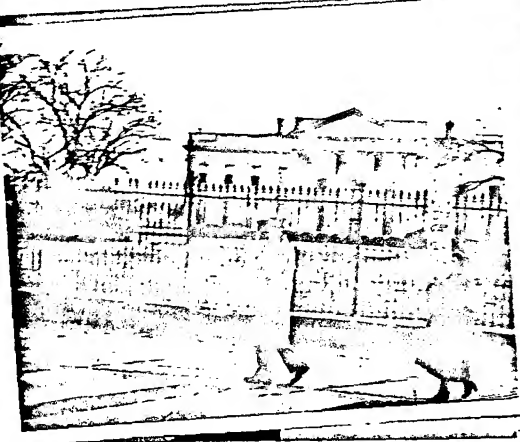
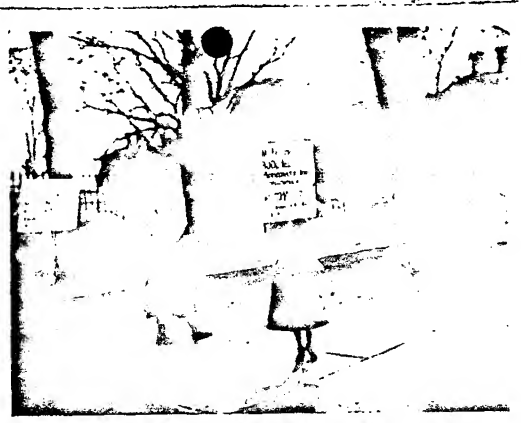


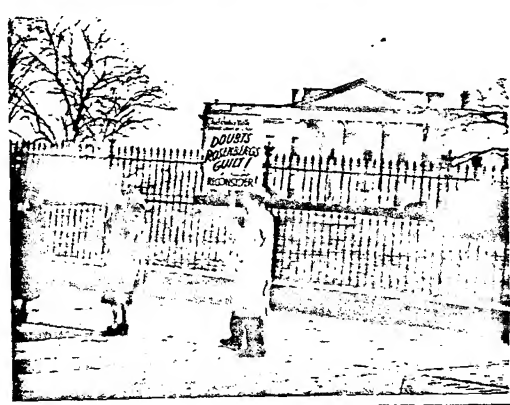
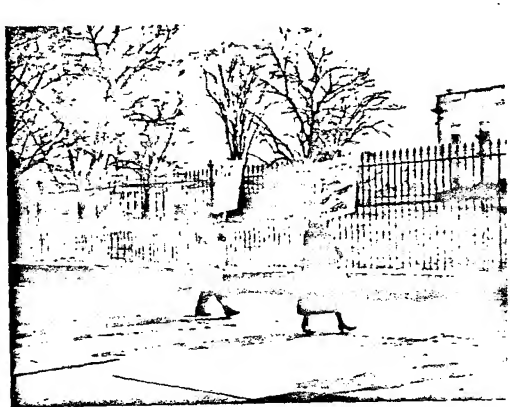
Mr. President
Sinner's Son of Utah
Confronting the
Sinner's Son of Utah
Mr. President
**REBELLIOUS
GUILT!**



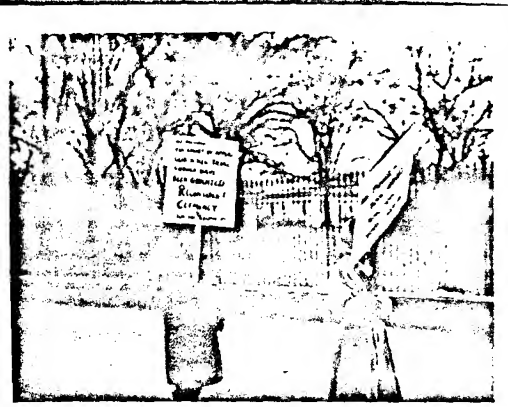
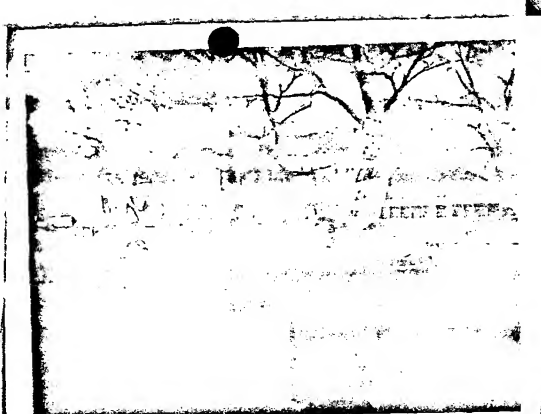


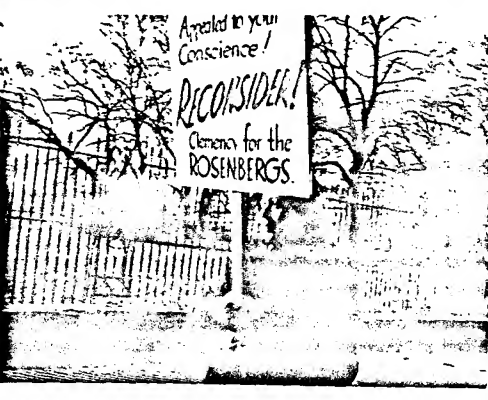
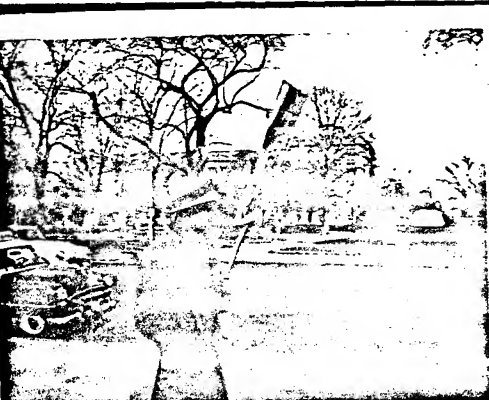


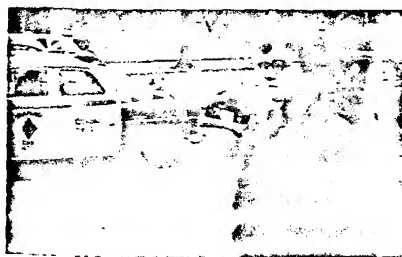
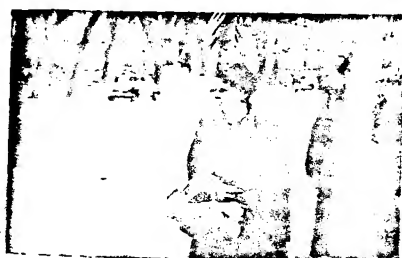
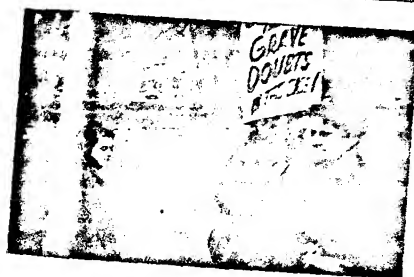
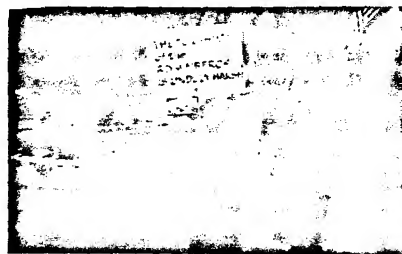
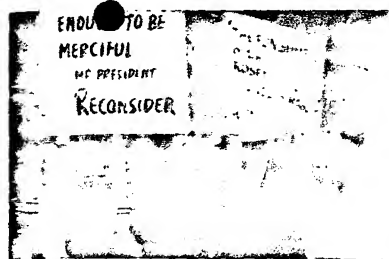
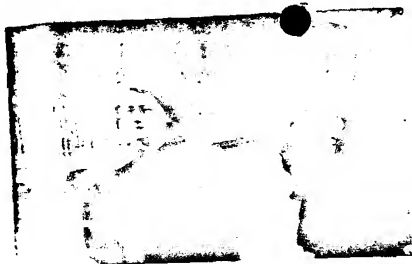


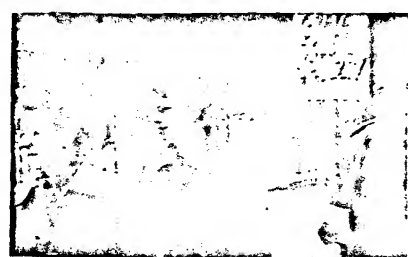
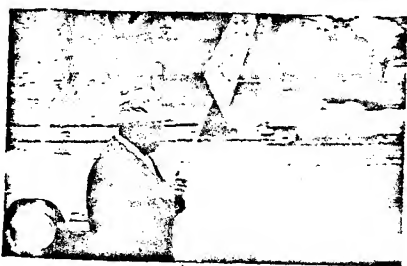
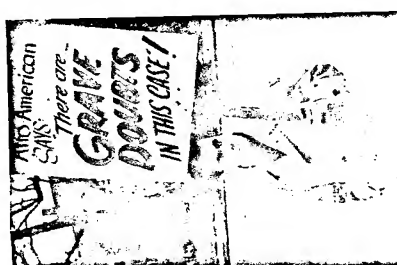
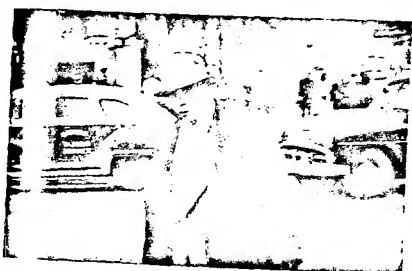
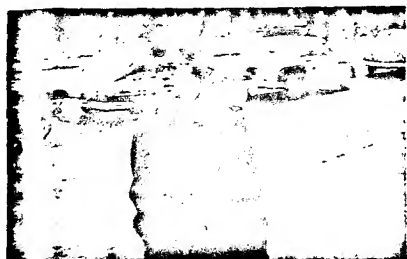
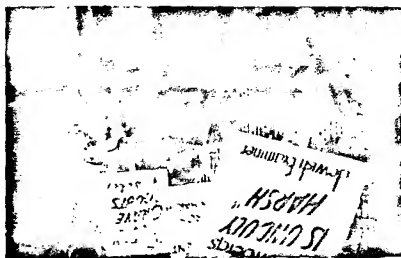
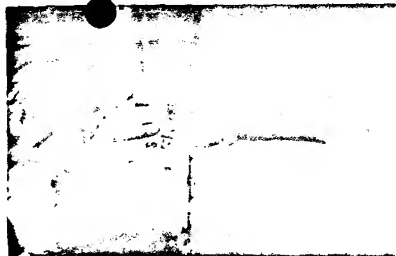
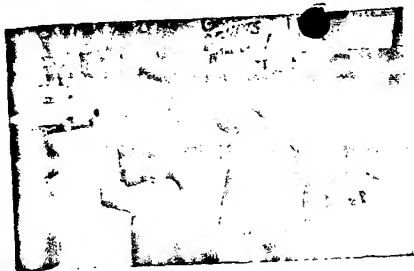


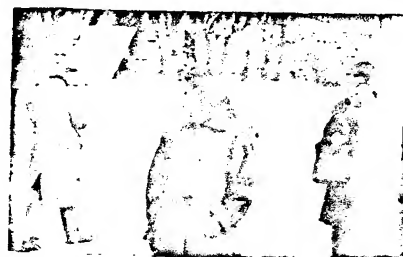
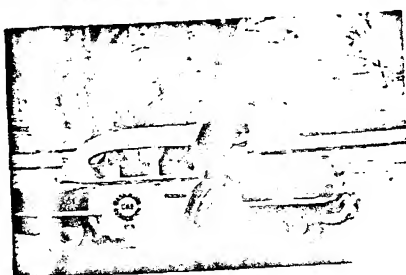
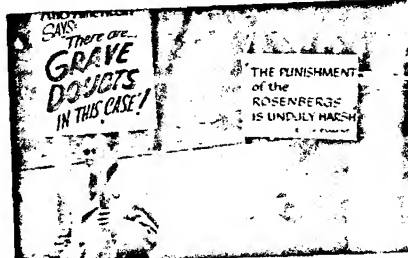
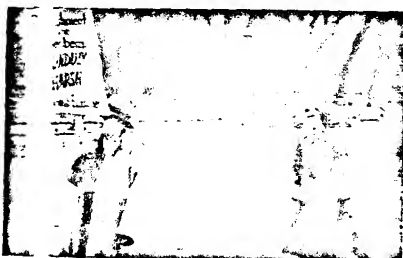
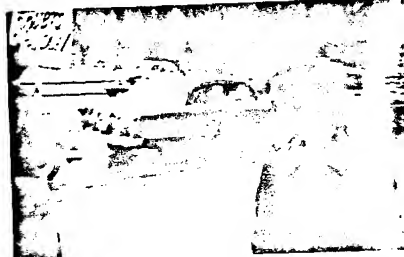
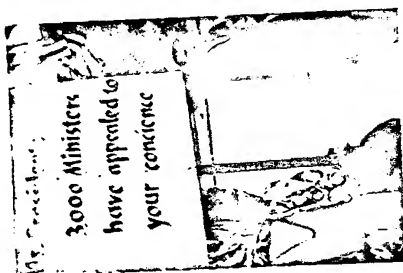
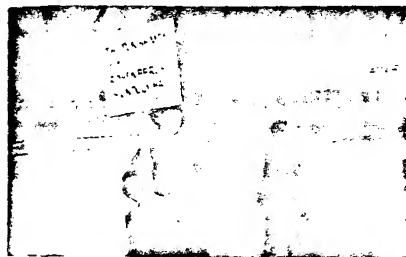
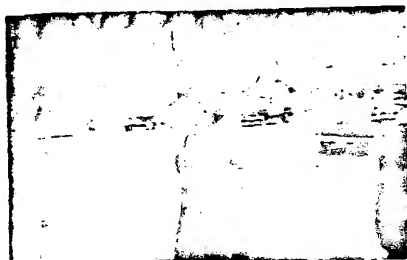
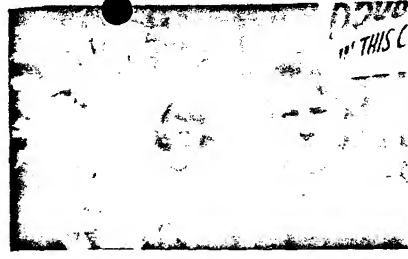
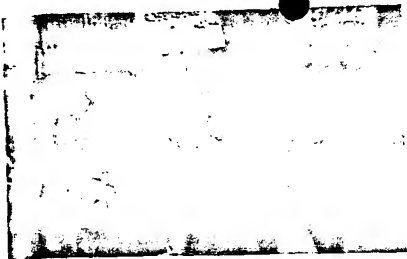












NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE
ROSENBERG CASE

246 Fifth Avenue, New York 1, N.Y.

Dear Friend:

More than a hundred prominent Americans, among them the Hon. Robert Morse Lovett, Dr. Katherine Dodd, Mrs. Bessie Mitchell, B. Z. Goldberg, Capt. Hugh N. Mulzac and others have joined with me in a world-wide appeal to bring about a reversal of the verdict and death sentence in the now-famous Rosenberg case.

I shall not repeat the information contained in the enclosed pamphlet. You will recall that its author, Mr. William Reuben, was the crusading journalist who first broke the celebrated Trenton Six Case, in which the lives of all and the freedom of four have already been won.

I wish only to call attention to what we believe to be some very alarming features of the case: the prosecution, with the judge's consent, attempted to prove that "communist" and "spy" are synonymous and deserving of death; the Rosenberg's political opinions and their activities in behalf of the Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee was introduced as evidence of "guilty intent"; the young Rosenberg couple, parents of two small children, are the first and only persons ever sentenced to death in a U.S. civil court on a charge of espionage; a number of important newspapers among them the entire leading Yiddish press, were shocked by the death sentence and have asked whether anti-Semitism has not, in this case, found its ultimate and most deadly expression.

We are alarmed because if an individual's political views are proof of "guilty intent" to commit a crime punishable by death, then the lives of none are safe. We are alarmed that traitors to the United States like Axis Sally and Tokyo Rose are sentenced to ten years while a young mother of two children is sentenced to death. We are deeply troubled that this entirely unprecedented sentence was reserved for persons of Jewish faith. We believe that we are not overstatting when we say that all minorities, native and foreign born, will find themselves in dire jeopardy as a result of this unique trial and punishment.

We who have joined together to secure justice in the Rosenberg case differ in our political, social, religious and economic views. But we are agreed that the circumstances under which Mr. and Mrs. Rosenberg, and their co-defendant Mr. Morton Sobell, were tried and sentenced establish an ominous precedent that may bring disgrace to our country, as the Dreyfus case brought shame to France.

We hope that after reading this pamphlet you will agree with us that you and your associates and the organizations and houses of worship to which you belong should take steps to repair this wrong.

We urge that you write to President Harry S. Truman, the Attorney General of the United States asking that the verdict be set aside and a new trial granted. We urge that you write to Judge Irving Kaufman, Federal Court House, New York City, asking that he reconsider his sentence.

As you may undoubtedly realize, this letter and the pamphlet have been made possible only by the voluntary contributions of thousands of persons from all parts of the country. We need additional funds for further printing, for advertisements, and for legal expenses in connection with an appeal to the higher courts. We would appreciate any contribution you might care to make.

Should you want additional copies of this pamphlet they are available at 5¢ each, 100 for \$4, 1000 for \$15. We would be happy to send you additional information, speakers where possible, and to cooperate with you in establishing local committees to publicize the Rosenberg case.

We look forward to hearing from you.

Yours very sincerely,

Joseph Brainin
JOSEPH BRAININ
Provisional Chairman

January 8, 1952

NEW YORK COMMITTEE FOR CLEMENCY FOR THE ROSENBERGS
1050 Avenue of the Americas
New York 16, New York
BRYANT 5-3694

Braving a chilling rain to voice their support for Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, more than 1,000 people gathered in Straus Square, at East Broadway and Rutgers Thursday evening at a meeting sponsored by the New York Committee for Clemency for the Rosenbergs.

Shielding themselves with umbrellas, scarves, and shawls--standing in nearby doorways, on the corners of the intersection--looking from windows of surrounding apartments, the listeners heard a distinguished array of speakers call upon President Truman to spare the lives of the father and mother now in the Sing Sing prison death house where they've been since being convicted and condemned on charges of giving atomic information to Russia during World War II. The meeting was chaired by Aaron D. Schneider, New York State Director of the Committee.

The Rabbi Dr. Meyer Shariff, told the audience that he was urging them to ask the President for clemency because I have studied long and deeply over the facts of the case, and they concern not only one human being, but four living souls: a father, a mother and two small sons. I ask you all, be you Jew or non-Jew and regardless of your beliefs to ask the President to spare their lives."

Dr. W.E.B. DuBois, noted scholar, and Negro leader told the audience "I know what it is to be accused of a crime of which I was not guilty."

Dr. DuBois said that he was speaking out for clemency for the Rosenbergs both as a Negro and as one interested in the cause of American Justice.

Speaking for Rabbi Louis B. Gross, publisher of the Jewish Examiner Albert Friedman, Managing Editor noted that the Rosenberg's sentence was "disproportionate to the others voted out on the case." He was referring to the 15 year sentence passed on David Greenglass the confessed spy who implicated his sister Mrs. Rosenberg and her husband who have stoutly maintained their innocence to this day.

Rabbi Max Felshin, Radio City Synagogue, said he had written to President Truman urging clemency. The facts of the case were given by Mrs. Emily Altmann. Cantor Jacob Kaminsky sang a prayer for the Rosenbergs. Several hundred telegrams were sent from the meeting to President Truman.

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AN EDITORIAL AND AN AD FOR CLEMENCY FOR ETHEL AND JULIUS ROSENBERG

Daily Mirror

NEW YORK 17, N. Y., MONDAY, JANUARY 12, 1953

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New York Jewish Conference
1842 BROADWAY, NYC 23

An Open Letter to President Truman on the Rosenberg Case

Nov. 22, 1952-

Dear Mr. President:

As you prepare to step down from the high office that you have filled with such selfless dedication to our beloved land, we take the liberty of urging upon you earnest consideration of the plea for clemency for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg.

It is not our province to judge the Rosenbergs innocent or guilty. As long as a judicial question was involved we refused to intervene. Only now, for the first time do we speak out—because now the issue is life or death. And only you, Mr. President, can give the answer.

The Rosenbergs have two little boys, Mr. President. Only your act of mercy can help these unfortunate children.

We well remember that Axis Sally and Tokyo Rose, traitors to our country during wartime, got 10 year sentences. That Nazi murderers of American war prisoners, of six million Jews and of countless others, have had their sentences commuted. Never before in the history of the United States was anyone ever sentenced to death by a civil court for espionage.

The eyes of the world are on us. Death to the Rosenbergs would strike a chill of horror into the hearts of our friends everywhere.

The Prophet Micah has told what the Lord requires of man: "Only to do justly, and to love mercy, and to walk humbly with thy God."

In the spirit of these words, Mr. President, we respectfully petition for clemency to the Rosenbergs.

Respectfully,

NATHAN M. PADGUG,
Chairman, Executive Com.

RABBI SHEPHERD Z. BAUM
President

JEWISH Examiner

An Independent Medium
for the Dissemination of
Jewish News and Views

RABBI LOUIS Q. GROSS, Editor; ALBERT FRIEDMAN, Managing Editor; SAUL
SHAIKEN, Circulation Manager.

Vol. XLVIII Jan. 9, 1953—22nd of TEBET, 5713 No. 2

The Dead Can't Confess!

WE'RE NOT TOO IMPRESSED with the sanctimonious argument that Ethel and Julius Rosenberg deserve the death penalty because they refuse to 'talk'. This idea advanced, surprisingly, by a Rabbi and a Protestant clergyman, among others, smacks of gangster melodrama, not justice.

It would come more naturally from the police department or from a TV writer's perverted pen ("So you won't talk, eh?") than from spiritual leaders.

We're dealing with human beings, not bushels of potatoes. Two lives are at stake and two children may be orphaned.

Those who state the Rosenbergs should be granted their lives only if they "cooperate" cannot honestly claim moral or religious sanction for such a "deal."

It seems to us that these well-meaning leaders minimize this vital question: Why were the Rosenbergs given the death penalty, although convicted of peacetime espionage for a wartime ally—while others got prison terms for the same crime?

Why does our government spare the lives of Nazi mass murderers like Gen. Eberhard Von Mackensen, who ordered 335 Italian hostages killed in Rome? Mackensen has been released from jail. So has Field Marshal Alfred Kesselring, another Nazi leader. And Franz Eirenschmalz, who helped murder Jews at Auschwitz had his death sentence reduced to a nine-year sentence. And there are many more.

Like Prof. Harold Urey, foremost atomic authority and Nobel prize winner and many others who have studied the trial record, we, who have also studied the trial record, are not convinced beyond a reasonable doubt that the Rosenbergs are guilty.

The idea that a convicted person who aids the authorities rates "consideration" may be valid up to a point—if rather crass. But it cannot morally be applied where the issue is life or death.

But even those who hold a contrary view should support the clemency appeal, if only to assure an opportunity for ultimate repentance and confession—if there IS anything to confess. And if the Rosenbergs are innocent, what is there for them to reveal?

Issued by: National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case
1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.

BYant 9-9694

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Court of Appeals Admits Rosenberg Trial *UNFAIR!*

Now the People Must Win Clemency!

On December 31st, the Court of Appeals revealed startling facts about the death sentence trial of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg. The Court agreed that statements made by the prosecutor, Irving Saypol, were "... timed by the prosecution with the purpose of prejudicing the trial. ... Such tactics cannot be too severely condemned." The Court then concluded: "If the defendants had moved for a new trial it should have been granted."

But the Court *refuses* to grant a new trial on the technicality that the request was made *too late!*

Can the American people allow two individuals to be *put to death* ... because of a legal technicality? Millions have already answered *NO!*

Great Atomic Scientist Urges Clemency

Dr. Harold Urey says: "Would it not be embarrassing in this general situation if after execution of the Rosenbergs it could be shown that the United States had executed two innocent people. ... I strongly urge a careful reconsideration of this sentence."

Save the Good Name of the American People— GRANT CLEMENCY

From England, Chaplain to Queen Elizabeth, Charles E. Raven, writes: "As one who has spent much time during the past twenty years in the United States and has a deep concern for Anglo-American friendship I cannot but deplore the death sentence upon the Rosenbergs both in itself and from its inevitable effect upon British and world opinion."

Negro Ministers Pray for Clemency

The Baptist Ministers' Conference of Washington, D.C., and vicinity stated: "... it is our prayer that these two be spared the supreme penalty."

Jewish Leaders Shocked—Ask Clemency

Rabbi Adolph Klein, Congregation Ans He Emmeth, Brooklyn: "We all feel that the sentence is shocking and unjust."

ADD YOUR NAME TO THE CLEMENCY APPEAL!

Write, Wire President Truman to Grant Clemency!

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Committee To Secure Justice In The Rosenberg Case

JOSEPH BRAININ
Chairman

DAVID ALMAN
Executive Secretary

FOR RELEASE - FRI. NOV. 7, 1953
1058 SIXTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 18, N. Y.

SUPREME COURT TO RECEIVE APPEAL OF 50,000 AMERICANS FOR JUSTICE
IN PENDING ROSENBERG DECISION.

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NEW YORK, N.Y....The names of 50,000 Americans of every race and creed, including outstanding leaders in every field, are signed to an amicus curiae brief presented today to the Supreme Court in Washington, D. C. urging a new trial be given Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, young parents facing death after a trial which left grave doubts about their guilt. Attorney for the signers was Royal W. France, a nationally prominent lawyer.

The signatories to the brief are headed by: Dr. W. E. B. DuBois, world-famed Negro historian and author; Rabbi Abraham Cronbach, leading Jewish scholar and teacher; Nelson Algren, prize-winning novelist; Brig. Gen. Henry Clay Ngwomere (Ret.).

Also: Rabbi Dr. Meyer Sharff, orthodox Jewish leader; Olin Downes, music critic of the New York Times; Reverend Amos Murphy, Boston, Massachusetts; Mrs. Mary Church Terrell, pioneer fighter for Negro and women's rights; Reverend Harry F. Ward, Professor Emeritus of Christian Theology at the Union Theological Seminary and former chairman of the American Civil Liberties Union. (Organizations listed for identification only).

Appealing the unprecedented death sentence are people from virtually every state of the union. One-third of the signatures come from outlying and rural communities, four-fifths collected outside of New York. Two thousand people rang doorbells and spoke to prospective signers for six months to amass the signatures. Scores of thousands of

those who did not sign, explaining that they feared economic reprisals, distributed material on the case, and in other ways aided in bringing the truth to the public.

In recent weeks those collecting signatures reported that literally tens of thousands had sent personal letters, telegrams and postcards to President Truman, urging clemency.

In addition to scores of doctors, lawyers, businessmen, professionals and trade unionists, the signers included these outstanding cultural, religious and civic leaders:

Rabbi Abraham Horvitz, New York; A. L. Pomerantz, former Nuremberg trials prosecutor; Reverend R. L. Tinner, San Francisco; Hugo Gollert, Anthony Toney and Robert Gwathmey, internationally-famed artists; Dashiell Hammett, best-selling mystery writer; Rabbi Moskay P. Mann, Arkansas.

Also: Reverend Mother Lona Stokes, New York; Albert Kaitz and Alvah Bessie, leading novelists and screen writers; Reverend Willard Uphaus, Connecticut; Professor John J. DeBoer, Chicago; Barbara Giles and Ben Field, novelists; Reverend Clarence D. Herriott, California; Rabbi T. A. Greenberg, Los Angeles.

Also: Dorothy Day, editor of the Catholic Worker; Dr. Gene Weltfish, Columbia University anthropologist; Reverend Charles W. Campbell, Albany, New York; Reverend E. H. Hester, Minnesota; John Gojack, United Electrical Workers Union leader; Yuri Suhl, leading Jewish poet and novelist; Lucy Brown, outstanding concert pianist.

Also: Rabbi Jacob Hoffman, New York; Mrs. Charlotte Bass, vice-presidential candidate of the Progressive Party; Reverend I. C. Collins, Newark, New Jersey; Howard Fast, world-famous novelist and recent recipient of a Jewish historical society award; Dr. Joseph B. Furst, leading psychiatric worker; John Howard Lawson, screen writer and historian; Reverend R. D. Rudd, New York; Judge Norval K. Harris, Indiana; and Clemons J. Franco, former state official of Rhode Island.

Committee To Secure Justice In The Rosenberg Case

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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE
November 8, 1952

CHURCHMAN MAGAZINE JOINS ROSENBERG CLEMENCY APPEAL.

NEW YORK MEETING NOVEMBER 13 AND NOVEMBER 19

The Rosenberg death sentences are "excessive and cruel," declares the Churchman in its latest issue, the National Committee To Secure Justice In the Rosenberg Case said today. The Churchman, a 150 year old Protestant Episcopal magazine called for clemency, saying "we believe that the execution of these two individuals will only hurt the name of the United States," and contrasts the sentences imposed on the Rosenbergs with "the far milder treatment" accorded to persons convicted of more serious crimes.

The Committee announced that final preparations are under way for two major New York meetings, one in Brooklyn at the Biltmore Hall on November 13th, and one in the Bronx at New Terrace Gardens on November 19th.

The Churchman editorial (November 1, 1952) follows:

For the first time in the history of the United States two individuals are about to be executed for treason in peace time. They are Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, now in the death house at Sing Sing, convicted of having transmitted information on atomic fission to the Soviet Union.

(continued)

The Churchman is in no position to pass judgment on the guilt or the innocence of the Rosenbergs. He are concerned, however, because of two considerations involved in their case.

First, the information which they transmitted was given not to an enemy with whom the United States was at war but to an ally in that war. The sentencing judge stated openly that they should have known at that time that they were dealing with an enemy of their country. Isn't that to re-write history?

Second, it is a fact that Dr. Raymond Boyer, convicted of a similar crime in Canada, was sentenced by a Canadian court to imprisonment for two years; that Dr. Klaus Fuchs, who confessed to transmitting atomic information to the Soviet Union, was sentenced by a British court to imprisonment for fourteen years; and that David Greenglass and Harry Gold, each of whom confessed to being a "Soviet spy" at the same time that the Rosenbergs committed their offense, were sentenced by an American court to imprisonment for fifteen and thirty years respectively. Only the Rosenbergs, who appear by any reasonable standard to have been small fry alongside such brilliant physicists as Boyer and Fuchs, received the death sentence.

Many prominent individuals, including leaders of the two largest Jewish organizations in America and the editors of the largest Jewish newspaper, have asked for some mitigation of this excessive sentence. It is legally possible for the Supreme Court to review the magnitude of the sentence, or for the sentencing judge to reduce it. As a final and last resort, there is the executive power of the President to exercise clemency.

The Churchman feels that the death sentence, in the light of the far milder treatment of more serious offenders than the Rosenbergs, is both excessive and cruel. We believe that the execution of these two individuals will only hurt the name of the United States, and strengthen their cause as martyrs upon the altars of international communism. It will certainly be exploited in many nations as an example of unequal justice, motivated by the political factors involved. Readers who feel as we do may write to Judge Irving R. Kaufman, U.S. Court House, New York, requesting that he seriously consider a reduction of sentence in the interests of justice and mercy. Unless this is done, the execution of the Rosenbergs will take place within the next three weeks.

Committee To Secure Justice In The Rosenberg Case

JOSEPH BRAININ
Chairman
DAVID ALMAN
Executive Secretary

Jan. 9, 1952
7050 SIXTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 18, N. Y.
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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

JEAN-PAUL SARTRE'S MAGAZINE URGES CLEMENCY FOR
ROSENBERGS - AS WORLD CLEMENCY PLEASE GROW

Indicative of the swelling international support for clemency for Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, *Les Temps Modernes*, edited by the noted playwright Jean Paul Sartre, carries an article in its January issue by Rene Guyonnet urging that they not be executed.

"...After reading 1715 pages of the trial...no doubt can remain: Julius and Ethel Rosenberg are innocent, it will be innocents that will be executed...if President Truman does not grant clemency."

In Canada it was learned the National Committee to Save the Rosenbergs has announced that over 600 delegates will begin day and night picketing of the U.S. embassy in Ottawa Saturday.

From Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada The Rev. Keith Woolard of the St. John's United Church of Canada "in a message declared that " the Rosenberg case in the United States has reached beyond the international boundaries of that country to tug at the hearts and conscience of ordinary people like myself.

"I would associate myself with any appeal for clemency on behalf of Mr. and Mrs. Rosenberg on the grounds that it is morally wrong to exact the supreme penalty, regardless of the so-called merits of the case."

"Moreover" continued Rev. Woolard, "prevailing war hysteria and its conscious or unconscious influence in the processes of justice should also give a nation pause in exercising the death penalty..."

And also from Vancouver, Rabbi David C. Kogen of the Congregation Beth Israel declared in a message "I believe that all thinking people are disturbed at the extreme sentence that has been handed down...It is ironical that at this time when some of the arch criminals instrumental in the genocide which took place during the past

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decade and more have been set free while the Rosenbergs are scheduled to pay the supreme penalty..."

It was also learned that in Sao Paulo, Brazil's largest industrial city every Jewish organization, religious, cultural and others are on record urging President Truman to grant clemency. The local committee has held a great meeting calling for clemency and presented the U.S. Ambassador there with 2,100 signatures of doctors, engineers, professors, and every other leading personality of that city calling for clemency.

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Committee To Secure Justice In The Rosenberg Case

JOSEPH BRAININ
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1050 SIXTH AVENUE
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January 10, 1952

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Nelson Algren
Emily Alman
Dr. Herbert Apotheker
Ivan Van Auv
Dr. Edward K. Barky
Prof. E. Berry Burgum
Alice Hill Byrne
John F. Cleave
Rev. I. C. Collins
Rabbi Abraham Cronbach
Prof. Ephraim Cross
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Joseph Friedman
John Gajak
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Norm Greenberg
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James J. J. J.
Rev. Spencer Kennard
Hon. Robert Morris Lovett
Dr. Bernard Lubke
Dr. John Marshall
John T. McManus
Mrs. Thelma Mitchell
Capt. Hugh N. Mubac
Wm. A. Reuben
Dr. John L. Simon
Leon Straus
Lois Timmins
Elizabeth Todd
Dr. Leonard Tushnet
Dr. Gene Wolfish

Dear Friend:

January 14, the day set for the execution of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, will pass and the Rosenbergs will still be alive. The stay they have been granted will last until the President takes some sort of action, and for five days thereafter. This means that the Rosenbergs can be re-sentenced to death, if Executive clemency is not granted, anytime after January 20. We are, of course, heartened by this small success. We wish to urge that you continue your efforts to obtain letters and telegrams to the President urging him to grant Executive Clemency.

Letters should likewise now also go to the Governor of your state, to Congressmen, Mayors, and other officials, urging that they intervene with the President to grant Executive Clemency.

In the past six weeks, we have obtained advertising space in newspapers reaching some five million persons. We hope within the short time left to us to reach another five million. We know that we have called upon you before for financial help. We should like to suggest, at this time, that rather than make another contribution of your own if you have made one already, that you try to arrange a house party or some other sort of function at which urgently needed funds can be raised.

Sincerely,

David Alman

DAVID ALMAN
Executive Secretary

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

1050 Sixth Avenue

New York City

Bryant 9 9694

David Alman, Executive Secretary
Joseph Brainin, Chairman

WASHINGTON HEADQUARTERS:
1867 Kalorama Road NW
Columbia 5 0302
Columbia 5 2562

PRESS RELEASE

for immediate release Jan. 5 1953

CONGRESSMAN CROSSER OF OHIO OPPOSES DEATH SENTENCE

In an interview with 15 Clevelanders, part of the National Clemency Vigil in Washington on behalf of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, Congressman Robert J. Crosser reminded his constituents of his consistent public opposition to capital punishment going back as far as 1912. During that year, Mr. Crosser sponsored an amendment to the State of Ohio Constitution opposing capital punishment. He stated today,

"I have never changed my position on capital punishment. Even if these people (the Rosenbergs) are guilty, they should not be executed."

FOR VERBATIM PUBLICATION ONLY

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

1050 Sixth Avenue

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PRESS RELEASE

for immediate release, Jan. 5, 1953

RABBI SHARFF HEADS CLEMENCY DELEGATION TO WHITE HOUSE PARDON ATTORNEY

Rabbi Dr. Meyer Sharff headed today a delegation which brought to Daniel Lyons, White House Pardon Attorney, the sentiments of thousands of persons asking that the pardon attorney, who works under the Department of Justice, convey these clemency sentiments to the President.

Reverend Nolan Mills, officially representing the Baptist Ministers' Union of San Francisco, and Joseph Brainin, chairman of the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, accompanied Rabbi Sharff on the delegation.

The delegation requested that the Department of Justice consent to an appeal for executive clemency, which will shortly be brought before the President.

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PRESS RELEASE

for immediate release, Jan. 5, 1953

PROMINENT DETROIT ATTORNEY HEADS CLEMENCY DELEGATION TO DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Mr. Isadore Starr, a prominent attorney and Jewish leader of Detroit, was spokesman for a delegation to Mr. James R. Browning, executive assistant to Attorney General McGranery. Others on the delegation were Mr. John Wexley, prominent writer, best known for the Theater Guild success "They Shall Not Die", a play about the Scottsboro Case with which Mr. Wexley was intimately connected, and Mr. William Esterman, a prominent Los Angeles attorney and officer of a California bar organization.

The delegation requested that the Department of Justice, by taking cognizance of the grave doubts of guilt shared by many Americans, consent to any motions which may be made to the courts or to the President, which would reopen the trial or, at the very least, commute the death sentence.

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Joseph Brainin, Chairman

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Columbia 5-0302

PRESS RELEASE

for immediate release, Jan. 5, 1953

NATION-WIDE CLEMENCY GATHERING OF 2500 SPENDS DAY INTERVIEWING
SENATORS AND CONGRESSMEN

2500 persons, from 22 states, including California, Washington State, Illinois, Michigan, Ohio, and New York, spent today, January 5, apprising their senators and congressmen of the tremendous sympathy for clemency for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg developed in their communities.

At a report-back meeting at 4:30 PM at the Hotel 2400, Washington, D. C., the leaders of the 100-- odd delegations reported that a substantial number of those whom they had visited were impressed by the fact that the Rosenbergs were the first Americans ever sentenced to death in peacetime or wartime on such a charge.

Indications are that within a very few days the senators and congressmen will be prepared to make their views known to the President either privately or publicly.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

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PRESS RELEASE

for immediate release Jan 5, 1953

CLEMENCY VIGIL AT WHITE HOUSE GROWS TO 1500 IN ITS 240th
CONSECUTIVE HOUR

The White House Clemency Vigil on behalf of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, which began on December 27th, went into its 240th hour today with over 1500 persons participating during the early afternoon hours.

The Clemency Vigil, which until today had been kept to half a dozen persons on an around-the-clock basis, was opened to permit the participation of thousands of persons who had traveled from points as far west as Los Angeles and Portland.

Ministers, labor leaders, and professional men and women of all faiths and creeds were on the Vigil at one time or another.

The Clemency Vigil is scheduled to continue through the week of January 12.

for immediate release Jan 5, 1953

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THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
1050 Sixth Avenue New York City BRyant 9 9694
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Joseph Brainin, Chairman

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PRESS RELEASE

for immediate release Jan. 8 1953

WHITE HOUSE CLEMENCY VIGIL FOR THE ROSENBERGS IN 288th CONSECUTIVE
HOUR

Washington DC -- The round-the clock Clemency Vigil for Julius and Ethel Rosenberg reaches its 288th consecutive hour at 4 pm today, January 8th, 1953. Since December 27th, 1952, clemency-seekers have constantly paraded the White House, carrying signs indicating their desire that the lives of the young Rosenberg parents be spared by the exercise of President Truman's power of executive clemency.

The signs, in addition to simple pleas for clemency, include clemency statements from Dr. Harold C. Urey, scientist; Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver; Dr. Bernard Loomer of the Divinity School, University of Chicago; Dr. Rudolf Carnap, Institute for Advanced Study, Princeton, N.J.; Prof. Stephen Love, Professor of Law at Northwestern University; Rev. John Paul Jones of New York; Dorothy Thompson and Max Lerner.

The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case said that the unbroken Clemency Vigil will continue, as will delegations visiting congressmen to ask that they urge the President to commute the Rosenbergs' death sentence.

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THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
1050 Sixth Avenue New York City Bryant 9 9694

David Alman, Executive Secretary
Joseph Brainin, Chairman

Washington Headquarters:
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PRESS RELEASE

for immediate release Jan. 8 1953

Washington DC -- Mary Church Terrell, 89-year-old Negro leader known throughout the world as educator, lecturer, linguist and fighter against injustice, today wrote President Harry S. Truman, urging that he extend executive clemency to Ethel and Julius Rosenberg.

The noted leader said, in part, "I do not know whether they are guilty or not. I am not an expert on atomic science, but I do know that many persons whose knowledge and devotion to this country I respect deeply do believe there is some doubt about their guilt. Many more devoted Americans think that even if they are guilty, death in the electric chair is a punishment too severe ... I plead with you, Mr. President, to stay the executioner and let the Rosenbergs live."

Mrs. Terrell was, in 1895, one of the first two women and the first Negro woman ever to be appointed to the District of Columbia School Board. She assisted in the organization of the National Association of Colored Women, served many years as its first president and was voted a life honorary chairmanship. She also helped organize and became a charter member of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People in 1909, and her many awards include one from the Washington Chapter of the Americans for Democratic Action for her outstanding work against segregation and discrimination. In recent years, she has enlisted co-workers of all races and creeds in the fight to end segregation in the District of Columbia.

page two

The text of Mrs. Terrell's letter to the President follows:

Dear Mr. President:

I appeal to you with all the strength that my deep devotion to my America gives me - please save the lives of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg.

I do not know whether they are guilty or not. I am not an expert on atomic science, but I do know that many persons whose knowledge and devotion to this country I respect deeply do believe there is some doubt about their guilt. Many more devoted Americans think that even if they are guilty, death in the electric chair is a punishment too severe. As you know, this is the first time in the history of our country that such a sentence has been imposed in such a case.

Mr. President, I have had a life rich in opportunities and rewards. I have seen many injustices doen in my time. I know America can outlive injustices.

But I have seen my country grow in strength and reach out toward true brotherhood. I have seen it rise in the esteem of millions of my people and other peoples throughout the world.

I believe the United States of America is too big, too generous to be unmerciful. I believe America is strong enough to afford generosity.

But I know no nation is big enough or strong enough to become spiteful and unmerciful. What, Mr. President, if future developments make it clear that the Rosenbergs are not guilty? What if that discovery comes too late?

As one who has lived richly in America, who loves America and respects America, I plead with you, Mr. President, to stay the executioner and let the Rosenbergs live.

Earnestly yours,

Mary Church Terrell

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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

January 8, 1953

NATION AND JEWISH FRONTIER BACK CLEMENCY FOR ROSENBERGS

The Nation and Jewish Frontier, two influential national magazines have editorially supported clemency for Julius and Ethel Rosenberg in their current issues. Dr. Bernard Loomis, Dean of the Divinity School of the University of Chicago also urged clemency.

In a full page article Freda Kirchwey, the Nation's editor and publisher declares that "what remains important as the day of execution approaches are the deeper considerations of humanity and mercy and an honest weighing of the Rosenbergs' offense against the irreparable punishment they face. It is not necessary to challenge their guilt; it is essential to ask whether the crime they committed, in the circumstances under which they committed it, justifies death."

Miss Kirchwey goes on to analyze the case and the government's charges that the Rosenbergs gave atomic information to Russia during World War II and concludes, "but it was not treason, and it was ^{not} spying in behalf of an enemy country--however hard it is to keep that in mind in the atmosphere of cold war."

The Nation's editor points out that during the ^{last war} German saboteurs who slipped into the country and "they were also tried and sentenced to death. But they were not executed while the war lasted, and when it had ended and the problem of dealing with them arose, their sentence was commuted and they were sent to federal prison. The complete story of the German spies would provide excellent precedent for reducing, not confirming, the sentence against the Rosenbergs."

Miss Kirchwey notes the petitions for clemency of such "sober-minded citizens as the Rev. Donald B. Cloward, Baptist leader of Truman's church; Professor H. Richard Niebuhr of the Yale Divinity School; Dr. Harold Urey, atomic scientist and Nobel prize winner; Dr. Abba Hillel Silver, and several hundred more have strong urged the moral duty of exercising clemency in this case." She notes that the latest petition while "conceding the fairness of the trial urges commutation as a striking demonstration that the spirit and behavior of a democratic people can be...objective, restrained, and humane."

"We recommend these words to President Truman in the firm belief that no final act would better prove his courage and independence than the granting of clemency to these two convicted spies."

The Jewish Frontier, a spokesman of the Labor Zionist movement edited by Hayim Greenberg and Marie Syrkin declared "we join those who sincerely petition the President to exercise his right of executive clemency in this case." The Frontier asserts its belief that the Rosenbergs are "guilty" but declares that "the request for executive clemency implies going outside the law, acting lifnim meshurat hadin, in accordance with considerations that transcend the law..." The other consideration cited by the Frontier "concerns political ethics" and the editorial urges clemency because "this country should set an example of level headedness."

Dr. Loomis declared he was supporting the clemency appeal "not only because the sentence is out of proportion to the crime committed but also because the effect of this sentence in our present cultural crisis is more destructive than the crime of which the Rosenbergs have been accused."

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

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Joseph Brainin, Chairman

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Columbia 6-0302

PRESS RELEASE

for immediate release Jan. 11, 1953

Washington DC--

Reverend Harold Williamson of New York City led over one hundred men and women in a prayer vigil for Clemency for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg outside the White House today. As the assembled persons stood in silence, Rev. Williamson declared, "We have come from many cities to ask that our President end his term of office with a courageous act of justice. We appeal to the Almighty to move the hearts of those in high places to grant Clemency to Ethel and Julius Rosenberg".

Following the short service, the 24 hour vigil resumed with representatives from Chicago, New York, Cleveland, Washington and several other cities present.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

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PRESS RELEASE

for immediate release January 12
1953

Washington DC --

The White House Vigil seeking executive clemency for Julius and Ethel Rosenberg enters its 384th consecutive hour at 4 pm today. Unprecedented in its duration, the Vigil has been unbroken since December 27th, notwithstanding some of the worst snow and rainstorms this city has known.

Swelled by the participation of Negro and white lawyers, ministers, students, housewives and trade unionists, the Vigil has represented citizens of 25 states, including California, Minnesota, Vermont, Michigan, Washington, Illinois, Wisconsin and Ohio, attracting nationwide radio, television, movie and press attention.

The National Committee to Secure Clemency in the Rosenberg Case announced today that the Vigil will continue. Originally conceived as an around-the-clock watch involving four or five persons at a time, the number of participants has steadily increased, reaching 1800 at one point early this week, and never going below 40 during the past week-end.

National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case
1050 Avenue of the Americas
New York 18, New York
BRyant 9-9694

January 13, 1953

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

WORLD SENTIMENT FOR CLEMENCY FOR ROSENBERGS SPREADS

From Rome the report comes that "non-Communist sidewalk sentiment..." favors President Truman granting clemency to Julius and Ethel Rosenberg according to George Weller, correspondent for the Chicago Daily News Foreign Service.

"An act of mercy to save the Rosenberg couple from the electric chair might be poor law in the United States but it would be very smart politics for America in the eyes of the world," declares Weller in the January 9 issue of the News. That is the conclusion one reaches from talking to non-Communists of different nationalities in an international city."

Clemency would also be "the smart thing for Truman or Eisenhower to do..." declares the correspondent.

Meanwhile from Iceland the following noted citizens have joined in the worldwide appeal to the President of the United States to grant clemency to the Rosenbergs. Among them are Halldor Luxness, writer; Christinn Andresson, writer; Thora Vigfusdottir, writer; Einar Oleirsson, Member of Parliament and Chairman of the Socialist Unity Party; Brynjolfur Bjarnason, Aki Jakobsson, MP.; Attorney Jonas Arnason, MP; Asmundur Sigurdsson, MP; Siggurdur Gudnason, MP; Ingmus Kjartansson, MP at large; Sigurdur Gudmundsson; Bjarnason Olefsson and Sigurjonsson Vigfusson, City Councillors and both editors of the Thjodviljinn Socialist Daily; Eggert Thorbjarnarson, director and Jon Rafnsson, editor of the Labor Monthly Bjorn, and the entire staff of the Socialist Daily.

In Vancouver, a delegation consisting of Rev. A. Hodgkins, Attorney H. Rankin, Mrs. G. Snider and Mrs. A. Ruskin submitted a statement to the U.S. Consul-General which was signed by a large group of prominent ministers and other citizens.

"We, a group of Vancouver citizens", the statement declared, "urge you to communicate to your President our plea for clemency in the case of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg. The harshness of their sentence is unprecedented in English speaking countries and stands in marked contrast to the comparatively light prison sentences imposed upon self confessed spies and traitors."

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NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
1050 Avenue of the Americas
New York 18, New York
BRyant 9-9694

January 13, 1953

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

MORE EDITORIAL SUPPORT FOR ROSENBERGS' CLEMENCY

The Reconstructionist, organ of the Jewish Reconstructionist Foundation and the Jewish Examiner have called upon President Truman to grant clemency to Julius and Ethel Rosenberg.

In its January 9 issue the Reconstructionist declares "on grounds of humanity, the right to impose a death sentence for any crime is questioned by many ethical thinkers. And admitting the guilt of the Rosenbergs it is hard to see wherein their moral culpability exceeded that of others involved in the espionage to a degree that would warrant the death sentence."

The Reconstructionist disagrees with many areas of thought that have defended the Rosenbergs for various reasons but concludes "true they did not cooperate with the Government but are we prepared to say that such non-cooperation should spell the difference between life and death. Would it not be wiser to permit mercy to temper justice?"

The Examiner says "we're not too impressed with the sanctimonious argument that Ethel and Julius Rosenberg deserve the death penalty because they refused to 'talk'. This idea advanced, surprisingly by a Rabbi and a Protestant clergyman, among others, smacks of gangster melodrama, not justice..."

"It seems to us that these well-meaning leaders minimize this vital question: Why were the Rosenbergs given the death penalty although convicted of peacetime espionage for a wartime ally - while others got prison terms for the same crime?"

The Examiner cites the stand of Nobel prize Winner, Prof. Harold C. Urey "and many other who have studied the trial record..." and concludes, "we, who have studied the trial record are not convinced beyond a reasonable doubt that the Rosenbergs are guilty."

"But even those who hold a contrary view" declares the Examiner, "should support the clemency appeal, if only to assure an opportunity for ultimate repentance and confession - if there IS anything to confess. And if the Rosenbergs are innocent, what is there for them to conceal?"

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National Labor Committee to Secure Clemency for the Rosenbergs
1050 Avenue of the Americas
New York 18, New York
BRyant 9-9694

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

January 13, 1953

MORE UNIONS CALL FOR ROSENBERGS' CLEMENCY

The National Labor Committee for Clemency for the Rosenbergs announced yesterday that four large union locals have joined the growing list of unionists urging President Truman to grant clemency to Julius and Ethel Rosenberg. The four are the 20,000 member Chevrolet Local 659, CIO United Auto Workers, Flint, Michigan; Local 735, Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers, Cleveland, Ohio; Local 23-75 CIO International Woodworkers, Sedro-Woolley, Washington; and Local 981, AFL Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators and Paper Hangers, Anacortes, Washington.

These have joined in the pleas for clemency already put before President Truman by Ford Local 600, UAW-CIO; Northwest Local 163, UAW-CIO; Local 140, CIO United Furniture Workers; Furriers Joint Council; Fur Dressers and Dyers Joint Board; Local 1, AFL Jewelry Workers; Local 981 AFL Bakery and Confectionery Workers; Locals 6 and 26, International Longshoremen and Warehousemen's Union; Local 107, AFL Paper Bag Workers; Local 905 AFL Painters, Local 66, CIO Shoe Workers, New York Branch Marine Cooks and Stewards; and Local 576, Furniture Workers.

The Labor Committee also announced that over 100 union leaders have signed the following appeal to President Truman urging him to grant clemency:

"The imposition of the death sentence for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg has shocked the public opinion throughout the world, because of its unwarranted and unprecedented severity.

"Since the courts have failed to act, it is now solely within your power to exercise executive clemency to prevent the execution of the Rosenbergs on January 12, 1953.

"May I urge that such an act on your part would be greeted throughout the world by the Jewish people, and by all people, who will see in that generous act a sign of humanity and decency.

Among the signers are those on the attached sheet.

U U U U U U U

Labor Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case
1050 Sixth Avenue, NY C 18, N. Y.
BRyant 9-9694

Partial List of Local Union officers who have signed the enclosed statement:

Abe Wilder, President, Local 1946 - United Mine Workers of America;
Balkan, Kentucky

Thomas Hart, Financial Secretary, Local 7 - International Molders
Union, A.F.L.; Jersey City, N.J.

Cleophas T. Jacobs, President-Delegate, Local 968 - International
Longshoremen's Assn., A.F.L.; Brooklyn, N. Y.

Max Tauber, Local 1175, Sign Painters Union, A.F.L.; Miami, Florida

Giles C. Evans, Business Agent, Local 23-75 - Int. Woodworkers of
America - C.I.O.; Sedro-Woolley,
Washington

Oscar Sturm, Secretary, Painters Union; A.F.L.; Stounton, Illinois

Philip Seba, Organizer, United Electrical Workers; Philadelphia, Pa.

Emanuel J. Fried, International Representative, United Electrical
Workers; Buffalo, N. Y.

Murray Brown, Asst. Manager, N. Y. Furriers Joint Board; N. Y. C.

Andrew Nelson, President, Local 207, Int. Longshoremen & Warehousemen
Union; New Orleans, La.

Richard Bishop, Patrolman, National Union, Marine Cooks & Stewards;
N. Y. C.

Frank Dutto, President, Local 1; Bakery Workers, A. F. L.; N. Y. C.

Jack Friedman, Joint Council Member, Council #15 - United Shoe
Workers, C.I.O.; Brooklyn, N. Y.

Alex Sirota, Business Manager, Local 140, United Furniture Workers,
C.I.O., N. Y. C.

Glenn K. Peters, Treasurer, Local 200, United Public Workers;
Union City, N. J.

Leo D. Shaffer, President, Northwest Local 163; United Auto Workers,
C.I.O.; Detroit, Michigan

Sam Winn, Business Agent, Local 490; Painters Union, A.F.L.; N.Y.C.

William D. Fraine, Committeeman, Progressive Miners of America;
Gillespie, Illinois

George J. Giannovis, Secretary, Local 845; Int. Brotherhood of
Painters, A.F.L.; Lansing, Mich.

Frank Gerber, Secty-Treasurer, Local 23-46; Int. Woodworkers, C.I.O.
Bellingham, Washington

PAGE TWO

Al Caplan, President, Local 26; Int. Longshoremen's & Warehousemen's Union, Los Angeles, Cal.
 Robert Whiley, Secretary, Local 49; United Packinghouse Workers, C.I.O.; N.Y.C.
 Andrew Beredu, President, Local 11, International Jewelry Workers Union, A.F.L.; N.Y.C.
 Mary Helen Jones, Executive Board, United Electrical Workers; Local 1412; Oakland, Cal.
 William L. Graham, I.W.A., C.I.O. Alternate Delegate, Oregon Board Conference; Spokane, Washington
 John D. Lasso, Business Agent, Local 523; Glass Bevelers Union; A.F.L. N.Y.C.
 Stephen Kravath, Chairman, Local 54; United Shoe workers, C.I.O.; Clifton, New Jersey
 Stephan Taylor, Exec. Board Member, Local 79; International Assn. of Machinists, Seattle, Wash.
 Vincent Castiglione, Business Agent, Local 27; Leatherworkers Union; Newark, New Jersey
 Rose Russell, Legislative Director, Local; Teachers Union; N. Y. C.
 Don W. Harris, President, District Council #8; United Electrical Workers; Rock Island, Illinois
 Nachio Oitego, Financial Secretary, International Union; Mine, Mill & Smelter Workers, Bingham Canyon, Utah
 Clarence H. Carr, President, District 3; International Fur & Leather Workers, Gloversville, N. Y.
 Milton B. Goldman, Division Director, Local 1199; Retail Drug Employees Union, N. Y. C.
 Rubin Marcus, Business Manager, Local 107; Paper Bag Workers Union; A. F. L.; N. Y. C.
 Raymond E. Graham, Chairman, Local 16, Int. Mine, Mill & Smelter Workers, Great Falls, Montana
 John T. Bernard, Leg. Representative, United Electrical Workers, Chicago, Illinois
 Ernest De Laio, President District 11; United Electrical Workers; Chicago, Illinois
 Penn Vandervoort, Editor, The Labor Herald, C.I.O. Newspaper Guild; Los Angeles, California
 Leon Straus, Ex. Secty, Fur Dressers & Dyers; Joint Board, I.F.L.W.U.; N. Y. C.
 Leon Sverdlow, Business Representative, Local 1; Int. Jewelry Workers Union, A.F.L.; N.Y.C.
 Benny Sher, Business Representative, Local 1; Int. Jewelry Workers Union, A.F.L.; N.Y.C.

(Union listed for purpose of identification only.)

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
1050 Avenue of the Americas
New York 18, New York
BRyant 9-9694

January 14, 1953

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

"We will never stop marching" was the spoken sentiment of a woman marching in the 24 hour vigil at Delancy and Norfolk streets, to win clemency for Julius and Ethel Rosenberg. She showed the feelings of all those who have joined the line since it began at 8 P.M., Friday, January 9th.

The vigil -- just one of many that have begun as the appeal to President Truman to save the Rosenbergs from death in Sing Sing grows -- is being sponsored by the Manhattan Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case.

It began in the chilling rain Friday night with about 50 people. And since then more than 1,500 have marched and distributed more than 40,000 leaflets urging people to wire or write President Truman to grant clemency to the Rosenbergs.

Merchants in the neighborhood have donated coffee and cake to warm the marchers in the late hours of the night and the small hours of the morning. And at no time have the vigil-keepers failed to spur interest and concerned comment among the thousands of passerby in this well travelled thorough-fare in the midst of the multi-racial East-side community.

The committee will sponsor a mass vigil and rally Saturday night, January 17th, at the same location at which time many prominent leaders from the community and from the city will add their voices to the growing appeals that the President grant clemency to the Rosenbergs.

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1050 Sixth Avenue New York City BRyant 9694

David Alman, Executive Secretary
Joseph Brainin, Chairman

WASHINGTON HEADQUARTERS
1867 Kalorama Road NW
Columbia 5 0302

PRESS RELEASE

for immediate release Jan. 15 1953

URGE CLEMENCY MESSAGES TO PRESIDENT-ELECT EISENHOWER IF PRESIDENT
TRUMAN FAILS TO ACT FAVORABLY

WHITE HOUSE VIGIL CLOSES

Washington DC -- On the night of January 14th, Ethel and Julius Rosenberg might have been electrocuted, with incalculable injury to our country's traditions of fairness and mercy. This irrevocable tragedy has been averted, momentarily, by a stay of execution for which millions of Americans prayed and worked tirelessly.

The Clemency Vigil which began at the White House on Saturday, December 27, 1952 - when it appeared possible that the Rosenbergs might be executed during the week of January 12th - will close at noon on Saturday, January 17th, after being conducted for more than 500 consecutive hours. It was participated in by lay and religious leaders of 22 states, and on January 5th was joined in by 1500 persons.

We urge the many thousands who took part in the Clemency Vigil to return to their communities, inspired by their experiences at the Vigil and by their discussions with Senators, Congressmen and other government officials, to continue those efforts and actions which have already moved millions of Americans to seek clemency for the Rosenbergs.

The clemency decision may be made by President Truman or President-elect Eisenhower. The work and activities of those seeking clemency remains the same: to multiply by many times the great number of Americans who have already written to the President, or who have in other ways signified their desire that executive clemency be granted. We are hopeful that the President will be moved by the unmistakable, nation-wide sentiment for clemency.

#

Committee To Secure Justice In The Rosenberg Case

JOSEPH BRAININ
Chairman
DAVID ALMAN
Executive Secretary

1050 SIXTH AVENUE
January 16, 1952 NEW YORK 18, N. Y.
BRyant 9-9694

for immediate release

SPONSORS (Partial List)

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Dr. John L. Simon
Leon Straus
Lois Timmins
Elizabeth Todd
Dr. Leonard Tushnet
Dr. Gene Walfish

Another Clemency and Prayer Gathering in behalf of clemency for Julius and Ethel Rosenberg will be held in Washington, D.C. January 26, 1953 it was announced today by the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case.

On January 5, more than 3,000 delegates from throughout the nation went to Washington, D.C. carrying appeals from their communities, churches, synagogues and organizations urging the President to grant clemency to the Rosenbergs. The Rosenbergs had been scheduled to die on January 14.

A formal plea for Presidential clemency was made, and Federal Judge Kaufman stayed the execution.

In announcing the January 26 gathering, David Alman, Committee executive secretary declared, "the overwhelming response throughout the nation to the last national gathering for the Rosenbergs indicated that ever increasing numbers of Americans feel the Rosenbergs should not die. Since then many scores of thousands more have added their voices to the urgent appeal that Presidential clemency be granted the Rosenbergs."

As before the delegates will seek the support of Congressmen, Senators, other government leaders, and religious and labor organization leaders whose headquarters are in Washington.

Should presidential action come before the inauguration of the new administration, it was likely that the gathering will be canceled, Alman declared.

January 16, 1953

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

U.S. AND FOREIGN UNIONS JOIN ROSENBERG CLEMENCY APPEAL

The Labor Committee to Secure Clemency for the Rosenbergs announced today that it has received a copy of a letter from Cleveland, Local 735 of the Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers to President Truman urging that he grant clemency to Julius and Ethel Rosenberg.

"It is our position that the death sentences meted out to these two workers was unusually severe in view of the fact that the United States government is permitting the release, almost daily, of Nazi war criminals who were responsible for the mass murder of tens of thousands of people," the letter stated. "Many of these Nazis who were condemned to death have had their sentences commuted to that part of the sentence already served. We therefore feel that you should grant executive clemency to Julius and Ethel Rosenberg who were convicted upon extremely questionable testimony."

In New York City, the Teachers Union unanimously passed a resolution at its last membership meeting requested President Truman to grant the Rosenbergs clemency. Many individuals telegrams were sent from the meeting.

The committee also received a copy of a wife from the Seattle Branch of the National Union of Marine Cooks and Stewards associating themselves with the recent plea of the famed physicist Harold C. Urey and with the "Churchman", Protestant Episcopalian organ, which called the death sentence on the Rosenbergs "excessive and cruel."

"At this critical hour" declared the Seattle unionists "we call upon you to uphold our cherished American traditions of democracy and justice to all by granting clemency to the Rosenbergs."

The Committee also released the partial text of a letter from Maurice E. Travis, secretary-treasurer of the international union of the Mine, Mine and Smelter Workers (union listed for identification only) to President Truman.

"Allow me to urge you to extend executive clemency to Ethel and Julius Rosenberg so that their lives may be saved," Travis wrote. "I am sure your knowledge of the case indicates that this is the harshest sentence ever imposed on anybody in this country under similar circumstances. In the minds of a great many Americans there is serious doubt as to the guilt of the Rosenbergs... You as a leader of the American people and the Party you represent would be strengthened in the regard of your people by extending mercy in this case."

Meanwhile on the international labor front, it was learned that in England, Peter Freeman, Labor M.P. from Newport added his name to a petition asking President Truman to grant clemency to the Rosenbergs. The London Trades Council has joined the appeal as have the Hounslow Trades Council and 13 executive members of the Amalgamated Union of Foundry Workers of Great Britain and Ireland.

It was further learned that in Ireland the Belfast Trades Council has called President Truman urging that he commute the Rosenbergs' sentence.

#####

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

1050 Sixth Avenue

New York City

BRYant 9 9694

David Alman, Executive Secretary
Joseph Brainin, Chairman

WASHINGTON COMMITTEE:
1867 Kalorama Road NW
Columbia 5 0302

PRESS RELEASE

for immediate release Jan. 17, 1953

Washington DC -- After over 500 consecutive hours, the White House Clemency Vigil for Julius and Ethel Rosenberg closed at noon today, January 17th. As hundreds of passersby watched and listened, the Vigil participants from many cities solemnly heard the Rev. H.S. Williamson deliver the 23rd Psalm and plead for life for the Rosenbergs

"Have mercy upon these two people for whom this Vigil has been kept so long - have mercy on the children who stand in the shadow of bereavement should they lose their parents," Rev. Williamson prayed. "Put into the hearts of those in high places to extend mercy to Thy children, O God, and grant them clemency in Thy name."

The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case stated that the Vigil - which was swelled by the participation of 3000 persons from 22 states during the three weeks of its day-and-night duration - had closed because its purpose had been accomplished: the execution of the Rosenbergs, scheduled for the week of January 12th, did not take place. The Rosenberg clemency appeal is still pending and the court has granted a temporary stay of execution.

The Committee further stated that the Clemency Vigil, which has been unbroken since it began on December 27, 1952, closed out of respect for the new President and the festivities which would accompany the inaugural ceremonies.

The Committee urged all Americans to continue their messages urging executive clemency to the President as a means of expressing the overwhelming clemency sentiment pervading the nation.

#

FILE DESCRIPTION

NEW YORK FILE

SUBJECT ROSENBERG /
SOBELL COMMITTEE

FILE NO. 100-107111

VOLUME NO. 1B

SERIALS 2

THRU

346

JULIUS ROSENBERG, et al.
NEW YORK BULKY EXHIBIT FILES

Exhibit Number	Description	Released	Denied	Withheld
221	PRESS RELEASE	FRONT ✓	REVERSE 5.01 b7d	
222	PRESS RELEASE	✓		
223	PRESS RELEASE	✓		
224	PRESS RELEASE	✓		
225	PRESS RELEASE	✓		
226	PRESS RELEASE	✓		
227	PRESS RELEASE	✓		
228	PRESS RELEASE	✓		
229	PRESS RELEASE	✓		
230	PRESS RELEASE	✓		
231	LETTER	✓		
232	DESTROYED			
233	DESTROYED			
234	LEAFLET	✓		
235	REPRINT	✓		
236	REPRINT	✓		
237	DESTROYED			
238	DESTROYED			
239	DESTROYED			
240	LEAFLET	✓		
241	REPRINT	✓		
242	TRANSFERRED TO ANOTHER FILE			

JULIUS ROSENBERG, et al.
NEW YORK BULKY EXHIBIT FILES

Exhibit Number	Description	Released	Denied	Withheld
243	DESTROYED			
244	REPRINT	✓		
245	LETTER	✓		
246	TRANSFERRED TO ANOTHER FILE			
247	DESTROYED			
248	BULLETIN	✓		
249	ANNOUNCEMENT	✓		
250	BULLETIN	✓		
251	LETTER	✓		
252	LETTER	✓		
253	LEAFLET	✓		
254	DESTROYED			
255	DESTROYED			
256	THROWAWAY	✓		
257	EXEMPT MATERIAL		b7d	
258	DESTROYED			
259	DESTROYED			
260	TRANSFERRED			
261	TRANSFERRED			
262	TRANSFERRED			
263	TRANSFERRED			
264	BOOKLET			PUBLIC SOURCE ✓

JULIUS ROSENBERG, et al.

NEW YORK BULKY EXHIBIT FILES

Exhibit Number	Description	Released	Denied	Withheld
265	DESTROYED			
266	DESTROYED			
267	ORDIE Form	✓		
268	DESTROYED			
269	Letter	✓		
270	TRANSFERRED			
271	TRANSFERRED			
272	TRANSFERRED			
273	TRANSFERRED			
274	TRANSFERRED			
275	TRANSFERRED			
276	Letter	✓		
277	Letter	✓		
278	TRANSFERRED			
279	LEAFLET	✓		
280	DESTROYED			
281	Letter AND ENVELOPE	✓		
282	Press Release	✓		
283	Press Release	✓		
284	Press Release	✓		
285	Press Release	✓		
286	Press Release	✓		

JULIUS ROSENBERG, et al.
NEW YORK BULKY EXHIBIT FILES

Exhibit Number	Description	Released	Denied	Withheld
287	PRESS RELEASE	✓		
288	PRESS RELEASE	✓		
289	PRESS RELEASE	✓		
290	DESTROYED			
291	LEAFLET	✓		
292	THROWAWAY	✓		
293	MISSING			
294	DESTROYED			
295	MISSING			
296	WORK PAPERS	✓		
297	THROWAWAY	✓		
298	MISSING			
299	DESTROYED			
300	DESTROYED			
301	PAMPHLET	✓		
302	LETTER	✓		
303	LETTER	✓		
304	LETTER	✓		
305	CIRCULAR	✓		
306	PRESS RELEASE	✓		
307	PRESS RELEASE	✓		
308	PRESS RELEASE	✓		

JULIUS ROSENBERG, et al.
NEW YORK BULKY EXHIBIT FILES

Exhibit Number	Description	Released	Denied	Withheld
309	PRESS RELEASE	✓		
310	PRESS RELEASE	✓		
311	PRESS RELEASE	✓		
312	PRESS RELEASE	✓		
313	PRESS RELEASE	✓		
314	PRESS RELEASE	✓		
315	PRESS RELEASE	✓		
316	PRESS RELEASE	✓		
317	PRESS RELEASE	✓		
318	LETTER	✓		
319	DESTROYED			
320	DESTROYED			
321	HANDOUT	✓		
322	THROWAWAY	✓		
323	LITERATURE	✓		
324	DESTROYED			
325	LEAFLET	✓		
326	LITERATURE	✓		
327	EXEMPT MATERIAL		b7d	
328	EXEMPT MATERIAL		b7d	
329	DESTROYED			
330	DESTROYED			

NEW YORK BULKY EXHIBIT FILES

BULKY EXHIBIT - INVENTORY OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED AS EVIDENCE

Bufile:

NEW YORK Field Division

5-19-53 Date

Title and Character of Case:

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
NEW YORK FILE NO. 100-107111-

Date Property Acquired: See below

Source From Which Property Acquired: See below

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Vault

Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same: Evidence and information Retain permanently

Description of Property or Exhibit and Identity of Agent Submitting Same: See below

221. A press release issued by the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, and captioned "RABBIS OF JERUSALEM CALL FOR CLEMENCY FOR THE ROSENBERGS."

222. A press release issued by the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, and captioned "NOW IN ITS 96TH HOUR."

223. Press release dated January 1, 1953.

224. Press release dated January 2, 1953.

225. Press release dated January 2, 1953.

226. Press release dated January 2, 1953.

227. Press release dated January 4, 8:00PM.

228. Press release dated January 5, 1953.

229. Press release dated January 5, 1953.

230. Press release dated January 5, 1953.

NOTE:

Submitted by SA HARTSHORN on 5-19-53.

Field File #:

100-107111-1870

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 19 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	

RC

BULKY EXHIBIT - INVENTORY OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED AS EVIDENCE

Bufile:

NEW YORK

Field Division

5-19-53

Date

Title and Character of Case:

NATIONAL LABOR COMMITTEE FOR CLEMENCY FOR THE
ROSENBERGS
NEW YORK FILE NO. 100-107111

Date Property Acquired: See below

Source From Which Property Acquired: See below

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Vault

Reason for Retention of Property and
Efforts Made to Dispose of Same:Evidence and information
Retain permanentlyDescription of Property or Exhibit and
Identity of Agent Submitting Same:

See below

231. A form letter dated December 27, 1952 and signed Abe Weisburd.
A throwaway issued by the National Labor Committee for Clemency for the
Rosenbergs entitled "F.B.I. Affidavit Admits Witness Lied in 'Cosenberg Case!'.
232. A double printed postcard, one part of which contains a message to the President
of the U.S. and the other part of which contains spaces for the signature of
the receipt, which signature is to be added to the "Appeal for Executive
Clemency for Julius and Ethel Rosenberg."

NOTE: [REDACTED] Submit
by SA HARRINGTON on 5-19-53.

b7d

Field File #:

100-107111-1871

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 19 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	

36

BULKY EXHIBIT - INVENTORY OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED AS EVIDENCE

Bufiles:

New York

Field Division

5-20-53

Date

Title and Character of Case:

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE
ROSENBERG CASE

NEW YORK FILE NO. 100-107111

Date Property Acquired: See below

Source From Which Property Acquired: See below

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Vault

Reason for Retention of Property and
Efforts Made to Dispose of Same:Evidence and information
Retain permanentlyDescription of Property or Exhibit and
Identity of Agent Submitting Same:

See below

234. A lithographed leaflet entitled "RELIGIOUS, POLITICAL LEADERS ASK CLEMENCY FOR
ROSENBERGS".235. A reprint of a letter to President Eisenhower from W. C. Hueston, Grand Secretary,
of the Improved Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks of the World.236. A reprint of an article appearing in the Afro-American of Baltimore, Md., 1/31/53.
This article is entitled "FOUR GOOD REASONS".

NOTE:

Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-19-53. b7d

237. A lithograph leaflet issued by the National Committee to Secure Justice in
the Rosenberg Case. This leaflet was entitled "REASONS OF JUSTICE CALL FOR
CLEMENCY FOR THE ROSENBERGS". Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-10-53. b7d

238. A lithograph leaflet entitled "IF YOU KNEW...". Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-19-53. b7d

239. A mimeographed leaflet entitled "HIS HOLINESS, THE POPE SAYS: 'SPARE THE
ROSENBERGS'". Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-19-53. b7d240. A mimeographed leaflet entitled "THE ELECTRIC CHAIR CAN'T KILL THE DOUBTS IN
THE ROSENBERG CASE".241. A lithographed copy of a reprint from the Afro-American, Baltimore, Md.,
1/31/53, entitled "FOUR GOOD REASONS".

NOTE:

Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-19-53. b7d

Field File #:

100-107111-1872

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 20 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	

BULKY EXHIBIT - INVENTORY OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED AS EVIDENCE

Bufile: NEW YORK Field Division
5-20-53 Date

Title and Character of Case:

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE
 ROSENBERG CASE
 NEW YORK FILE NO. 100-107111

Date Property Acquired: See below

Source From Which Property Acquired: See below

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Vault

Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same: Evidence and information
 Retain permanently

Description of Property or Exhibit and
 Identity of Agent Submitting Same: See below

- 242. A mimeographed letter from Sponsoring Clergymen, Box 136 Madison Square Station, New York 10, NY and an open letter to the President. Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-19-53.*
- 243. A reprint of an "open letter" to President Harry S. Truman. Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-19-53.*
- 244. Reprint of two newspaper articles which appeared in the 1/14/53 issue of the New York Times and the other in the New York Gazette, York, Pa., on 1/3/53. Rec'd 3-17-53 from Philadelphia (see serial 740.) Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-19-53.*
- 245. Letter dated February 15, 1953 headed "DEAR FRIEND AND NEIGHBOR" signed "A GROUP OF UNAFFILIATED VILLAGERS". Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-19-53.*
- 246. One two-page statement. Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-19-53. Leaflet entitled "IF YOU KNEW". Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-19-53.*
- 247. A one-page mimeographed sheet entitled "ACTION BULLETIN" issued by the Committee to Secure Clemency for the Rosenbergs.*
- 249. Printed announcement of meeting on Nov. 8, 1952, featuring Rabbi Abraham Cronbach.*
- One page mimeographed "ACTION BULLETIN" issued by Ohio Committee for Clemency for the Rosenbergs.*
- Printed letter on letterhead of Ohio Committee for Clemency, Field File #: for the Rosenbergs, signed by Rabbi Cronbach.*
- One page mimeographed letter dated Jan. 23, 1953, signed by HENRYA TERNEBAUM.*
- NOTE: Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-19-53.

SEARCHED.....INDEXED.....
 SERIALIZED.....FILED.....
 MAY 20 1953
 FBI - NEW YORK

BULKY EXHIBIT - INVENTORY OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED AS EVIDENCE

Bufile:

NEW YORK Field Division

5-20-53 Date

Title and Character of Case:

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE
JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
NEW YORK FILE NO. 100-107111

Date Property Acquired: See below

Source From Which Property Acquired: See below

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Vault

Reason for Retention of Property and
Efforts Made to Dispose of Same:

Evidence and information
Retain permanently

Description of Property or Exhibit and
Identity of Agent Submitting Same: See below

253. A printed newspaper like leaflet entitled "ROSENBERGS MUST NOT DIE".

~~254.~~ A pamphlet entitled "TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE" by
William A. Reuben.

~~255.~~ Copy of "THE LETTERS OF JULIUS AND ETHEL ROSENBERG".

256. Throwaway, headed MINNEAPOLIS COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE.
Addressed to "DEAR FRIEND".

NOTE:

Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-19-53.

Field File #:

100-107111-1074

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
MAY 20 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	
	AC

BULKY EXHIBIT - INVENTORY OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED AS EVIDENCE

Bufile: NEW YORK Field Division
5-21-53 Date

Title and Character of Case:

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE
ROSENBERG CASE
NEW YORK FILE NO. 100-107111

Date Property Acquired: See below

Source From Which Property Acquired: See below

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Vault

Reason for Retention of Property and Evidence and information
Efforts Made to Dispose of Same: Retain permanently

Description of Property or Exhibit and
Identity of Agent Submitting Same: See below

257. [REDACTED]
258. [REDACTED]
259. [REDACTED]

NOTE: Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-19-53.

260. [REDACTED]
261. [REDACTED]
262. [REDACTED]
263. [REDACTED]

NOTE: Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-19-53.

264. Booklet entitled "THE COLD WAR MURDER" by Richard O. Boyer.
265. Reprint of letter from Dr. H. C. Urey, (from The New York Times).
266. Pamphlet entitled "THE PEOPLE SPEAK OUT ON THE ROSENBERG CASE".

NOTE: Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-19-53.

X *Trans. to 65-15348-18577-18570*
Field File #: *X Trans. to 65-15348-18571-18572*

100-107111-1875

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
MAY 21 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	
	150

BULKY EXHIBIT - INVENTORY OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED AS EVIDENCE

Bufile:

NEW YORK

Field Division

5-21-53

Date

Title and Character of Case:

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE
ROSENBERG CASE
NEW YORK FILE NO. 100-107111

Date Property Acquired: See below

Source From Which Property Acquired: See below

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Vault

Reason for Retention of Property and
Efforts Made to Dispose of Same: Evidence and information
Retain permanentlyDescription of Property or Exhibit and
Identity of Agent Submitting Same: See below

267. A mimeographed order blank.

268. Two copies of an "AMICUS BRIEF IN THE ROSENBERG CASE".

269. Letter dated March 25, 1953 from Professor Ephraim Cross, Chairman of the
New York Committee for Clemency for the Rosenbergs.

NOTE:

Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-19-53.

270. Small slip of paper headed "LOUIS B. HELLER, MEMBER OF CONGRESS 7th DIST.,
Brooklyn., with notation ("name to be referred to F.B.I.).271. Telegram to CONGRESSMAN LOUIS B. HELLER from Williamsburg Committee to Secure
Justice for the Rosenbergs.

272. Letter to HELLER from ROBERT MANDE, dated Jan. 14, 1953.

273. Letter to HELLER from IRVING ISAACSON, dated Jan. 2, 1953.

274. Telegram to HELLER from Martha Garlin.

275. Telegram to HELLER from IRVING ISAACSON.

276. Letter to HELLER from various people.

277. Letter addressed to Mr. Congressman from Joseph Brainin, Chairman and
David Alnan, Executive Secretary, of the Committee to Secure Justice of the
Rosenberg Case.

NOTE:

Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-19-53.

Field File #:

100-107111-11396

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
MAY 21 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	

BULKY EXHIBIT - INVENTORY OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED AS EVIDENCE

Profile: NEW YORK Field Division
5-21-53 Date

Title and Character of Case:

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE
IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
NEW YORK FILE NO. 100-107111

Date Property Acquired: See below

Source From Which Property Acquired: See below

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Vault

Reason for Retention of Property and Evidence and information
Efforts Made to Dispose of Same: Retain permanently

Description of Property or Exhibit and
Identity of Agent Submitting Same: See below

- ✓278. Signed statement of DAVID GREENGLASS. Rec'd 5-5-53 from Philadelphia (see serial 2292.) Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-19-53. *Trans. to 65-15346-10586*
279. Photostatic copy of a leaflet entitled "WE PEG TO DIFFER, MR. PRESIDENT".
~~280. Photostatic copy of a pamphlet entitled "THE ROSENBERG CASE".~~

NOTE:

- Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-19-53.
281. Letter from Sponsoring Clergymen, Box 136-Madison Square Station, New York City, and an "OPEN LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT," with a return envelope.
Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-19-53.

b7d

X destroyed

Id File #:

100-107111-1877

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
MAY 21 1953 <i>BL</i>	
FBI - NEW YORK	

PC

BULKY EXHIBIT - INVENTORY OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED AS EVIDENCE

Bufile: NEW YORK Field Division
5-22-53 Date

Title and Character of Case:

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE
 ROSENBERG CASE
 NEW YORK FILE NO. 100-107111

Date Property Acquired: See below

Source From Which Property Acquired: See below

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Vault

Reason for Retention of Property and
 Efforts Made to Dispose of Same: Evidence and information
 Retain permanently

Description of Property or Exhibit and
 Identity of Agent Submitting Same: See below

282. Press release entitled "OUTSTANDING LAW PROFESSOR TO CHAIR ROSENBERG CLEMENCY
 DINNER".
 283. Press release entitled "CLEMENCY SENTIMENT FOR ROSENBERGS RISING ACROSS
 UNITED STATES AS NEWSPAPERS AND INDIVIDUALS SPEAK OUT".
 284. Press release dated March 16, 1953.
 285. Press release dated March 18, 1953.
 286. Press release dated March 19th A.M., two pages.
 287. Press release dated March 23, 1953.
 288. Press release dated March 13, 1953.
 289. Press release dated March 5, 1953.

NOTE:

Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-19-53.
~~XX~~ Circular entitled "FACT SHEET IN THE ROSENBERG CASE." Submitted by SA HARRINGTON
 on 5-19-53.

Field File #:

100-107111-1871

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 22 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	

BULKY EXHIBIT - INVENTORY OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED AS EVIDENCE

File: NEW YORK Field Division
6-2-53 Date

Title and Character of Case:

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE
 ROSENBERG CASE
 NEW YORK FILE NO. 100-107111

Date Property Acquired: See below

Source From Which Property Acquired: See below

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Vault

Reason for Retention of Property and Evidence and information
 Efforts Made to Dispose of Same: Retain permanently

Description of Property or Exhibit and Identity of Agent Submitting Same: See below

291. Two printed leaflets entitled "COURT OF APPEALS GRANTS ROSENBERGS STAY OF EXECUTION". Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5/19/53.

292. Throwaway entitled "DO NOT LET THE ROSENBERGS DIE".

293. Throwaway entitled "THE ROSENBERGS MUST NOT DIE".

294. Pamphlet entitled "THE PEOPLE SPEAK OUT - ON THE ROSENBERG CASE". b7d

NOTE:

295.

296. Agents work papers and records of financial transactions of National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case & Emergency Committee of the Arts & Professions. Rec'd various dates from Chase National Bank. Submitted by SA CAHILL on 5-22-53.

297. Throwaway of Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case.

Submitted by SA SINGER on 5-25-53. See serial

298. Throwaway entitled "THE DOUBTS MOUNT IN THE ROSENBERG CASE".

Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5/19/53. b7d

Two copies of a blue and white leaflet entitled "EINSTEIN SUPPORTS ROSENBERG APPEAL". Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5/19/53.

Two printed leaflets in form of a petition entitled "AMICUS BRIEF IN THE ROSENBERG CASE".

Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5/19/53.

Field File #:

X *Reinstated*

100-107111-1071

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
JUN 2 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	
AC	

BULKY EXHIBIT - INVENTORY OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED AS EVIDENCE

Bufile: NEW YORK Field Division
6-2-53 Date

Title and Character of Case:

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE
IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
NEW YORK FILE NO. 100-107111

Date Property Acquired: See below

Source From Which Property Acquired: See below

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Vault

Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same: Evidence and information Retain permanently

Description of Property or Exhibit and Identity of Agent Submitting Same: See below

301. Printed blue and white pamphlet entitled "THE NEGRO PEOPLE SPEAK OUT ON THE ROSENBERG CASE."

Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-19-53.

302. Letter addressed to "DEAR SIR", and attached was an appeal to the President of the United States.

Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 5-19-53.

b7d

Field File #:

100-107111-1380

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
JUN 2 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	
CC	

BULKY EXHIBIT - INVENTORY OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED AS EVIDENCE

Bufile: NEW YORK Field Division
6-14-53 Date

Title and Character of Case:

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE
 ROSENBERG CASE
 NEW YORK FILE NO. 100-107111

Date Property Acquired: See below

Source From Which Property Acquired: See below

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Vault

Reason for Retention of Property and Evidence and information
 Efforts Made to Dispose of Same: Retain permanently

Description of Property or Exhibit and See below
 Identity of Agent Submitting Same:

303. Letter addressed "DEAR COLLEAGUE", signed by various people. [REDACTED] Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.
304. Letter from businessmen, professional, and trade unionists of Brownsville and East New York, also a letter from "COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE". [REDACTED] Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.
305. Circular from the Astoria Committee to Secure Clemency for the Rosenbergs. [REDACTED] Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.
306. Press release dated Nov. 7, 1952.
307. Press release dated Aug. 12, 1952.
308. Press release dated Tuesday, October 28, PM.
309. Press release dated October 20, 1952.
310. Press release dated November 18, 1952.
311. Press release dated October 3, 1952.
312. Press release dated October 13, 1952.
313. Press release dated October 13, 1952.
314. Press release dated August 21, 1952.
315. Press release dated October 29, 1952.
316. Press release dated November 14, 1952.
317. Press release dated November 3, 1952.

NOTE:

Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

Field File #:

B7d

100-107111-1081

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
JUN 14 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	

EC

BULKY EXHIBIT - INVENTORY OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED AS EVIDENCE

Bufile: NEW YORK Field Division
6-14-53 Date

Title and Character of Case:

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE
ROSENBERG CASE
NEW YORK FILE NO. 100-107111

Date Property Acquired: See below

Source From Which Property Acquired: See below

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Vault

Reason for Retention of Property and Efforts Made to Dispose of Same: Evidence and information Retain permanently

Description of Property or Exhibit and Identity of Agent Submitting Same: See below

318. Letter from David Alman, Executive Secretary, Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, with attachments. Addressed "DEAR FRIEND". Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53. b7d

319. Throwaway entitled "THE ROSENBERGS MUST NOT DIE", also attached are two envelopes.

Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53. See serial

Throwaway entitled "DO NOT LET THE ROSENBERGS DIE".

Submitted by SA HARRINGTON

on 6-9-53.

321. Handbill entitled "WE ARE INNOCENT".

Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

322. Throwaway entitled "IT'S UP TO YOU!!".

Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

323. Rosenberg literature. Rec'd 1-9-53 from CS. Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53. See serial 514.

324. Letter received by [redacted] from [redacted] enclosing a pamphlet issued by subject entitled "SPEAK OUT IN THE ROSENBERG CASE".

Submitted by SA BROOKS on 9-5-53.

325. Leaflet entitled "COMMENTS FROM THE JEWISH PRESS ON CLEMENCY FOR ETHEL & JULIUS ROSENBERG".

SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

Field File #:

100-107111-1082

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
SERIALIZED.....	FILED.....
JUN 14 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	

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BULKY EXHIBIT - INVENTORY OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED AS EVIDENCE

Bufile: NEW YORK Field Division
6-14-53 Date

Title and Character of Case:

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE
 ROSENBERG CASE
 NEW YORK FILE NO. 100-107111

Date Property Acquired: See below

Source From Which Property Acquired: See below

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Vault

Reason for Retention of Property and Evidence and information
 Efforts Made to Dispose of Same: Retain permanently

Description of Property or Exhibit and See below
 Identity of Agent Submitting Same:

326. Literature received by [REDACTED] from Committee to Secure Justice in the
 Rosenberg Case and turned over to SA R. A. Sherman. [REDACTED]
 Submitted by SA HARRINGTON
 on 6-9-53.

327.

328.

NOTE:

Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

Two copies of a leaflet entitled "THE ROSENBERG CASE-A FACT SHEET," published by the
 National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case. One copy is in
 English and the other in Yiddish.

Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

Leaflet entitled "THE ROSENBERGS MUST NOT DIE!"

Two page leaflet entitled "A STATEMENT ON THE ROSENBERG CASE BY A DISTINGUISHED
 LEADER OF ORTHODOX JEWRY, RABBI DR. VETER SHARFF". (This leaflet is written in
 English and in Yiddish.)

Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

Pamphlet entitled "THE ROSENBERG CASE".

One page leaflet entitled "THE NATION" dated 1-10-53.

NOTE:

One page leaflet containing article entitled "EINSTEIN SUPPORTS ROSENBERG APPEAL".
 One page leaflet containing articles from the Gazette and Daily and the New
 York Times.

NOTE:

Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

SEARCHED.....INDEXED.....
 SERIALIZED.....FILED.....

JUN 14 1953
 FBI - NEW YORK

X Destroyed

BULKY EXHIBIT - INVENTORY OF PROPERTY ACQUIRED AS EVIDENCE

Bufile: NEW YORK Field Division
6-14-53 Date

Title and Character of Case:
NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE
ROSENBERG CASE
NEW YORK FILE NO. 100-107111

Date Property Acquired: See below

Source From Which Property Acquired: See below

Location of Property or Bulky Exhibit: Vault

Reason for Retention of Property and Evidence and information
Efforts Made to Dispose of Same: Retain permanently

Description of Property or Exhibit and See below
Identity of Agent Submitting Same:

337. Leaflet in Jewish and translation of letters of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg.
Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

338. Leaflet: "THE LETTERS OF JULIUS AND ETHEL ROSENBERG." Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

339. Micrographed letter dated January 8, 1953, addressed "DEAR COLLEAGUE" signed by E. Cross and M. B. Atkins.

340. Correspondence re Rosenbergs. Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

341. [redacted] Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

342. [redacted] Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

343. [redacted] Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

344. [redacted] Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

345. [redacted] Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

346. [redacted] Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

347. [redacted] Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

348. [redacted] Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

349. [redacted] Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

350. [redacted] Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

351. [redacted] Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

352. [redacted] Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

353. [redacted] Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

354. [redacted] Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

355. [redacted] Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

356. [redacted] Submitted by SA HARRINGTON on 6-9-53.

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JUN 14 1953	
FBI - NEW YORK	

TEXT OF SIGNED PETITION SENT BY RABBI
OF STATE OF ISRAEL TO PRESIDENT TRUMAN

WE THE UNDERSIGNED RABBIS AND RELIGIOUS LEADERS OF THE HOLY LAND TAKE THE LIBERTY OF ADDRESSING YOUR EXCELLENCY IN PLEADING WITH YOU TO EXERT THE POWER OF CLEMENCY IN THE TRAGIC CASE OF JULIUS AND ETEEL ROSENBERG. GIVES YOU NOT ENTER INTO THE DETAILS OF THE TRIAL WHICH ENDED IN A JUDGMENT OF GUILT AND DEATH-SENTENCE THOUGH IT IS DIFFICULT FOR US TO IMAGINE THAT JEWS ANYWHERE IN THE WORLD PARTICULARLY IN A LAND AS RICH IN MERIT AS THE UNITED STATES WOULD ACT AGAINST THE INTERESTS OF THEIR COUNTRY STOP AT LEAST WE KNOW OF NO SUCH HAPPENING IN THE LONG HISTORY OF THE JEWISH PEOPLE STOP

ALSO WE KNOW OF NO PRECEDENT IN WHICH ANY PERSON WAS CONDEMNED
PEACE-TIME STOP WHATEVER THE PARTICULARS OF THE ACCUSATION IN
MR. PRESIDENT IN THE NAME OF GOD AND THE QUALITY OF MERCY TO
SAVE THE LIVES OF THE COUPLE WHO ARE PARENTS OF TWO LITTLE
CHILDREN STOP
EVEN IF WE ASSESS

THE PARENTS OF TWO LITTLE
EVEN IF WE ASSUME THAT THEY HAD SINNED AGAINST THE LAWS OF THE
UNITED STATES THEY SHALL NO LONGER BE ABLE TO DO SO IF KEPT
UNDER SURVEILLANCE BUT SOME OF THEM WOULD BE ABLE TO PROVE THEIR
INNOCENCE STOP IN SUCH CASE YOUR CONSCIENCE AND CONSCIENCE
OF THE UNITED STATES WOULD BE CLEAR NO INNOCENT LIFE SHALL HAVE
BEEN TAKEN GUILTLESSLY STOP
LET YOUR EXCELLENCY CALL
WHO

LET YOUR EXCELLENCY CALL TO MIND THE MILLIONS OF GUILTLESS JEWS WHO LOST THEIR LIVES AT THE HANDS OF THE NAZIS DURING THE SECOND WORLD WAR AND THE CLEMENCY THAT WAS EXTENDED TO THE PERPETRATORS OF THOSE MURDEROUS AND CRUEL ACTS OF MONSTROSITY STOP WE HONESTLY BELIEVE THAT AN ACT OF CLEMENCY IN THIS CASE IS EXCEEDINGLY VITAL AND YOUR NAME AS CHIEF EXECUTIVE OF AN HONORABLE PORTION OF HARKIND YOUR DEEP RELIGIOUS FEELING AND YOUR AWARENESS OF THE SPIRIT OF GOOD WITHIN YOU LEADS US TO LAY BEFORE YOU THIS OUR HUMBLES PETITION IN FULL HOPE THAT YOU WILL GRANT IT STOP

GOOD ALONG KNOWS THE WHOLE TRUTH STOP MAY THIS YOUR EXCELLENCY BE A FITTING CROWN TO YOUR GREAT CAREER STOP

SIGNED

21000
 GERSHON LAPIDOTH NUREN MENOITS ELIJAH MORDECAI WALKOVSKY
 JACOB KLIPAS ISSER ZALMAN MELZER ZALMAN SOROTZKIN YERIKL
 YERIKL SHLOMO EPHRAIM RUDN ISRAEL WATZ SHLOMO ZALMAN YERIKL
 DAVID SPARER JOSEPH ADLER AKIBA BOPFER RABBI ZALMAN ZEVIN
 ABRAHAM KARELITZ JEHOSSUA WEINRICH ISRAEL WELZ WEINFIELD
 JACOB TAVITZKY MICHAEL TIKUTZINSKY

Mail this leaflet

White House

Washington, D. C.

I add my name to this message respectfully requesting clemency for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg.

Name _____

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
1050 Avenue of the Americas, New York 18, N. Y. BRyant 9-9694

Now in its **96th** hour...

THE PRAYER VIGIL AT THE WHITE HOUSE FOR CLEMENCY FOR THE ROSENBERGS!

Only **12** days left before
date of execution

"After plowing through volumes of the evidence presented in this tragic case, I am not convinced, beyond the shadow of a doubt, that the Rosenbergs are guilty!"

RABBI LOUIS D. GROSS, EDITOR,
JEWISH EXAMINER, NEW YORK.

"I cannot but deplore the death sentence upon the Rosenbergs both in itself and from its inevitable effect upon British and world opinion."

CHARLES E. RAVEN, CHAPLAIN TO
HER MAJESTY, THE QUEEN.

"The Bulletin does not question the conviction. . . . We do feel, however, that the request for clemency directed to President Truman . . . is fully justified. . . ."

FROM THE JEWISH WESTERN BULLETIN OF THE JEWISH COUNCIL
OF VANCOUVER

WRITE OR WIRE PRES. TRUMAN TODAY
Ask him to grant executive clemency
to Ethel and Julius Rosenberg

Issued by: National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case
1050 SIXTH AVENUE, NEW YORK 18, N. Y. • BRyant 9-7694

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
1050 SIXTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 18, N.Y.

BYrant 9-9694

FOR RELEASE
JANUARY 1, 1953

MEXICAN ARTISTS IN PLEA FOR CLEMENCY FOR ROSENBERGS

Widespread Mexican sentiment for President Truman to grant executive clemency to Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, was shown yesterday when the names of several prominent artists and intellectuals that signed petitions for mercy were made public, it was announced today by the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case.

Among the Mexican signers have been Miguel Covarrubias, painter and archeologist; Jose Chavez Morado, painter; Andres Henestrosa, writer; Leopoldo Mendez, woodcut artist; Gabriel Fernandez Ledezma, painter; Manuel Alvarez Bravo, photographer; Daniel Rubin de la Borbolla, anthropologist; Isabel Villasenor, painter; Ignacio Marquez, teacher and art critic; Juan Rojas, poet; Juan O'Gorman, painter; Calixta Gutierrez, anthropologist; Raul Anguiano, painter; Federico Llamas, actor; Gabriel Garcia Maroto, painter and art critic; Jose Garcia Mares, painter; Elena Reyes, weaver; Angeles Garcia Maroto, modiste; and Luis Cardoso y Aragon, Guatemalan poet and diplomat.

The petitions urge President Truman to save the Rosenbergs from death in the electric chair at Sing Sing during the week of January 12.

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"WRONG YESTERDAY - RIGHT TODAY"
APPEALS COURT DECISION IN
ROSENBERG CASE CALLED
"INCREDIBLE"

FOR RELEASE
JANUARY 2, 1953

In ruling that a new trial in the Rosenberg case should have been granted many months ago, and yet declining to grant one today, the U.S. Appeals Court has avoided the central question, the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case declared today.

The Appeals Court, with Chief Judge Thomas Swan writing the opinion, ruled on December 31 that:

"We may assume that in this case ~~an~~ unfavorable pre-trial and during-trial publicity, a cautionary instruction would not suffice, and that if the defendants had moved for a new trial it should have been granted. But they did not so move."

The Committee declared:

"Where human life hangs in the balance, it would seem obligatory that the higher courts bend over backwards to insure utter fairness. To say that the Rosenbergs were entitled to a new trial many months ago, and yet to decline to grant them a new trial now is incredible. Should the Rosenbergs die simply because they expected, as they had a right to, that the verdict would not be influenced by unfavorable and misleading publicity? Should they be executed because of their faith in the courts? If a new trial, in the words of the Appeals Court, 'should have been granted' at that time, should the Rosenbergs die because they did not, at that time, move for one? To admit that there are grounds for calling the trial 'unfair' and then to refuse to correct the wrong can only injure the reputation of our courts in the eyes of the American people and the world.

"When one adds to this admission by the Appeals Court the sworn confession by FBI agent John A. Harrington that he abetted one of the witnesses in committing perjury against the Rosenbergs, it becomes utterly unthinkable that the Rosenbergs be sent to their deaths beyond the hope of ever clearly establishing the truth at the charges on which they were tried."

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NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
1050 Sixth Avenue New York, N.Y.
BRyant 9-9694

Washington Office
1867 Kalorama Rd.,
Washington D.C.
Co-5-0302

FOR RELEASE - January 2, 1953

WHITE HOUSE CLEMENCY VIGIL ENTERING 144th CONSECUTIVE HOUR.
JANUARY 5 DELEGATIONS ARRIVING FROM EAST, WEST, MIDWEST
COMMITTEE SCORES ATTEMPTS TO PIN POLITICAL LABEL ON MERCY

The Clemency Vigil at the White House on behalf of commutation for Julius and Ethel Rosenberg is now entering its 144th Consecutive hour, it was announced today by the National Committee To Secure Justice In The Rosenberg Case. The Vigil began on Saturday, Dec. 27th.

The number of persons participating in the Vigil, at one time or another, from all sections of the country has now grown to more than 200. It is estimated that over a 1000 persons will have participated by the end of next week.

Delegations from California east to Chicago and New England have already begun to arrive in the nations' capital for a series of visits on Jan. 5 with Senators, Congressmen and government officials.

In a reply to attempts in some quarters to pin a political label on the nationwide sentiment for clemency, the Committee declared: "It is an insult to the American people - and particularly to its ministers of all faiths - to insinuate that their sentiments for mercy for the Rosenbergs arise from any political source. Only an unregenerate Scrooge would be shocked to discover that mercy has no selfish end - or that it exists at all. The nationwide sentiment for Clemency for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg exists independently of the will of any group or party, and arises out of the normal doubts and humaneness with which our fellow Americans are, with a few exceptions, endowed."

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

1050 Sixth Avenue

New York City

BR 9 9694

Washington Headquarters: 1867 Kalorama Road NW CO 5 0302

PRESS RELEASE

for immediate release
January 2, 1953

CLEMENCY VIGIL AT WHITE HOUSE IN 144th HOUR

THOUSANDS TO PETITION LAWMAKERS AND PRESIDENT FOR CLEMENCY ON
JANUARY 5th

Washington, DC -- The round-the-clock Clemency Vigil for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, which began at the White House at 4 pm on Saturday, December 27, 1952, is now in its 144th consecutive hour. The National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case announced today that, through icy rains and freezing snow, the Vigil continued, with the participation of persons from half a dozen states. The participants included Negro and white professionals, students, housewives, businessmen and trade unionists, representing all religious affiliations.

During the ten days that remain until the scheduled date of execution of the Rosenbergs, the Clemency Vigil will include participants from throughout the Midwest and as far west as California, as well as the Eastern and Southern states, which have been heavily represented since the Vigil began.

Clemency Vigil participants reported telegrams of encouragement, offers of coffee and good wishes, especially from the New Year's eve crowds.

In conjunction with the Vigil, thousands of persons, from every part of the country, are expected in Washington on January 5th, when they will form delegations to visit the President and their congressional representatives to petition executive clemency to save the lives of the young Rosenberg parents - the only Americans ever sentenced to death on a charge of "conspiracy to commit espionage."

#

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

1050 Sixth Avenue New York City - BRyant 9 9694

David Alman, Executive Secretary

Joseph Brainin, Chairman

WASHINGTON HEADQUARTERS
1867 Kalorama Road NW
Columbia 5 - 0302

PRESS RELEASE

For release, January 4, 8:00 PM

Washington, D.C.— Leaders of several thousand delegates from 22 states, who have been arriving here for a "Clemency Gathering" for the Rosenbergs, appealed to President Truman tonight "to mark the close of your Administration in American history with a merciful grant of clemency" to the two young parents.

At the same time, leaders of the clemency group issued a nation-wide appeal "to those of our fellow Americans who have so far hesitated to express their sentiments on this case and who have different views as to the innocence or guilt of the Rosenbergs" to set aside differences on the verdict and to appeal to President Truman to "extend executive clemency".

Late this afternoon, the first 400 delegates had registered in the clemency headquarters at 1867 Kalorama Road. A contingent of thirty from Los Angeles and San Francisco, headed by an official representative of the Negro Baptist Ministers' Alliance, a group of forty from Illinois, as well as large delegations from Massachusetts, Washington State, Ohio, New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey had arrived.

As the delegates streamed into the capital by train, plane, bus and car, the Clemency Vigil before the White House, which had begun over a week ago, passed its 200th consecutive hour, the number of participants growing to 100 during the day.

Tomorrow, the majority of the participants of the clemency gathering will join the vigil before the White House, while others visit Congressman, Senators, and the Justice and State Departments, to convey their sentiments for clemency.

Noting that President Truman will deliver a summary of his achievements to the American people on the night of January 15th, the clemency group's appeal to the President said:
"Millions of people, here and abroad, will associate your name with this act of mercy and will bless you for your act of humaneness."

"MORE"

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Their appeal also asserted: "We believe that not once in the past twenty years has the death penalty in a federal offense been allowed to stand either by you or your predecessor. A few months ago, millions greeted your act of mercy in another case. We are hopeful that you will choose this occasion to demonstrate again your capacity for compassion and mercy."

In asking the American public for clemency messages to the President, the clemency gathering's leaders declared that the president faces a "momentous decision" and that in their opinion he "welcomes the counsel of American public opinion."

They also stated that the nation's "moral prestige in these years of tension and trial, can be immeasurably enhanced with an act of mercy toward the Rosenbergs."

In its statements, the clemency group said it includes "those who believe in the fairness of the guilty verdict as well as those who believe the Rosenberg's repeated assertions of innocence" and that it represented "groups from Churches, synagogues, labor unions, anti-capital punishment associations as well as the many local Committees for Justice in the Rosenberg Case."

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
1050 SIXTH AVENUE
New York 18, N.Y.

BYant 9-9694

FOR RELEASE
JANUARY 5, 1953

CANADIANS BEGIN ROSENBERG VIGIL

A Canadian vigil for Julius and Ethel Rosenberg will begin January 5 in Toronto, it was learned yesterday by the Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case.

The Canadian vigil begins on the same day that the Clemency and Prayer Gathering convenes in Washington, D.C. to urge that President Truman grant clemency to the Rosenbergs who are scheduled to die during the week of Jan. 12 for alleged "spying."

More international support for the condemned father and mother came from a group of Scottish workers in Glasgow who cabled the Committee "our strong protest against the unjust sentence imposed on the Rosenbergs... We believe in their innocence and trust that justice will be done."

Meanwhile in London the Jewish Chronicle in an editorial calling for clemency for the condemned couple declared "the conscience of the civilized world will be disturbed if the Rosenbergs die."

COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
1050 SIXTH AVENUE
New York 18, N.Y.

Bryant 9-3694

FOR RELEASE
January 5, 1953

ROSENBERGS WRITE OF THEIR CHILDREN FROM SING SING

The tender love and deep concern of a father for his children was the gist of a recent letter written by Julius Rosenberg from the Sing Sing death house where he and his wife Ethel face execution during the week of January 12. The Rosenbergs' letters have been increasingly concerned with the welfare of their ~~two boys~~ Michael and Robert. ~~Following are excerpts from their most recent letters:~~

"We received an excellent letter from the children. The joy of reading Michael's own handwriting and hearing about his accomplishments in his own youthful account of the activities he is participating in brought his precious presence so close to us.

"I'm very happy they're both progressing beautifully at school, at shule, at play and most of all that they're surrounded by great love and deep affection. It does us great honor to see such devotion and care visited upon our children."

Rosenberg went on to relate how the knowledge that their children were being cared for "inspired me and with this stimulus I sent out a batch of Chanukah cards the Jewish chaplain gave me. To our sweet children I composed a few verses. I must confess it is my first attempt and I hope the sentiment is properly expressed.

"This I want to say to the great number of people who have come to our support -- I am just a plain ordinary guy and I don't profess to be anything extraordinary or special. I feel my greatest accomplishment is being a successful father to my two boys. It is because of them and of all children, that my first duty in life is to work for their future."

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COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
1050 Sixth Avenue
New York 18, N.Y.

Ryant 9-9694

FOR RELEASE
JANUARY 5, 1953

CALIFORNIA LAWYERS CIRCULATE CLEMENCY APPEAL FOR ROSENBERGS

Three prominent California lawyers have written to nearly 1,000 members of the California bar urging that they appeal to President Truman for executive clemency for Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, it was learned yesterday by the Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case. They are Robert W. Kenny, former California State Attorney General; Chaim Shapiro, leader in the Jewish community; and William B. Esterman, president of the Los Angeles and Beverly Hills chapters of the National Lawyers Guild.

In their joint letter dated December 23, 1952, the three lawyers raised several points of law declaring "although Supreme Court review has been denied, society has provided one last remedy for the Rosenbergs, i.e., executive clemency. In the interest of good administration of American justice, we ask you to join us in requesting that the President commute the sentences to life imprisonment."

The lawyers dealt with four points in their letter:

(1) The trial and the sentencing took place in an atmosphere of unprecedented animosity against these defendants, directly resulting from pre-trial publicity fed to the press by the Department of Justice. (Reversal of a conviction upon this ground in *Delaney v. U.S.* - C.A.1 - Oct. 10, 1952 - 189 F. (2d) 107). Among other ways, this prejudice was carried to the jury in the form of repeated irrelevant references to defendants' alleged Communist Party membership..."

(2) Although Judge Jerome Frank, of the 2nd Circuit, in affirming the conviction, said that without the testimony of David Greenglass, "the conviction could not stand" .. the testimony of this witness is open to question..."

The lawyers pointed out that Greenglass, while admitting he knew no physics or mathematics claimed he'd prepared an atomic-bomb "cross-section diagram" and handed it to the Rosenbergs. They further showed that while

MORE

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Rosenberg
1/5/63

Greenglass "testified that he had confessed espionage upon his arrest...the government has subsequently admitted that his confession occurred only after prolonged negotiations with him had taken place. It is noteworthy that, though self-confessed, he was subsequently sentenced to a comparatively mild 15 years' imprisonment on recommendation of the prosecution."

Third they noted that while many scientists hold that there is no atom bomb secret, "the trial proceeded on the theory as stated by the prosecution, the Rosenbergs stole "the one weapon that might well hold the key to the survival of this nation."

And lastly "though there was no evidence whatever introduced of any causal connection between the alleged acts of the defendants and the Korean War, the court stated, as a reason for passing sentence of death that the defendants had by their acts "...caused, in my opinion, the Communist aggression in Korea." This would seem to be a clear case of erroneous reliance on unsubstantiated assertions concerning matters not subject to judicial determination in a particular case. That such a consideration would have a highly prejudicial effect on the defendants' sentence can hardly be questioned."

The lawyers pointed out that never in the history of our country has a civil court decreed a death sentence for espionage... To do so here, even assuming the justice of the conviction for espionage (for a then wartime ally) would, we believe, only hurt the name of the United States."

"Believing that as lawyers we have a paramount duty to speak out on such occasions, we ask you to join with us, whether for reasons of doubt as to guilt or as to fairness of the trial or the sentence or general opposition to capital punishment or for still other reasons, in communicating with the President of the United States your request that the lives of the Rosenbergs be not taken..."

###

[REDACTED] [REDACTED]
NATIONAL LABOR COMMITTEE FOR CLEMENCY
[REDACTED] FOR THE ROSENBERGS

1050 SIXTH AVE. • NEW YORK 19, N. Y. • BRyant 9-9683

b7d

December 27, 1952

Dear Sir and Brother:

We wish to call to your attention the appeal being made throughout the world to save the lives of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg.

The Rosenbergs were convicted of "conspiracy to commit espionage" and were sentenced to death in the electric chair. They pleaded not guilty and have always maintained their innocence. No document or other material evidence that tied them in any way to the "conspiracy" charge was introduced at their trial. They were convicted solely on the basis of oral testimony.

The validity of this oral testimony is open to serious question in view of the recent admission on the part of the F.B.I. that one of the government witnesses lied under oath. (See enclosed leaflet). F.B.I. agent John A. Harrington withheld his knowledge of the perjury until defense counsel offered proof of it—twenty months after the trial!

This admission of perjury brings to mind the Tom Mooney case. He was convicted of throwing a bomb and was sentenced to death. World protests against the death sentence forced a commutation to life imprisonment. After some twenty years, during which it was shown that all of the testimony against Mooney was perjured, he was set free.

Many world-famous religious, civic, scientific and legal figures have expressed serious doubts as to the due process accorded the Rosenbergs and the nature of the testimony introduced in the court. Others, who feel that the Rosenbergs were given a fair trial, have expressed opposition to the death sentence, which is unprecedented. They point out that no others convicted of similar offenses ever received the death penalty.

Unions throughout the world are calling upon President Truman to commute the death sentence of the Rosenbergs, parents of two young children. In our country, the General Council of Ford Local 600, United Auto Workers, representing some 57,000 workers, recently called upon Truman for executive clemency. Among other unions that have taken similar actions are locals of the C.I.O. Shoe Workers, A. F. of L. Painters, A. F. of L. Jewelers, A. F. of L. Bakers, A. F. of L. Paper Workers, Fur Workers, Building Trades, Longshore and Warehouse Workers.

May we urge that you join in the appeal for executive clemency. We enclose the statement of Joseph P. Selly, International President, American Communications Association, which we are circulating to thousands of union leaders. Counsel for the Rosenbergs will submit this statement, signed by labor leaders, to President Truman when he appeals for commutation of sentence.

To add your name, please sign the enclosed card. Since the execution is set for January 12, we ask you to return the card to us immediately, by air mail. Should other names be available, have them sign on the back of the card.

Sincerely and fraternally,

ARE WEISBURD, Secretary

RELIGIOUS, POLITICAL LEADERS ASK CLEMENCY FOR ROSENBERGS

From
CITIZEN-REGISTER
Owning, N. Y.
JAN 2 1953

SEES BETTER CHARGE

The Citizen Register:

I have previously raised these questions: 1. In view of the singling out by the Constitution, of treason, from all other crimes for specific mention and precise definition, has Congress the power or the right to assess the traditional capital penalty for treason upon a differently labeled criminal act consisting of the same physical acts as treason but lacking in the essential circumstances of "levying war against the United States" or of "giving aid and comfort to their enemies"? 2. If the answer to 1. be "yes," what conceivable logical purpose or use has the presence of the treason provision in our Constitution? If there be any reasonable doubt as to the answers to these questions, then that doubt should be resolved in favor of the Rosenbergs, and in favor of keeping Congress within the spirit as well as the letter of the Constitution, since the Federal Government derives all its powers from the States and the People, and all powers, not conferred by the Constitution and Amendments, are reserved to said States and People. A line between acts of treason and less than treason has been drawn mainly by the Constitution; if unsatisfactory, the process of orderly constitutional amendment should always be available to amend the definition and relocate the line.

A further problem is presented, namely: Since the Rosenbergs' acts amount to less than treason as presently defined, and therefore can amount to acts of stealing and sniping, the death penalty for them may possibly be "cruel and unusual punishment," also proscribed by a separate provision of the Constitution—cruel and unusual by the standards of the so-called enlightened age. In addition to the sinister, insidious master-plotter, Fuchs, another atomic thief, May, has been more moderately dealt with by the English than we have dealt with the Rosenbergs, which would argue for more of Christian moderation upon our own part in these matters of jurisprudence and policy. A Senator Atomic Energy Committee member recently stated

that Rosenberg data advanced Russia's Atomic program by a year and a half. What is so heinous about that, so long as we continue to treat Russia as friend and not enemy? We can't have it both ways at once. I was for war on Russia long ago, having ample provocation via Berlin airlift episodes etc., and favor striking the world-grasping octopus at its nerve center, when next provoked, instead of nibbling tentacles. All this, of course, would have been unnecessary if Roosevelt had had the forbearance to let the European balance of power principle operate, and had permitted England and Russia to fight Germany to a standstill. Instead of being our last, Japan should have been our first concern, but Roosevelt didn't "plan it that way," for reasons known only to his conscience. Let Mr. Thurber assist the new Congress in searching out the Americans who waged and levied war against American military forces by ordering them into a comatose condition after having intercepted and decoded messages of a definite, coming Jap attack.

However, let us not tear down our house to put out the fire. Many, whose only concern for our Constitution comes when their own "ox is gored," fall to see the necessity of enforcing the Constitution for all our citizens, lest if some be wronged, we all be threatened with wrong. To needle Mr. Thurber's ox, let us discuss "Korematsu vs. U. S." There hundreds of half-born, patriotic Americans (whose only crimes were 1. living in the San Francisco area and 2. being of Japanese ancestry, were forcibly imprisoned by an Army commander in a concentration camp, euphemistically labeled "Relocation Center." No martial law had been declared and the California and Federal civil law ostensibly continued in full force, yet the Roosevelt-backed Supreme Court struck an all-time low blow at Liberty, and held imprisonment justified by danger of Jap invasion. Had a German invasion threatened, and had persons of Germanic extraction, like Gen. Eisenhower and possibly Mr. Thurber, chanced to incur the Roosevelt regime's royal displeasure, they too might have languished in prison—in violation of the Due Process Clause.

Very truly yours,
EDMUND P. RIELY,
Republican Committee Chairman
Town of Cortlandt

New York Post
NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JANUARY 30, 1953

Mrs. FDR Sees Hope For A-Spies

Northfield, Minn., Jan. 30 (UPI)—Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt believes there is a great deal of hope that convicted atom spies Julius and Ethel Rosenberg may be spared from death in the electric chair.

In a press conference at St. Olaf College here Mrs. Roosevelt said she thought life imprisonment could be substituted for the death penalty "on humanitarian grounds alone."

The Rosenbergs, convicted and sentenced to death for giving atomic secrets to Russian agents during World War II, have made a last-ditch appeal to the President for clemency.

THE MILWAUKEE JOURNAL

Friday, January 16, 1953

Save Rosenbergs, Plea of Catholics

The La Crosse Register, official publication of the La Crosse Catholic diocese, urged clemency for the Rosenbergs in an editorial Thursday. Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, sentenced to die in the electric chair for conspiring to give atomic secrets to Russia, have appealed to President Truman.

The La Crosse paper, which is staunchly anti-Communist, said Communist exploitation of the Rosenbergs' case would be upset if the president reduced their sen-

tence to life imprisonment.

"We feel the Communists want nothing more urgently than that the Rosenbergs be executed," the Register said. "Their fanatical tactics, such as their clemency fight before the White House, reveal this Communist fear of the living Rosenbergs. We believe the Communists deliberately set upon this method of making it nearly impossible for the president to grant the Rosenbergs clemency."

The Register did not question the Rosenbergs' guilt, but said "our own national interests as well as the ends of justice" would be served best by a reduction in the sentence.

REPRINTED AS A PUBLIC SERVICE BY:

National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case
1030 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y. • 22 years 9-9994

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5701 S. State St., Chicago, Ill.

January 23, 1953.

President Dwight D. Eisenhower
The White House
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. President:

I am not going into the guilt or innocence of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg but I am joining in with the petition to commute this sentence to life in prison or a lesser term.

It seems to me that the United States of America could lessen the harshness of their sentence in keeping with the punishment dealt out by other countries for similar crimes.

Very respectfully yours,

W. C. Hueston

W. C. Hueston
Grand Secretary
I. B. P. O. E. of W.

WCH:hh

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National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case
1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.

Reprint 9-0494

NATIONAL EDITION

THE AFRO-AMERICAN

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BALTIMORE, MD., JANUARY 31, 1953

Four Good Reasons

Justice will be served if the death sentences given Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, convicted of atomic espionage, are commuted to life sentences.

The feeling is inescapable that the severe sentences would not have been passed had not this couple been members of a minority group.

This feeling is bolstered by the fact that never before in the history of the United States has a civil court given a death sentence for espionage.

There are also grave doubts in this case. One is that the government based its case almost exclusively on the uncorroborated testimony of a free lance spy, who by involving the Rosenbergs managed to escape the death penalty and secure for himself a 15-year sentence.

Another is the testimony of Dr. J. Robert Oppenheimer, Dr. Harold Urey and others that in 1945, the date of the Rosenberg crime, there existed no basic atomic secrets.

Actually at that time it was not certain whether any nation could even produce an atomic bomb.

There may be others, but we think these four reasons are sufficient to justify the President in commuting the death sentences to life imprisonment.

REPRINTED AS A PUBLIC SERVICE BY:

National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case
1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y. • BYrant 9-9694

The Gazette and Daily

Published daily except Sunday at
11-11 E. King St., York, Pa., by
YORK GAZETTE CO.
CHARLES M. GITT, President; J. W. GITT,
Editor and Treasurer; M. B. REBERT Secre-
tary; JAMES HIGGINS, Assistant Editor;
LOUIS F. STONE, Managing Editor.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS
Saturday, January 3, 1953

EXCESSIVE PUNISHMENT

Treason is the most serious crime which can be committed against a state. The maximum penalty is death. Charges of treason however are a favorite device of tyrants, despots, would be dictators, and morally unscrupulous politicians to stop criticism, eliminate opposition or advance their lust for power and personal aggrandizement.

Our forefathers who knew a good bit about such things—having been charged with treason and threatened with hanging by a tyrant for petty offense—deliberately wrote into the Constitution of the United States provisions relating to treason surrounding the accused with protection against easy conviction.

"Treason," says the Constitution, "against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act or on confession in open court."

It would seem to one that so far as crimes related to treason are concerned in which the death penalty can be imposed, it would only be right and proper, or even more so, that the accused should have the same protection as is accorded those charged with treason. For after all those hung for something less than treason are just as dead as those hung for the greater crime of treason itself.

What even we Americans are now doing however is to try persons who can not be convicted of treason, for something we call espionage or conspiracy to commit espionage, find them guilty and sentence them to be hung. Which is the most we could possibly do to them if they were guilty of treason.

And we do this without surrounding those accused of such lesser crimes with the protections they would have if charged with the greater crime of treason.

It does not make sense on any other theory than that it is an ingenious way to get around the Constitution and open the way for possible future tyrants to hang persons without having to do away with the Constitution.

It has already become so bad that an accused might well be in less jeopardy of his life if charged with major treason itself, rather than with some minor treason under some other name.

That is just what is so morally wrong about the Rosenberg case. The Rosenbergs could not have been convicted for treason. That is conceded. So they are charged with conspiracy to commit espionage, found guilty and given the death sentence.

It is not the conviction of the Rosenbergs that is at fault. It is the death penalty for a far less serious crime than treason for which under the Constitution they could not be convicted, the imposition of a sentence that was just as severe as though they had actually been found guilty of treason itself.

It is a sorry state of affairs when such things can happen in United States, fraught with dire danger to our future welfare. It is our honor that is at stake in this Rosenberg case and we are not acquitting ourselves well when we permit fear and hysteria to induce us to use such bad judgment as to kill persons for something less than treason whom our Constitution prevents us from killing for treason itself.

The New York Times

REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

"All the News That's Fit to Print"

ADOLPH S. Ochs, Publisher 1896-1935

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 3, 1953

1,500 CLERGY BACK ROSENBERGS' PLEA

Sign Letter to President Asking
Clemency—Reds in Paris
Protest at Embassy

Fifteen hundred Christian clergymen have signed an open letter to President Truman requesting executive clemency for Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, convicted atomic spies.

Their execution has been postponed pending the President's action on an appeal filed last Saturday by the Rosenbergs, who were originally scheduled to be put to death in Sing Sing tonight.

The names of the clergymen who signed the open letter to Mr. Truman were made public yesterday by the Rev. Dr. James W. Stitt, pastor of the Village Presbyterian Church and a former president of the Manhattan division of the Protestant Council of the City of New York.

Among the signers of the letter were the Rev. Dr. James Luther Adams of the Massachusetts Theological Seminary; the Rev. Dr. Roland H. Bainton, Yale Divinity School; the Rev. Dr. Robert M. Hopkins,

executive vice president of the Golden Rule Foundation; the Rev. Dr. Robert Hastings Nichols, professor emeritus of the Union Theological Seminary; and the Rev. Dr. Bernard Loomer, Dean of the Divinity School, Chicago University.

Deny Partisanship

"We are not partisans," the letter reads. "Our plea does not hang on the decision of the Rosenbergs' guilt or innocence, nor the degree of their wrongdoing. We ask you in the spirit of the love which casts out fear to mitigate a punishment of such terrible finality, and which, for the offense, is unique in our history."

This was the letter that the Rev. Dr. John Haus, rector of Trinity Protestant Episcopal Church, refused to sign. On Monday, he announced that he had written Dr. Adams that he considered "the crime which the Rosenbergs were convicted for one of the worst in the annals of mankind."

Pleas on behalf of the Rosenbergs have recently been sent to the White House by a group of close relatives of the convicted couple.

"Time is very short," one of the letters said. "Please give these two young parents of two small children a chance to live so that some day they will be able to prove their innocence. From the time they were first arrested, with no knowledge of the charges, they said they were innocent, and maintain their innocence to this day."

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National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case
1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 10, N. Y. • Phone 9-9294

27d
JACQUELINE BERNARD

~~100-107111-100~~
NEW YORK, NEW YORK

b7d
February 15, 1953

Dear Friend and Neighbor:

Pope Pius XII has interceded for mercy for Julius and Ethel Rosenberg. Since His Holiness so rarely intervenes in matters of this sort, this latest addition to clemency pleas by distinguished personages should give hope and courage to those of us who would swell the rising chorus of decent Americans to halt this savage execution.

Death is so irrevocable.

In the words of Prof. Harold C. Urey, atomic physicist, "Would it not be embarrassing in this general situation if after execution of the Rosenbergs it could be shown that the United States had executed two innocent people...." Elsewhere in the same letter, Prof. Urey questions the conclusiveness of the scientific evidence in this "atom-spy" case, in which Professors Albert Einstein and other eminent scientists also concur.

The legalistic aspects of the case (as well as the unprecedented and amazing death sentence) have been questioned and attacked by leading jurists here and abroad, including the Hon. James H. Wolf, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of Utah, as well as many outstanding professors of law, and practising attorneys.

As for the numbers of notables, religious leaders and thoughtful people all over the world who have pleaded for clemency on purely humane grounds, regardless of the legal aspects of the case, these are far too numerous to list here.

We urge you, as members of an intellectually enlightened community, to write or wire President Eisenhower to reverse his decision.

There must be no delay...lest America and our own consciences be forever shamed.

A Group of Unaffiliated Villagers

b7d

100-107111

245

Many Americans believe that a dreadful miscarriage of justice, equal to that of the Sacco-Vanzetti Case, would occur if Ethel and Julius Rosenberg die in the electric chair for a crime they steadfastly insist they did not commit.

- Many who have studied their trial believe that the evidence is incomplete.
- Many others believe that their trial was improperly conducted.
- Many thousands of citizens believe that the unprecedented sentence cannot be carried in peace on the conscience of America.

WRITE

To President Harry S. Truman asking for executive clemency on behalf of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg.

SEND FUNDS

Urgently needed, to The National Committee to Secure Justice in The Rosenberg Case.—1050 Sixth Avenue, New York 18, N. Y.—for the legal defense and for care of the Rosenberg children.

HEAR THE FACTS

at a public meeting

principal speaker

Rabbi Abraham

CRONBACH

distinguished Rabbi and
scholar of Cincinnati

AND

DAVID ALMAN, author

SAT., NOVEMBER 8, 8:30 p.m.
Sterling Hotel, 3002 Prospect

75¢ tax incl.

sponsored by
The Cleveland Council of Anti-Semites and Professors
and The Ohio Committee for Julius and Ethel Rosenberg

OHIO COMMITTEE FOR CLEMENCY FOR THE ROSENBERGS

ACTION BULLETIN

Activity has been stepped up in the last two weeks as the time grows shorter in which to save the lives of the Rosenbergs. The following is a summary of some of these activities.

Many unions have passed resolutions appealing for clemency, which in turn have been sent on to Washington...the most recent one to do so is the Cleveland local of Mine Mill and Smelter Workers.

The Cleveland Baptist Ministers Alliance (Negro) and the Methodist Ministers Association (Negro) has given time at their regular meeting to a member of our committee to speak on the Rosenberg case.

A distribution of leaflets at local points throughout the city was quite successful this past week. Shop gate distributions are planned for the very near future.

Prominent people in the community have been visited individually and apart from committee auspices. Many have indicated their feeling for clemency and stated that they would write a letter on their own.

Several City Councilmen have been seen and expressed their own individual feeling in favor of clemency. An effort will be made by these councilmen to initiate group action.

***** REPORT OF WASHINGTON DELEGATION *****

Sixteen Clevelanders joined in the National Clemency Vigil in Washington on January 4th and 5th. They were part of the continuous vigil picket line at the White House which at one time reached a couple of thousand. Our delegation visited three Ohio Congressmen: Rep. Crosser reiterated his feelings against capital punishment; Rep. Bolton expressed her personal concern over the death sentence and indicated she would make an effort for a group appeal among other Congressmen.

The wide support for clemency was shown in many ways:-22 states sent delegations....their reports showed the tremendous amount of work being done throughout the nation....San Francisco's delegation brought a huge scroll containing 1700 names.....500 leading clergymen of Milwaukee (of all faiths), representing 2/3 of that city's religious leaders, signed a letter to the President imploring him to grant clemency.

WHAT YOU CAN DO

LETTERS and WIRES:- Every day more and more prominent Americans and people from abroad are appealing to the President for clemency for the Rosenbergs. Your voice is needed too--write or wire today--ask your friends to do the same.

FUNDS:- There is still a desperate need for funds. Activities, particularly by the National office are being hampered for lack of funds. We have asked you before...but please see your friends, contribute yourself, have a social gathering, a party, etc. to raise funds. Give them to a member of the committee or send to Box 41, Cleveland, Ohio.

Sporn 57

OHIO COMMITTEE FOR CLEMENCY FOR THE ROSENBERGS

BOX 41, CLEVELAND 21, OHIO

Dear Friend,

The movement to save the lives of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg grew into a mighty groundswell by the time President Truman left office. More than one million pieces of mail asking clemency were delivered to the White House; a 21 day vigil of great dignity was held; delegations thronged the halls of Congress. Not even the Sacco-Vanzetti campaign, it is said, reached such proportions.

But we now have a new President and, in a sense, the campaign must begin all over again. President Eisenhower must be apprised, as President Truman was, of the sentiments of Americans on this issue. The Eisenhower administration must be contending that it cannot grant clemency to the Rosenbergs because it has not heard from the people.

Every day scores of prominent Americans speak out for clemency. We direct your attention particularly, among the literature we have enclosed, to the statements of Dr. Harold Urey and Dr. Albert Einstein, Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt, The Archdiocese of Milwaukee, etc.

With these statements we are sure additional thousands of clemency letters can be secured among your friends, if you will make the essential effort. Time is too short to permit another huge mailing. We ask you therefore to:

1. Be responsible for securing 10 letters to President Eisenhower asking for clemency for the Rosenbergs. Write your Republican Congressman and Senators.
2. Raise money and send in contributions for ads, mailing, new delegations to Washington! Money is desperately needed! To put an ad in the Press like the one in the Plain Dealer would cost over 1000 dollars. But the response showed such an ad was an important factor in breaking through the wall of silence in Cleveland on the Rosenbergs.

We urge that from the moment you receive this letter you make every day count in this last great push to save the lives of these two young parents.

Sincerely yours,

Abraham Cronbach
Rabbi Abraham Cronbach

January 23, 1953

Dear Friends:

WE MUST SOUND THE ALARM

The second phase of the campaign for clemency for Ethel and Julius Rosenberg began with the inauguration of President Eisenhower, and we must overcome the inertia which has developed following the great effort which led to their lives being spared on January 14th.

Don Rothenberg, who spent ten days in Washington on the clemency campaign, reports the unanimous feeling of political observers there that it was the tremendous campaign for clemency--the outpouring of over a million letters and wires--the continuous vigil at the White House--the demonstration by over 3000 strong in Washington on January 5th--the newspaper ads all over the country--the strong and determined feelings of the peoples of the world--all these combined to save the Rosenbergs from execution thus far.

The situation both points to the strong possibility of victory and clemency for the Rosenbergs at the hands of President Eisenhower if we renew and repeat all of the efforts we have made up until now, as well as the possibility that we will fail and they will die if we do not do this.

We are presented both with an opportunity and a challenge. We who believe in the cause of the Rosenbergs just simply cannot let inertia grip us when victory is so distinctly possible.

To organize immediately for a renewed campaign the Cleveland Committee has arranged a meeting at the home of Belle Likover, 2061 Goodnor Road, Cleveland Heights, Ohio on Tuesday, January 27, 1953 at 8 p.m. We look forward to seeing you there. We need your help so that all of us together can help save the lives of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg.

Very truly yours,

Bertha Tenenbaum

Bertha Tenenbaum

for

The Ohio Committee to Secure Clemency
in the Rosenberg Case

P.S. Mrs. Likover's home is easy to find--near Cedar and Lee Roads. Take the Heights Express A or B bus, get off at Goodnor and Cedar (two streets east of Lee) and walk one block north.

People Rallying to Save Rosenbergs

—See Page 3



TO SECURE JUSTICE



ISSUED BY COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN ROSENBERG CASE — 1052 6th Ave., N.Y. 18, N.Y., BRyant 9-3694

ROSENBERGS

MUST NOT

Greenglass: The Man Who Sent Sister to Death Cell

Since the day Cain murdered Abel, treachery between blood kin has darkened history's pages. And when David Greenglass dragged his sister Ethel and brother-in-law Julius into an espionage query, he set in motion the events that put them in the death house.

"Baby" of the family, David was Ethel's special pet, as was his wife Ruth. When he came to the Rosenbergs in 1950 hinting he was in trouble, they grew worried but, before anyone could help, the FBI seized Greenglass on \$100,000 bail, held him in solitary confinement and hammered out a barrage of questions.

Greenglass hired lawyer O. John Rogge, who later tried to send world-famed Negro historian Dr. W. E. B. DuBois to jail by testifying against him. That case was thrown out of court but Rogge scored a "success" in helping Greenglass. After negotiating with the FBI and Prosecutor Saypol, the Rosenbergs' names were added to the espionage indictment.

Greenglass claimed he drew a "cross-section diagram" of the bomb and gave it to Ethel and Julius. Scientists, he said, passed by his machine. He said he sneaked up behind them and pecked together scraps of their talk until he was able to draw the diagram and 12 pages of formulae.

This happened in 1944. Seven years later, allegedly without any coaching or notes, Greenglass was able to reproduce that diagram and notes out of



out life: "Illogical, if not downright unworkable."

Yet, on Greenglass' word the Rosenbergs were sentenced to death. No attempt was made to back up this "evidence," no documents or proof of espionage were found or produced.

Greenglass said the Rosenbergs had unlimited Soviet funds, spent \$75 a night on entertainment, paid for students' college education, lent huge sums of money and had a Russian console table with a secret compartment for microfilming.

The government neither proved nor tried to prove this.

WHAT YOU MUST DO

to save the Rosenbergs

1. Send a wire or letter to Pres. Truman. Tell him to "Save the Rosenbergs."

2. Ask your friends, neigh-

MUST I NOT DIE!



ETHEL ROSENBERG

**Religious and other leaders
protest death sentence to
young Jewish couple; urge
President grant clemency**



JULIUS ROSENBERG

179

fications for this tremendous feat? On cross-examination he said he graduated high school but flunked all eight technical courses he later took.

He confessed he knew no math or physics. Yet out of scraps of talk he created "secrets" which, seven years later were still fresh in his mind. And when the government unveiled his "cross-section diagram," the scientific world laughed.

Commenting on such "secrets," internationally-known A-bomb physicist Dr. H. C. Urey said: "Detailed data on the atomic bomb would require 20 to 30 volumes of class print."

Scoffed the Scientific American: "The Greenglass bomb was not much of a secret." Pointed

one who made a living all their lives, did own a console table—before it was seized by the FBI. It cost \$21 at Macy's.

Greenglass, self-confessed spy, will be out of jail in a few short years. His wife, who also called herself a spy, was never tried and is free today. Like Ethel Rosenberg, she has two children. But because of David and Ruth Greenglass' testimony Ethel sits in a death cell while her children lead orphan's lives.

Those who said they were spies are free or soon will be. Those they informed on face death. This is only one of the tragic ironies that riddle this miscarriage of justice.

Unions See Rosenberg Case Similar to Labor Trials

In the Rosenberg Case, trade unionists can see a miscarriage of justice linked closely to the struggles of labor. Not only were the Rosenbergs active union members, but the technique used against them had a sinister resemblance to countless labor trials in American history.

The use of informers ready to incriminate others to protect their own safety or line their own pocketbooks is a well-known tactic. The appearance of professional informer Elizabeth Bentley in the Rosenberg Case, although she failed to identify either the Rosenbergs or Morton Sobell, also reminded many that Miss Bentley has been paid to testify in anti-union trials as well.

When unionists face a jury, they frequently find it "stacked" with representatives of management in the way Negroes are

often tried by all-white juries. Not only were there no Jews on the jury that convicted the Rosenbergs, but among these jurors were to be found bankers, government employees, friends of FBI agents, foremen and managers of big corporations and the like.

There is a strong trade union tradition in America of fighting injustice, a tradition kept alive in struggles to free Sacco and Vanzetti, Tom Mooney, the Scottsboro youths and Willie McGee. That tradition burns even stronger today when union leaders and members themselves face the same treatment meted out to the Rosenbergs.

Bring the facts of the Rosenberg case to your local unions, and to all unions in your city, community or shop.

Send a wire to President Truman, asking him to grant the Rosenbergs clemency.

bors, shopmates and colleagues to do the same.

3. Ask your union, church, synagogue, auxiliary, social club, to send a similar wire or letter.

4. Send a contribution to the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, 1050 6th Ave., New York 18, N. Y. Checks may be made out to Jos. Brainin, Chairman

Jews were fired on charges of communism. (2) Bombings and desecrations of synagogues ranged from Florida, to Philadelphia and Brooklyn. (3) One of the largest Jewish organizations in the U.S., the Jewish People's Fraternal Order, was ordered to dissolve itself. (4) The other "Rosenberg Case," that of Mrs. Anna Rosenberg, an assistant secretary of defense, hit the headlines when she was vilified as a leftist and accused of bearing responsibility for the deaths of thousands of

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In the wake of the Rosenberg trial came this shocking revelation by the New York Times of Dec. 26, 1951, concerning the Oak Ridge A-bomb project: "United States law enforcement officials gave two reasons for the apparent absence of Communists here:

Horror! At the death penalty. Rabbi Louis D. Gross charged: "Did he (the judge) think that the death sentence against the Rosenbergs was necessary to counteract the anti-Semitic charge of Communism against Jews in general? ... the hapless Rosenberg couple may have been victimized by the anti-Communist hysteria which has been sweeping this country with deadly effect." There is a bitter memory of both Hitler's gas-chambers and

his Reichstag framed in the suspicion held by Rabbi Gross and many others. For the inhuman record scrawled by Hitler across history's pages left twin smears of anti-Semitism and anti-Communism ... a trail fascism leaves wherever it is. Christians and Jews alike have come to realize, as the Jewish Daily Forward did when it protested the death sentence: "Every Jewish home will be shattered by this tragedy."

comfort to their two little sons. Alive, a grave miscarriage of justice could be righted.

After you read the facts of this case, turn to Page 4 and see what can be done to save Ethel and Julius Rosenberg from death. See what you and every American can do to erase a bloody stain of injustice from our country's honor.

Wire President Truman to Save the Rosenbergs.

Did the Cold War Doom the Rosenbergs?

Were it not for the cold war between the U. S. and the USSR, would Ethel and Julius Rosenberg be facing death?

The answer is terribly clear. To begin with, the "crimes" imputed to the Rosenbergs were alleged to have taken place in 1944 and 1945 when the Soviet Union was our staunch ally.

"It is difficult," says Rabbi Abraham Cronbach, noted scholar and author, "to see why Russia should, at that time, have found espionage at all necessary. The U.S. was, at that time, sharing its military secrets with Russia."

Secretary of War Henry L. Stimson, in a 1945 memorandum to the President, urged that the A-bomb be shared with the Soviet Union and that the Soviets be "voluntarily invited into the partnership upon a basis of co-operation and trust."

Again, we recall the words of the U.S. government's Smyth Report on atomic bombs: "... the principles that have been used were well known to the international scientific world

in 1940." Backing up this fact, the Atomic Energy Commission itself revealed that the USSR had known the scientific secrets of A-bomb manufacture since

1940. One fact has changed between 1944-5 and 1952. An ally, the USSR is now considered by our government as a cold war enemy.



This cold war has created a crime punishable by death where none existed before.

We are not concerned here with the good or evil of the cold

U. S. AND U. S. S. R. TROOPS shake hands at the historic meeting during World War II when armies of the two allied nations joined to defeat Hitler fascism. It was at this time that the Rosenbergs were alleged by the government to have lost the U. S. S. R. atomic "secrets."

war. But after the "hot" war against Hitler, the cold war between the allies who destroyed Hitler has unleashed a wave of trials and hysteria whose consequences affect every American.

History shows that scapegoats are always found during cold wars when governments want to divert attention from their wrong guesses. Repeatedly during the trial, the Rosenbergs were accused of fomenting the Korean war and giving the A-bomb to the USSR when that nation was supposed not to be able to develop one.

The cold war forms a backdrop for the Rosenberg case, as it does for the trials and jailing of union leaders, writers, scientists, working men and women, teachers, doctors and others. The many honest, peace-loving Americans working to free a mother and father from the death house fear that the Rosenbergs' lives may be sacrificed on the cold war altar.

Our American traditions cry "no!" to this. Helpless pawns in a cold war, the Rosenbergs cannot be allowed to die.

Ask President for Clemency.



TO THE DEATH HOUSE go Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, first persons in the peace-time history of the U.S. to receive the death penalty for an espionage conviction. Millions of Americans are fighting to free this couple from the death house and return them to their two little sons.

Case is Unprecedented Example of Injustice

Today, two young parents face death. The trail that leads from a happy, hard-working home on New York's lower East Side to the death house at Sing Sing is a terribly short one.

In the summer of 1950, Ethel Rosenberg's brother, David Greenglass, was accused of stealing A-bomb secrets from the Los Alamos project. Greenglass said he gave the secrets to the Rosenbergs. (See p. 4 for the inside story of why a brother may have sent his sister to the death house).

Brought to trial on Greenglass' evidence, the Rosenbergs were not charged with any open

crime of espionage. The government prosecutor claimed they were Communists, although he failed to prove that allegation.

The government showed the Rosenbergs "guilty" of carrying sick benefit insurance in an interracial insurance society, of being active union members, of praising our government when it opened a second front against Hitler and, of other such acts which many patriotic citizens knew they themselves had done at one time or another.

If this is "evidence," anyone can be proven guilty of anything.

Although the government time and again announced that the "secret" of the A-bomb was no secret, although the plans Greenglass made proved "downright unworkable," and "made little scientific sense," according to Life and Time magazines, the government prosecutor claimed the Rosenbergs stole "the one weapon that might well hold the key to the survival of this nation."

The judge meted out death, saying: "... your conduct has already caused..." the Communist aggression in Korea...

millions more of innocent people may pay the price of your treason."

For almost two years, Ethel and Julius Rosenberg have awaited death. For two years their little sons have lived the "loveless life of orphans. Only the shocked anger of millions of decent Americans can keep the Rosenbergs from the electric chair.

Contributing dimes and dollars to secure justice for this doomed couple, Americans have made it possible for the monstrous verdict to be appealed through the courts until, this month, the Supreme Court refused even to hear the case. But new steps are being taken... and more and more Americans must rally to defend the Rosenbergs.

Fifty thousand have signed a legal brief urging a new trial. Millions more must support the campaign for clemency. While one single doubt of their guilt remains, the Rosenbergs must not die!

Men and women have been executed, only to have history prove them innocent. If the government kills the Rosenbergs,

Jewish Aspects of Case Stir Wide Scale Protest

With Jewish defendants, a Jewish judge and prosecutor there are a number of obvious Jewish aspects to the Rosenberg case... and some not so obvious.

New York's citizens, for example, are one-third Jewish. Yet not one Jew sat on the jury that found the Rosenbergs guilty. Prosecutor Irving Saypol has been criticized by the U.S. Court of Appeals for playing on another jury's prejudice against a Jewish witness in another case.

These are obvious aspects; here are some less obvious ones. The Rosenbergs were indicted and tried during a period when the following things were taking place:

(1) Eight New York teachers

Americans in Korea.

The Rosenbergs got death for treason in a peace-time trial, first such sentence in our history. But Tokyo Rose and Axis Sally, convicted of wartime treason, got a few years.

Anti-Semites took the Rosenberg sentence as a green light, unleashing a flood of obscene

and a predominance of pure Anglo-Saxon stock...

Many rabbis and Jewish editors, alert to the Jewish aspects of this case, have taken fearless stands against it. Said the California Jewish Voice: "... a shameful precedent... anti-Semites will wield... to bludgeon ALL

Rosenbergs Face Death; Traitors Go Free

During World War II four men stole vital aircraft secrets and passed them on to Hitler Germany. Caught and tried in the spy case known as U. S. vs. Morzahn, they were found guilty and given five to 15 years each. Ilse Koch, "Beast of Belsen," was given amnesty. Yet the Rosenbergs face death.

The notorious American traitors "Axis Sally" and "Tokyo

Rose," found guilty of treason during World War II, got ten years in jail. Both will soon be free while the Rosenbergs face death.

Dr. Klaus Emil Fuchs, confessed A-bomb spy, was found guilty and sentenced to 14 years. Fuchs, the man the government claims to have headed the American spy ring, will soon be free. The Rosenbergs face death. WHY?

People Join Across Land, Urge Justice In Rosenberg Case

Within 24 hours after the Supreme Court refused to hear the Rosenberg case, thousands of wires and letters flooded Washington, dozens of huge protest meetings were organized across the nation and the Rosenberg Committee's office was engulfed by calls, telegrams and cables, all asking one question: "What must we do now to save the Rosenbergs?"

From every walk of life, rich and poor, Christian and Jew, Negro and white, religious leaders of every faith, a great wave of letters and wires is urging the President to grant the Rosenbergs clemency.

Not only individuals, but organizations, unions, religious groups, women's and civic clubs, educational groups and scores of others are sending their resolutions to President Truman in the hope that this will impress upon him the urgent need for clemency.

Among the more than 50,000 Americans who have signed an amicus brief urging justice for the Rosenbergs are such prominent civic, cultural and religious leaders as: Rabbi L. A. Greenberg, Rev. Clarence D. Herriott, Prof. John J. DeRoer, Albert Maltz, Rabbi Jacob Hoffman, Rev. Amos

Rosenbergs an Ordinary Couple 'til Horror Struck

Who are Ethel and Julius Rosenberg? What kind of people are they?

Julius 34, born and raised on New York's lower East Side, attended public school and the Downtown Torah and Hebrew High School. When he graduated from CCNY with a B.A. in engineering in 1939, he and Ethel were married.

Ethel, 36, took courses in bookkeeping, typing, Hebrew, piano and child psychology after graduating from high school. Once married, she and Julius had to live with relatives until they found a \$45-a-month apartment on the lower East Side.

About the time their first child was born, Julius worked as a Signal Corps engineer. But in 1945 he was fired because someone accused him of Communist Party membership. He denied this, but in vain.

After other engineering jobs, Julius opened a machine shop with two of Ethel's brothers. The Rosenbergs managed on this slim income; Julius became an active member of his union while Ethel did volunteer civil defense and commu-

Sobell Gets 30 Years on No Evidence but 'Friend's' Word

Morton Sobell, co-defendant with the Rosenbergs, was sentenced to 30 years in prison on no evidence at all. How this happened is a nightmare all the more terrifying for being true.

The FBI combed the CCNY graduating class which included Julius Rosenberg, questioned every member and finally found one who had something to hide, Max Elitcher, an engineer who perjured himself when applying for a government job. Faced with a severe penalty for this, Elitcher readily agreed to "cooperate."

When the FBI called on an-

never mentioned before. On this and this alone, with no acts of espionage charged against him, Sobell was tried and sentenced to 30 years in jail.

Before the trial, no one knew that Elitcher had secretly implicated Sobell. With her husband in jail, Mrs. Sobell was forced to sell all her possessions

Murphy, Ray Lev, Rev. H. H. Hester, Leon Bibb, Dr. Joseph B. Furst and Rabbi Abraham Horvitz.

Also Pablo Picasso, Rabbi Meyer Sharff, Rev. K. L. Tinner, Paul Robeson, Judge Norval K. Harris, Prof. Ephraim Cross, Rev. T. E. Brown, Mrs. Charlotta Bass, Rev. Mother Lena Stokes, Jacob Auslander, Dashiell Hammett, Rev. Willard Uphaus, Yuri Suhl, Rev. Frank Glenn White and Clements J. France.

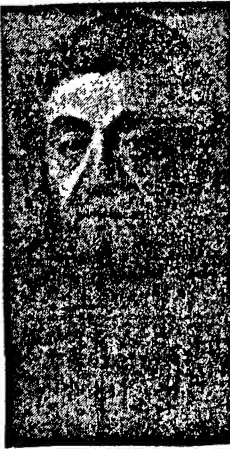
Also Dorothy Day, editor of Catholic Worker, Rev. Charles William Campbell, Dr. Gene Weltfish, Robert Gwathmey, Rev. R. D. Rudd, Howard Fast, Dr. W. E. B. Dubois, John Gojack, John Howard Lawson, Rabbi Moe Kay P. Mann, Mrs. Bessie Mitchell and A. L. Pomerantz.

The list of those who have publicly spoken out against the Rosenberg injustice is a long one, including many religious and civil leaders like: Rabbi Franklin Cohn, Rev. Stephen Fritchman, Rev. Howard Matson, Brig. Gen. Henry Clay Newcomer (Ret.), and Robert Kenny, leading member of the Los Angeles Democratic Party.

Prominent among those seeking justice in the case is the noted Jewish leader, Rabbi Dr. Meyer Sharff, who says:

"I am guided by our Holy Torah and by our Prophets. I, an Orthodox Rabbi, am firmly convinced that Ethel and Julius Rosenberg and Morton Sobell... are entitled to a hearing in the Supreme Court of the U.S. I have studied and pondered the facts. . . I came to the firm conviction that something had to be done to save these persons from an undeserved fate.

"It is inconceivable to me that in our country a death sentence should be so lightly given. . . I consider it my profound duty to address myself to friends and foes, to all, be they Jews or non-Jews, irrespective of . . . political persuasion, to participate in the work of securing justice for the Rosenbergs and Sobell."



any work. When David Greenglass, one of the machine shop partners, pulled out of the business, Julius agreed to pay him \$1,000. But later, in the Spring of 1950, David demanded \$2,000, hinting that he was in trouble on his job at the Los Alamos A-bomb project. He spoke about vaccinations needed to get into Mexico. Julius and Ethel simply could not scrape together \$1,000 in cash, much less \$2,000. When they said so, David became angry. "Well, Julie," he said, ". . . if you don't get me that money, you are going to be sorry." (For Greenglass' part in the case, see elsewhere.)

The Rosenbergs found out what that threat meant. Greenglass confessed to stealing A-bomb secrets. The first thing Julius knew, the FBI haled him in for questioning. Later he and Ethel were arrested and stood trial for allegedly passing on to the Soviet Union the "secrets" Greenglass said he stole.

Separated from her husband, Ethel wrote him a letter from her death cell, part of which reads: "The children's snapshots . . . smile sweetly upon me. . . I shall find that 'courage, confidence and perspective' to see me through the days and nights of bottomless horror, of tortured screams I may not utter."

"When you see the Warden next," Ethel begged her attorney, "won't you plead with him to allow me to have Michael's plant outside the cell?" Her son had sent her a green plant she was not allowed to see. "At the very least, couldn't I see it just once?"

One of the little boys who sent the plant his mother was not allowed to see, Robbie Rosenberg, has spent almost half his young life without seeing his beloved mother or father.

other or the graduating class, Elitcher's back-yard neighbor and engineer friend, Morton Sobell, they found the Sobell family away on a vacation to Mexico, registered under their own names and without any subterfuge, as honest folk do with nothing to fear.

But the FBI broke into Sobell's Mexico City room, blackjacked and kidnapped him by car to New York where he was held on \$100,000 bail . . . with no case against him.

Returning to Elitcher, the FBI held the threat of prison over his head. He made a statement implicating Sobell, whom he had

to false money for his defense. At the time she was grateful that their "friend and neighbor" Elitcher, who owed his very job to Sobell's kindness, bought some of her baby's things at a sacrifice price. She thanked him, little realizing that he was the sole cause of her trouble.

Never once did Elitcher testify that Sobell had committed espionage. Never once was there any proof of this charge. But Sobell was given 30 years in jail. Today his wife fights for his and the Rosenbergs' freedom, in the hope that decent Americans everywhere will wipe out the gross injustice of their sentences.



TWO FIGHTING WOMEN join hands to battle for justice as Mrs. Helen Sobell (left), wife of Morton Sobell, receives a pledge of support from Mrs. Rosalee McGee, widow of Willie McGee, martyred victim of Mississippi "justice."

MINNEAPOLIS COMMITTEE
TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

67d
Dear Friend:

Attached is a brochure on Julius and Ethel Rosenberg SENTENCED TO DEATH for alleged espionage.

No American has ever been executed for such a crime. For the much more serious crime of treason Axis Sally and Tokyo Rose got light prison sentences. In the fall of 1941 four men who gave vital secrets to Germany got sentences as light as five years. Why then, on a lesser charge, did the Rosenbergs receive the death sentence, first in the history of America?

Thousands of people, among them many prominent figures, do not believe the Rosenbergs guilty, or that their trial was fair. Thousands more who have grave doubts of their guilt, are horrified at the death sentence. The Rosenbergs have maintained their innocence from the day of their arrest. When Ethel Rosenberg was led to the death cell at Sing Sing, she said, "We said and say again that we are the victims of the grossest type of political frameup ever known in America."

If she is right, can anyone be safe when such injustice can be done? Dare it go unchallenged?

We urge you to read carefully the attached brochure and attend a meeting to hear this case discussed.

COME
TUESDAY JUNE 24 8 P.M. ANDREWS HOTEL
HEAR
RABBI G. GEORGE FOX of CHICAGO

Rabbi of the Chicago South Shore Temple, columnist for the Anglo-Jewish newspaper, "The Chicago Sentinel", and one of the most widely known Rabbis of the Middle West. An eminent scholar and author, he says, "I am certain that Judge Kaufman's decision will be found unjust, if not illegal."

We urge you to write the Supreme Court and tell them to review the facts of this case and to grant a new trial to the Rosenbergs in an atmosphere free of hysteria and political prejudice.

Minneapolis Committee
To Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case.

Executive Committee
Dr. Irving E. Putnam
Michael Baker
Marian LeSueur
Fred Ptashne

67d

256

Date _____

New York Committee for Clemency for the Rosenbergs
1050-60 Sixth Avenue
New York, N. Y.

Please send me:

_____ Tickets for the April 26th Randall's Island Rally @
\$1.00 each.

_____ Leaflets advertising the Rally.

_____ Other material _____ (Describe).

NAME _____
(Organization)

_____ (Individual)

ADDRESS _____

New York Committee for Clemency
for the Rosenbergs

1050 Sixth Avenue • New York 18, N. Y.

BRyant 9-9683

Chairman
PROF. EPHRAIM CROSS

Executive Secretary
EMILY ALMAN

March 25, 1953

Dear Friends:

American labor has always been opposed to unfair verdicts and to excessive punishments. And for good reason. Labor itself has been the greatest victim of inflamed and prejudiced newspapers and courts.

For such reasons labor and other organizations and individuals of prominence throughout the world have joined in the plea to spare the lives of the Rosenbergs.

Among those who have spoken out on this issue are the Building Trades Council of San Francisco, AFL; the General Council of Ford Local 600, UAW-CIO; Patrick E. Gorman, International Secretary-Treasurer of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butchers AFL and countless others.

The London (England) Trades Council has expressed its "horror and dismay". Labor in practically every country in the world - including Italy, Japan, Ireland, France, Israel, Australia, etc. has asked for clemency.

Dr. Harold C. Urey, foremost atomic scientist has expressed grave doubts and said he believes the Rosenbergs' testimony rather than the government witnesses. Albert Einstein agrees with him.

All faiths have joined in asking clemency. His Holiness Pope Pius XII, 2400 American Protestant Clergymen, 20 Rabbis of Israel as well as the entire Rabbinate of France, are among the world religious leaders to join the growing demands for justice and mercy.

So many thousands of New Yorkers have already spoken out for clemency, that we have engaged the Triborough Stadium on Randall's Island in which to hold a Clemency Rally on Sunday, April 26th. All faiths will be represented; one of the highlights of the meeting will be an interfaith prayer for mercy and justice. We are sure that the Labor Movement will want to be well represented.

*We enclose ten tickets at \$1.00 each, and urge that you purchase these for distribution among your officers and members.

*We also enclose two copies of the Amicus Brief, for the collection of signatures. Since the time for submission of these Briefs to the United States Supreme Court is limited, we urge early action.

Page 2

Should you need additional tickets or copies of the Brief, please get in touch with us. We shall be glad to cooperate with you in every way possible.

We can retain our traditional American liberties only by fighting against injustice or abuse. It was Thomas Jefferson who said: "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty." It is still true today.

We hope we can count on your support.

Sincerely yours,

Ephraim Cross

PROFESSOR EPHRAIM CROSS
CHAIRMAN

EC:vn
enclosures

Dear Mr. [unclear]

We the undersigned, from
your community wish to
urge you in the light of
the present from present
[unclear] [unclear] and present
[unclear] are internationally to
support [unclear] for the life of
[unclear]

The practice of death is
repugnant to American history
and if the practice is carried
out much prestige will be lost
by our government.

If you agree with the
[unclear] we would like to
[unclear] the following [unclear]

that you can take to have
the letter printed & distributed to
the

1. A personal letter from you
to President Lincoln urging
him to grant Clemens

2. A public statement expressing
your views for Clemens

3. Speaking for Clemens on the
House floor & getting your
remarks in the Congressional
Record

We hope you will give the
cause your cooperation. Sincerely

James O. Lane - 307 King St. Wash. D.C. 47 Bldg.
Charles H. Davis - 100-11 4th St. New York
William M. Syre - 226 Atlantic Ave. N.Y.C. 11
Joseph R. Seligman - 95 Leonard St. N.Y.C. 11

Miss Evelyn Garrett 320 Morris Bklyn

Rebecca Korn 168 Ten Eyck Wk Bklyn

David Rosenberg 14-15th St. Mary Ave

Ben Donist 383 So. 3rd St.

Mrs. Hunter Gustin 237 Penn St Bklyn

William Klenck 100-55th St. 39th St. 3
330 Kensington

Patricia Jamnikowski 214 So 2nd St

Rosemary Lusk 344 Clinton Ave Bklyn

Belle Meyer 73-23rd St. Bklyn

Louise Jones 160-10th St. 77th St. Portland Bklyn

Ephie Becker 8 Monument Walk Bklyn

Stan Cohen 46 Washington Cr Bklyn

Pete Jaffe 255 Waver Ave Bklyn

Irving Isaacson 238 Varian Ave Bklyn

Alvin Rosenberg 556 Morningside

Edith Rosenberg

Committee To Secure Justice In The Rosenberg Case

1050 SIXTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 18, N. Y.

Phone BR 9-3694

Dear Mr. Congressman:

Dec. 31, 1952

We greet you upon your arrival in Washington for the opening of Congress. Knowing well the pressing problems that confront the legislature and you personally, we nevertheless are compelled to bespeak your interest in a matter that unfortunately is literally a question of life and death, and one that must be decided within the very next few days—before the week of Jan. 12th.

The general press has already informed you that a tremendous number of Americans from all over the country and all stations in life have expressed their belief that the sentence of death visited upon Ethel and Julius Rosenberg (and indirectly upon their sons, Michael, age 9 and Robbie, age 5) should be commuted by the President.

We enclose a sampling of the pleas that have been made by our citizenry, as well as some expressions of interested opinion from abroad.

The reasons given for clemency are many. Hundreds of thousands of Americans who assume even that the Rosenbergs are guilty, speak out for clemency, arguing that: 1) the sentence is unprecedented in war or peace on such a charge; 2) others convicted here and abroad on the same charges have been given prison terms of from two to 14 or 15 years; 3) that the atmosphere attending the trial was charged with such hostility outside the courtroom that the strict administration of justice was rendered overly difficult; 4) that whatever information the Rosenbergs may have transmitted, if they were guilty, was given to Russia at a time when, in 1944-5, that country was a military ally of ours; 5) that had the Rosenbergs been tried in 1944, when their acts were presumably committed, they would undoubtedly not have been sentenced to death.

Then there are those who believe that there are unresolved doubts about the guilt of the Rosenbergs, especially now in view of the fact that FBI Agent John A. Harrington, connected with the prosecution of the case, admitted on December 1, 1952 in a sworn affidavit that he personally knew that some of the prosecution witnesses had committed perjury on the witness stand when testifying against the Rosenbergs. Also, it must be remembered that the Rosenbergs have protested their complete innocence from the first and continue to do so in the very shadow of a drastically reduced sentence if they will "confess." Their reply continues to be that they cannot confess to a crime they did not commit.

The persons who have thus expressed themselves are extremely diverse in their opinions and in their approach to the case. Yet all of them are united in one firm belief that the sentence should be commuted.

We trust that you will be moved to intercede with the President in behalf of a commutation of sentence.

If you wish any additional material, including a complete transcript of the record (which has been printed by this committee as a public service), we shall be glad to help you.

Very truly yours,

JOSEPH BRAININ, Chairman

DAVID ALMAN, Executive Secretary

WE BEG TO DIFFER, MR. PRESIDENT:

THE ROSENBERGS DID NOT GET THEIR FULL MEASURE OF JUSTICE

- ★ The U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals says that Prosecutor Saypol committed reprehensible acts which cannot be so severely condemned as when publicly believed to be prejudicial. During trial, the defendant may move for a mistrial or may request the trial judge to caution the jury to disregard it. We may assume that in this case a cautionary instruction would not suffice and that if defendant had moved for a new trial, it should have been granted. It was never granted.
- ★ The Supreme Court was divided in this case. Justice Frankfurter said that the refusal to retry was on technical legal grounds, and not on the merits of the case.
- ★ The FBI Agent, John Harbington, admitted on December 1, 1952, that he helped in important witness in this case to the under oath.
- ★ The U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals declared that, without the testimony of Dr. Greenglass, the conviction could not stand. On this testimony was not corroborated by a single other witness. According to the distinguished British Lawyer and Queen's Counsel, David Pritt, "There were an unusually large number of reasons for mistrusting the evidence of David Greenglass. He expressly said he hoped to obtain some advantage for himself as a result of giving evidence against the Rosenbergs. Such evidence from such sources cannot be regarded as reliable."
- ★ Chief Justice James Wolfe of Utah, Judge Norval H. Harris, Professor Stephen Love, Paul A. Marshall, Charles, and other eminent jurists and lawyers say that the Rosenbergs did not get a fair trial, and that the sentence was unprecedentedly severe.
- ★ Dr. Albert Einstein, Dr. Edward Teller, and many other scientists in the world say that there was no reason to be disclosed.

MR. PRESIDENT:

THE EYES OF THE WORLD ARE UPON YOU, OUR ELECTED REPRESENTATIVE. LISTEN TO THE PLEAS FOR MERCY FROM

- THIS HOLINESS, POPE PIUS XII
- RABBI ABBA WILLEL SILVER
- 300 PROTESTANT CLERGYMEN
- EDITORS, THE NEW AMERICAN
- DR. ALBERT EINSTEIN
- DR. HAROLD C. UREY

and
TENS OF MILLIONS OF PEOPLE THROUGHOUT THE ENTIRE WORLD

RECONSIDER YOUR DECISION - COMMUTE THE DEATH SENTENCE

WHAT EVERY CITIZEN CAN DO

WRITE OR PHONE THE President, White House, Washington, D. C., asking him to reconsider and commute the death sentence.

ENDORSE the appeal for mercy and justice which will be submitted to the President, sign and mail to the Committee for the Union, Church & Country to save the Rosenbergs.

Fill in your name and address, and publish this appeal.

Name _____

Address _____

City _____ State _____ Zip _____

Committee for the Union, Church & Country to save the Rosenbergs
1072 Potomac Street, Washington, D. C.

OPEN LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT

Please return this copy signed

Dear Mr. President:

At this season, when men and women are happy in the remembrance of the birth of Him whose message is love and who admonishes us to forsake vengeance, we earnestly ask you to commute the sentences of death passed upon Julius and Ethel Rosenberg.

We are not partisans. Our plea does not hang on the question of the Rosenbergs' guilt or innocence, nor the degree of their wrong doing. We ask you in the spirit of the love which casts out fear to mitigate a punishment of such terrible finality, and which, for the offense, is unique in our history.

With the opening of the New Year, we appeal to you for this sign to the whole world that America today, as always, places her trust in a merciful God, and staunchly refuses to be frightened from her faith in the humane practices of democracy.

Signature

Title or Position (for identification only)

tear here

COPY FOR YOUR FILES

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SPONSORING CLERGYMEN

P.O. Box 136

Madison Square Station

New York 10, New York

CLEMENCY DINNER
HOTEL CAPITOL
EIGHTH AVENUE & 51st Street
New York, New York

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

OUTSTANDING LAW PROFESSOR TO CHAIR
ROSENBERG CLEMENCY DINNER

NEW YORK, N.Y.—Prof. Stephen S. Love, professor of law at Northwestern University, Evanston, Ill., will be featured as chairman of a Clemency Dinner here on March 18th, it was announced today by the Rosenberg Clemency Committee, sponsors of the event.

Prof. Love, the author of numerous legal works, a member of the Illinois and Chicago Bar, is slated to introduce a number of internationally prominent figures who will appeal for clemency in the case of Ethel and Julius Rosenberg.

Among the speakers will be the Hon. Sidney Silverman, Member of Parliament, London, England. The dinner, at \$25-a-plate, will be held at the Hotel Capitol, Eighth Ave. and 51st St., in New York, with lenten and dietary laws observed.

One thousand Americans of varying faiths and political beliefs are expected to attend. The Clemency Committee is made up of religious leaders, professors and scientists, cultural, professional and community figures and leaders of the Negro people.

Urging everyone to attend the dinner, the Committee suggested that wherever necessary, friends, co-workers and neighbors pool their resources to send representatives to this historic event.

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Committee To Secure Justice In The Rosenberg Case

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE
March 15, 1953

JOSEPH BRAJNIN
Chairman

DAVID ALMAN
Executive Secretary

CLEMENCY SENTIMENT FOR ROSENBERGS

RISING ACROSS UNITED STATES AS

NEWSPAPERS AND INDIVIDUALS SPEAK OUT

1050 SIXTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 18, N. Y.
BRyant 9-9694

SPONSORS (Partial List)

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Lea Strom
Lola Timmins
Elizabeth Todd
Dr. Leonard Tushnet
Dr. Gene Weffsh

NEW YORK, N.Y. --- (ROUNDUP) --- Since President Eisenhower's denial of clemency to Ethel & Julius Rosenberg, public sentiment for commutation of the death sentences has increased, it was reported today by the National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg case.

In the Christian Science Monitor of Feb. 27th, Joseph C. Harsch writes: "There is room for a question, however, whether execution (of the Rosenbergs) will best serve the long-term interests of the United States...."

Under the headline "Why Kill Them," the Buffalo News asks: "Will the taking of their lives accomplish any good purpose?...killing them won't solve any problems."

Discussing the Pope's appeal to Pres. Eisenhower to spare the Rosenbergs' lives, the Des Moines Register suggests that "it might be a good stroke...if a popular move to abolish the death penalty got going...." In another editorial the Register points out that "There is certainly unequal justice in electrocuting the Rosenbergs and letting Klaus Fuchs...off so easily."

The University of Minnesota Daily calls a denial of clemency "another blow against the unity America is trying to achieve in Europe."

Alarmed at red-baiting attacks on those who seek clemency for the Rosenbergs, the Mitchell, S.D. Republic demands that "Americans must continue to stand up for what they think is right..."

In like vein, Rabbi A.H. Blumenthal of Mt. Vernon, N.Y., in a letter to the Argus there charges that "it is the height of irresponsibility to label all who are opposed to the death sentence as 'Commies or Pinkos.'"



Committee To Secure Justice In The Rosenberg Case

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE
MARCH 16, 1953

JOSEPH BRAININ
Chairman
DAVID ALMAN
Executive Secretary

1050 SIXTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 18, N. Y.
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TEXT OF FRENCH ASSOCIATION OF RABBIS PLEA TO PRESIDENT FOR CLEMENCY FOR ROSENBERGS

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Waldo Frank
Joseph Friedman
John Gojcek
B. Z. Goldberg
Shirley Graham
Nahum Greenberg
Louise Harding Hott
Rev. Spencer Kennard
Hon. Robert Morris Lovett
Dr. Bernard Lubke
Dr. John Marshall
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Mrs. Bessie Mitchell
Capt. Hugh N. Mahan
William A. Roobee
Dr. John L. Simon
Leon Strous
Lola Timmins
Elizabeth Todd
Dr. Leonard Tumbart
Dr. Gene Wolfish

On January 2, 1953, the French Association Of Rabbis addressed a plea to President Eisenhower for clemency for Ethel & Julius Rosenberg.

Like news of Pope Pius XII intervention, the action of the French Rabbis was, so far as the Committee has been able to learn, kept from the President.

Following is the text of the plea made by the French Rabbis:

"Mr. President:

"The Rabbinate of France, profoundly moved by the death sentence pronounced on Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, but wishing to avoid any exploitation of this plea for political purposes, respectfully appeals directly to you to implore you to use your prerogative of clemency in their behalf.

"Troubled in conscience by certain indications, and convinced together with an important section of public opinion of the extreme severity of the sentence handed down by Judge Irwin Kaufman, the French Rabbinate joins with all European persons - sincere friends of American democracy - in asking this measure of clemency in the very name of our common ideal of justice and of generosity which we derive from the Bible.

"With confidence in the spirit of equity and humanity to which your life bears testimony, the French Rabbinate hopes, Mr. President, that you will not allow to be carried out this punishment which is without precedent in the West and which, in addition to the persons of the Rosenberg couple, will affect two young children."

ASSOCIATION DES RABBINS FRANCAIS

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ROSENBERG CLEMENCY DINNER

1050 SIXTH AVENUE

NEW YORK 18; NEW YORK

BRyant-9-9407

FOR RELEASE:
THURSDAY MARCH 18th, 6 AM

OVERFLOW AUDIENCE CROWDS NEW YORK

CLEMENCY DINNER FOR ROSENBERGS; HEARS

PROMINENT FIGURES ASK FOR CLEMENCY

NEW YORK, N. Y.—More than one thousand persons thronged the Hotel Capitol last night (Wednesday, March 18th) to oversubscribe the historic \$25-a-plate Clemency Dinner held there under the auspices of the Rosenberg Clemency Committee.

Crowding the auditorium to over-capacity, the audience heard dinner chairman Dr. Stephen S. Love, outstanding law professor of Northwestern University and prominent Chicago attorney, review the legal aspects of the Rosenberg clemency campaign. (no advance text available)

Joining Dr. Love on the speaker's rostrum was Rabbi Dr. Abraham Cronbach, professor emeritus of Cincinnati's Hebrew Union College and noted Hebrew scholar, who gave his reasons for urging clemency.

The audience also heard Mrs. Mary Church Terrell, internationally known educator, author, and fighter for the rights of the Negro people, last week awarded the National Negro Press Association's annual award for outstanding service to the Negro people.

The eminent theologian, Dr. Bernard Loomer, dean of the University of Chicago's Divinity School, added his voice to the appeals for clemency. (Note: if atmospheric conditions permit, the Hon. Sydney Silverman, British M. P. barred from attending the meeting by the State Department, was to have addressed the dinner by trans-Atlantic telephone.

In addition to those listed above, the Clemency Dinner was sponsored by a group of distinguished trade union, cultural, scientific and community leaders including:

Dr. Mortimer Richard Camiel, noted radiologist and cancer specialist of the Sloan-Kettering Institute and member of the American Association for the Advancement of Science.

Leon Beverly, president of District 3, Packinghouse Workers of America, CIO, and prominent Chicago Negro leader.

Waldo Frank, celebrated author; David Harker, director of the Polytechnic Institute of Brooklyn.

Earl B. Dickerson, president of the National Lawyer's Guild and noted in the Chicago area for his leadership in gaining civil rights for the Negro people.

Dr. Philip Morrison, distinguished atomic physicist of Syracuse University; The Rev. Dr. David Rhys Williams, of the First Unitarian Church of Rochester, N. Y.

b7d

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ROSENBERG CLEMENCY DINNER

1050 SIXTH AVENUE
NEW YORK 18, NEW YORK

BRyant 9-9407

ADVANCE STORY

FOR RELEASE:

THURSDAY,
MARCH 19TH A.M.

HUNDREDS OF INTERNATIONAL GREETINGS
ARRIVE AT CAPACITY CLEMENCY DINNER HERE

NEW YORK, N.Y.—The oversubscribed \$25-a-plate Clemency Dinner held here last night at the Hotel Capitol received hundreds of messages of greeting and pledges of continued support from overseas in the campaign to win clemency for the Rosenbergs, it was announced this morning by the Rosenberg Clemency Committee, sponsors of the event.

By cable, telegram and air mail, the messages arrived from the four corners of the earth sent by prominent scientists, labor leaders, attorneys, men of letters and members of parliament.

M. Julien Racamond, secretary of the CGT of France (General Confederation of Workers), with a membership of over five million, cabled this message: "We will not rest until our protests to Pres. Eisenhower are heard and the Rosenbergs receive justice."

M. Gilbert De Chambrun, deputy of the French National Assembly and descendant of Lafayette holds an hereditary honorary U.S. citizenship, cabled: "I hope that Ethel and Julius Rosenberg obtain clemency as demanded by the greatest section of public opinion in all countries of the world."

Adding his voice to the clemency appeals was Chief Government Attorney Mornet of France, presiding judge at the trial of Marshall

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Pétain, who said: "I consider the testimony on which the Rosenbergs were convicted as in no way conclusive. The decision to save them will be made in a country whose love of democracy and liberty is equal to that of France."

The distinguished British attorney, D.N. Pritt, Queen's Counselor, sent an appeal for clemency as did the French Pastor, Father L. Vienney. Some of the other expressions of clemency were the following:

Willem Ellschott, Antwerp, Belgium; the All-China Federation of Labor, Peking; the Norwegian Section of the Women's Democratic Federation, Oslo; the International Society of Democratic Lawyers, Paris;

The Belgian Association of Men of Letters; the World Democratic League of Helsinki, Finland and a group from the Finnish parliament; a group of leaders from Westland, Dunedin and Wellington, New Zealand.

The Union of Italian Women, Rome; Tomasso Smith, Italian member of Parliament; Asian leaders of Japan and Thailand; the Nordic Workers Conference, Oslo; the Cultural Union of Journalists, Finland;

A group of prominent British scientists headed by Nobel Prize winner J. D. Bernal; the secretariat of the National Lawyers Association of Paris; Prof. Weill-Halle, of the French Academy of Medicine;

The Democratic Rights Council of Sydney, Australia; a group of Stockholm physicians and Swedish labor leaders; Therese Marix, librarian of Sorbonne University, Paris; a group of Mexican cultural leaders and a student-faculty group of the Ecole Normale, Paris.

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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

NEW APPEALS FROM EUROPE
AND ASIA URGE CLEMENCY

New York, N.Y., March 13, 1953 --- A clemency petition addressed to the U.S. government is being signed by hundreds of people in Trieste, urging that the Rosenbergs be returned to their two small boys.

In Paris, the nationally prominent attorney Paul Villard is circulating the Rosenberg's clemency petition among his colleagues, as Italian lawyers are also planning to do.

"People of all creeds and political opinions in France," Villard reports, "pray for the salvation of the two innocents, Julius and Ethel Rosenberg. Millions of people have their name and picture in their hearts."

At the memorial tablet erected in Genoa, Italy to murdered partisan fighters, a wreath has just been placed with a placard asking: "Let us give back the Rosenbergs to their sons."

The Democratic Women's Organization of Israel has petitioned the president to "commute the murderous death sentence and ... prevent the assassination of innocent people. We Jewish women regard this brutal sentence ... (as) injuring the honor of every honest person."

A number of outstanding French Catholics have appealed for clemency, including Father Martin Berger; Louis Martin Chauffier, co-manager of Figaro; Albert Beguin, executive editor of Esprit, and senators, deputies and professionals.

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The Independent Labor Party of England adds "our voice to others and appeal (s) to the President of the U.S.A. that the Rosenbergs should be allowed to live."

In both East and West zones of Germany, attorneys, pastors, artists and trade unionists have joined in asking clemency. These include Stuttgart and Stockstadt victims of the Nazi Regime, 150 citizens of Muhlheim, all employees of an Oschersleben candy factory, the Hamburg Tenant's Association, the former Attorney-general of Ludwigshafen and many others.

Belgian senators and congressmen of many political beliefs have joined Henri Rolin, head of the senate, directors of hospitals and other public services, attorneys and journalists in urging President Eisenhower to grant the Rosenbergs clemency.

In Peking, Shen Chun-ju, Vice President of the International Association of Lawyers, stated: "I fully support the American people's struggle for ... the release of the innocent Rosenbergs." Dr. Nei Ju-ao, former judge of the Far East International Military Tribunal, termed the death sentence a "most brutal insult to human justice."

Lutheran, Congregationalist and ministers of other denominations held a public prayer meeting in Peking for the Rosenbergs, followed by an appeal from 18 Chinese Christian churches and societies, including YMCA's calling on U.S. Christians to work for clemency for the Rosenbergs.

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NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
1050 SIXTH AVENUE
NEW YORK, NEW YORK

March 5, 1953

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

NOTED ITALIAN FIGURES PROTEST
ROSENBERG DEATH SENTENCE

NEW YORK, N.Y.---While signs and slogans go up on walls all over Italy protesting the death sentences meted out to Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, world-famed figures of every political belief there are taking public stands on the controversial case, asking that clemency be granted the couple.

Alberto Moravia, whose novels including A Woman of Rome have gained an international audience, called the dooming of the Rosenbergs "an infamous act" which moved him "to indignation.... humanely speaking there is no proportion between the guilt attributed to the Rosenbergs and the death penalty."

Joining Moravia was the outstanding film director, Giuseppe De Santis, famed for his movie Bitter Rice, who scored President Eisenhower's denial of clemency to the Rosenbergs. "Too many doubts have sprung up on all sides," DeSantis charged. "Even the conservative press has had to admit it and is fighting...for clemency."

The dean of Italian letters, one of his nation's greatest living poets, Salvatore Quasimodo, who is strongly anti-Communist, said, "How shameful is the spilling of this blood!"

In addition to these and other statements, a group of leading cultural figures addressed a crowded public meeting on March 1st in one of Rome's largest theatres, Teatro Valle. Under the slogan: "SAVE THE LIVES OF ETHEL AND JULIUS ROSENBERG," such leaders as Prof. Concetto Marchesi of the University of Padua, film star Marina Berti, renowned poet Sibilla Aleramo and Senator Terracini called for clemency.

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Labor unions and leaders who have called for clemency . . .

(Partial List)

The General Council of 57,000-member Ford Local 600, CIO Auto Workers

Chevrolet Local 659, CIO Auto Workers
Northwest Local 163, CIO Auto Workers
Locals 905, 981, AFL Painters
Local 1, AFL Bakery Workers
Local 1, AFL Jewelry Workers
Local 107, AFL Paper Bag Workers
Local 65, CIO Shoe Workers
Local 140, CIO Furniture Workers
Local 1782, AFL Carpenters Union

Local 23-75, Woodworkers, CIO
Local 735, Mine, Mill & Smelter Workers Union
Locals 6 & 26, Longshore & Warehousemen's Union
N. Y. Joint Council, Int. Fur & Leather Workers
Fur Dressers & Dyers Joint Board
N. Y. Branch, Marine Cooks & Stewards
Local 555, Teachers Union
"Organized Labor," Official Publication of the
AFL San Francisco Building Trades Council

PATRICK GORMAN, Int'l Sec'y-Treas., Meat

Cutters and Butcher Workmen, AFL

ABE WILDER, President, Local 1946,
United Mine Workers, Balkan, Kentucky

DON W. HARRIS, President, District Council 8,
United Electrical, Radio & Machine Workers

THOMAS HART, Financial Secretary, Local 7,
AFL Int. Molders Union

BEN GOLD, Int. President, Fur & Leather Workers

CLEOPHAS T. JACOBS, President-Delegate,
Local 968, AFL Int. Longshoremen's Assn.

MAURICE TRAVIS, Int. Sec'y-Treas., Mine, Mill
& Smelter Workers

ROBERT WHILEY, Secretary, Local 49,
CIO United Packinghouse Workers, New York

JOSEPH SELLY, Int. Pres., American Communica-
tions Association
(Unions listed for identification only)

ENGLAND:

LONDON TRADES COUNCIL, representing
600,000 members,
"... place on record their horror and dismay
at the death sentence imposed on Julius and
Ethel Rosenberg."

FRANCE:

GENERAL CONFEDERATION OF LABOR wired:
"We strongly protest the death sentences."

ITALY:

FERNANDO SANTI, Deputy, Italian Parliament,
and Secretary, Italian General Federation of
Labor:
"The death sentence against Julius and Ethel
Rosenberg is creating doubts and pain in the
hearts of all just men."

ISRAEL:

WORKERS OF THE FERTILIZER
AND CHEMICAL WORKS:

"We wish to protest against the death sentences
of Julius and Ethel Rosenberg."

IRELAND:

BELFAST TRADES COUNCIL, representing every
union member in city, wired the President asking
for clemency for the Rosenbergs.

Wire, Write the President and Attorney General:

CLEMENCY FOR THE ROSENBERGS NOW!
GRANT THE ROSENBERGS A NEW TRIAL!

Court of Appeals Grants Rosenbergs Stay of Execution

*"There are substantial questions of law.
I would certainly not want to preclude
their appeal to the Supreme Court. I would
not want that to be on my conscience."*

JUDGE JEROME N. FRANK
U. S. Court of Appeals

What ARE the Questions In the Rosenberg Case?



Issued by:

NATIONAL LABOR COMMITTEE FOR CLEMENCY FOR THE ROSENBERGS
1050 Sixth Avenue • New York 18, N. Y. • BRyant 9-9683

There Are Grave Doubts —in the Rosenberg Case

A young married couple, both members of trade unions, sit in the death house today, convicted of "conspiracy to commit espionage."

Nobody argues that spies should go unpunished.

But there are two things we want to be sure of before punishing people—especially when that punishment is death.

- Are they guilty beyond a shadow of a doubt?
- Are they getting *equal* punishment for their crime, or are they getting something "extra" because of the general hysteria surrounding their case?

INNOCENT?

The Rosenbergs deny to this day that they ever conspired to pass atomic secrets to Russia.

Prof. Albert Einstein and Dr. Harold C. Urey, two of the top scientists in the world, say they aren't convinced that the Rosenbergs are guilty.

Prof. Stephen Love, Chairman of the Character and Fitness Committee of the Illinois Supreme Court, says he thinks the Rosenbergs did not get a fair trial.

Thousands of other lawyers and scientists and sociologists say the same thing.

They have read the court record in the Rosenberg Case—and they fear the jury was influenced by newspaper stories and the general atmosphere of tension that exists today.

They point to the fact that the Rosenbergs weren't even charged with giving secrets to Russia—but with "conspiring" to do that. That means that the prosecution knew it couldn't prove a case of "espionage." They point out that, just as in the famous Tom Mooney case, the FBI has admitted that perjured testimony was used to convict the Rosenbergs.

CRUEL AND UNUSUAL PUNISHMENT

Millions of Americans, through letters to the President, through prayers, special resolutions in their unions and fraternal organizations, churches and synagogues, have asked that the death sentence be commuted—while taking no stand on the innocence or guilt of the Rosenbergs.

Among them are over 2,000 Protestant clergymen, the *Nation* magazine, the *New Republic*, trade unions, women's organizations, and others.

They ask for clemency because the Rosenbergs are the first and only Americans ever sentenced to death on such a charge—in peacetime or wartime.

● Even people convicted of treason—of dealing with an *enemy*—have been given only 10 year sentences (Axis Sally, Tokyo Rose, others).

● Death sentences in political cases (Sacco-Vanzetti, Tom Mooney, for example) always add to the hysteria of the times, and are used by anti-labor elements to deprive the unions of their rights.

Only a New Trial can answer these questions

- Why did Prosecutor Saypol use perjured testimony to help convict the Rosenbergs?

FBI Agent John A. Harrington admitted in a sworn affidavit, on December 1, 1952, that, with HIS knowledge, a government witness lied at the trial.

- Why didn't Prosecutor Saypol call top atomic scientists Dr. Harold C. Urey and Dr. S. Robert Oppenheimer to testify after he had announced to the court and the press that they would be witnesses?

Dr. Urey subsequently made a public statement saying, "I found the testimony of the Rosenbergs more believable than that of the Greenglasses."

- Why did Prosecutor Saypol rely on the testimony of David Greenglass, a machinist with no scientific education, who said he drew up a sketch of the atom bomb by "overhearing" conversations?

Greenglass, who admitted he stole secrets from the government, received a fifteen year sentence after he implicated the Rosenbergs. His wife, also a confessed spy, was never even indicted and is free today.

- Why did Prosecutor Saypol falsely announce to the press that another "spy" would support Greenglass's testimony?

After sensational headlines in the newspapers this "spy" was never produced. The U.S. Court of Appeals called Saypol's conduct "wholly reprehensible" and one "that cannot be too severely condemned." They said that Saypol's action should have caused a mistrial.

THREE FAITHS ASK FOR CLEMENCY . . .

Protestant Ministers	2400 Protestant Ministers in the U.S., representing 28 denominations, have appealed to the President to reconsider his denial of clemency.
The Vatican	Two messages for clemency have been sent to the White House from His Holiness Pope Pius XII.
Rabbis	Rabbis here and abroad have appealed to President Eisenhower to grant the Rosenbergs clemency.

An Appeal to President Truman

DO NOT LET THE ROSENBERGS DIE!

WHETHER YOU BELIEVE THEM INNOCENT OR GUILTY,

Ask Yourself These Questions:

Should Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, young Jewish parents of two small boys, die in the electric chair for allegedly giving information to an ally in World War II?

Why were the Rosenbergs sentenced to death at a time when we were showing leniency to traitors to our country? (Axis Sally and Tokyo Rose got 10-year sentences.) Our government forgave those who killed millions of Jews and murdered our boys in World War II! The Rosenbergs are the only Americans ever sentenced to death on this charge in the Federal Courts!

What if the future proves that the Rosenbergs were telling the truth when they said they were innocent? This has happened before. Remember Sacco and Vanzetti, Alfred Dreyfus, Scottsboro boys? Should the Rosenbergs be put to death and their children orphaned while a single doubt remains?

The JEWISH DAILY FORWARD says:

"Never has such a sentence been given when the assistance was given to an ally."

AN ORTHODOX RABBI says:

"I consider it my profound duty to address myself to friend and foe, to all, be they Jews or non-Jews, irrespective of institutional affiliation or political persuasion, to participate in the work of securing justice for the Rosenbergs and Sobell." RABBI DR. MEYER SHARFF

THE JEWISH DAY says:

"America dare not extinguish the lives of two young people . . . for a crime for which others received only prison terms."

A CATHOLIC PRIEST says:

"In the Rosenberg-Sobell case the U.S.A. has a unique chance to give leadership to the world by adopting the Christian way, by commuting and revising the sentences imposed on Ethel and Julius Rosenberg."

FATHER CLARENCE E. DUFFY

"APPEAL-TO-THE-PRESIDENT" MEETING AT UNION SQUARE WED., OCTOBER 29

17th Street and 4th Avenue

AFTER WORK—4:30-7:00 P.M.

PROMINENT SPEAKERS OF ALL POLITICAL AND RELIGIOUS FAITHS

WRITE TO PRESIDENT TRUMAN — Tell him: "SAVE THE ROSENBERGS!"

Auspices: NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
1050 Sixth Ave., New York 18, N. Y. Telephone: 8Ryant 9-9694

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

DEPOSIT OF 1-6-53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$3,473.-	
Celia Ann Leonard	<u>1.-</u>	Bank of America, Los Angeles, Calif.
Alex E. Fight order of Abe Weisburd	<u>2.-</u>	Wellesley Trust Company, Wellesley Hills, Mass.
M. Joseph	<u>3.-</u>	The Merchants Bank of N.Y., 93 Canal Street, N.Y.
Frederick Stero	<u>5.-</u>	First National Bank of New Rochelle, Central Branch
Lillian Chidekel	<u>5.-</u>	Manufacturers Trust Company, 1254 Southern Boulevard, N.Y.
M.B. Nittleman	<u>5.-</u>	New Rochelle Trust Company, North Avenue Office.
Florence Woodard	<u>5.-</u>	The Peoples National Bank of Barre, Barre, Vermont.
U.S. Postal M.O. 2-60,590,397 Rose Friedman, 973 Aldens St. Boulevard Station	<u>5.-</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
U.S. Postal M.O. 2-60,690,954 L. Brown, 200 Wadsworth Avenue, N.Y. Washington Bridge, Station	<u>5.-</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Minnie L. Greenfield	<u>5.-</u>	Corn Exchange Bank Trust Co. 104th Street Branch
S. Daniel	<u>5.-</u>	Mercantile National Bank, Miami Beach, Florida
W. Getzek	<u>5.-</u>	Manufacturers Trust Company, 37 Avenue B.
U.S. Postal M.O. 2-60,660,443 Troy Glover, 39 Essex St. Knickerbocker Station	<u>5.-</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Julian P. Wolf	<u>10.-</u>	The National Bank & Trust Co., Springfield, Mass.
Leah Koditschek	<u>10.-</u>	North Jersey National Bank, Pompton Lakes, N. J.
J.S. Codman 101 Chestnut Street,	<u>10.-</u>	The First National Bank of Boston, Boston, Mass.

DEPOSIT OF 1-6-53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Max Spector	<u>10.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank Trust Company, Washington Branch
Hyman Willinger	<u>10.00</u>	National City Bank of New York Lenox Hill Branch.
Hawaii I.L.W.U.	<u>10.00</u>	American Security Bank, Honolulu, Hawaii
U.S. Postal M.O. 2-53,862,320 J. Lind Pratt Station	<u>10.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Charles S. Dubin	<u>12.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank Trust Company, Lincoln Square Branch
Rosalie Gwathmey order of Harry Gottlieb	<u>12.00</u>	Bankers Trust Company, 80 Eighth Avenue.
Ethel A. Friedman	<u>12.50</u>	State of New York National Bank, Kingston, N. Y.
Sabina Munteo	<u>14.00</u>	The Ohio Citizens Trust Company, West Toledo Office, Toledo, Ohio
Xenia K. Deitchman	<u>17.00</u>	The Citizens & Southern Bank, Albany, Ga.
Mary Southard	<u>20.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank Trust Company, 110th Street Branch
Willem Van Beek	<u>24.00</u>	Modern Industrial Bank, East Side Branch
Fred L. Harte 166 East 96th Street, N.Y.	<u>25.00</u>	The National City Bank of New York Hudson Street Branch
United Garment Hanger Co.	<u>25.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank Trust Company, Pennsylvania Station Branch
Sara Abelson	<u>25.00</u>	The Amalgamated Bank of New York, 11-15 Union Square, N. Y.
Haue Furman order of G. Furman end. D. H. Meyer	<u>25.00</u>	Park National Bank of Chicago, Milwaukee at Central Park,
Dorothy Pottrack	<u>25.00</u>	Bronx County Trust Company
Western Union Money Order No. YE37944 Alex Muldavin	<u>40.00</u>	The Chase National Bank, Pine St.
Alfred H. Caplan 5851 S. Avalon Blvd, Los Angeles, Calif	<u>50.00</u>	Bank of America, Los Angeles Calif

DEPOSIT OF 1-6-53

NAME
Annette T. Rubinstein,
59 W. 71st Street, NYC

AMOUNT
\$50.00

BANK
The National City Bank of N. Y.
Eighty-Sixth Street Branch

Bernard Gersten

60.00

The Amalgamated Bank of New York,
11-15 Union Square

U.S. Postal M.O. 2-53,958,619
Lilah Reinish
12 Brighton 4 Ten
Brighton, Station.

100.00

Federal Reserve Bank

Sophie Davidson,
Abraham S. Rosenthal

250.00

Citizens National Bank, Los Angeles,
457 South Spring Street, Head Office

Sophie Davidson,
Abraham S. Rosenthal

~~1000.00~~

Citizens National Bank, Los Angeles,
457 South Spring Street, Head Office

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
Deposit of 1-8-53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cashier's Check #413253 Citizens Stat Bank	<u>\$478.00</u>	Citizens State Bank, Houston, Texas.
U.S. Postal M.O. 2-60,804,247 S. Shapiro N. Y. C.	<u>1.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Barney Cohen	<u>2.00</u>	Fulton Natl. Bank, Candler Bldg. Atlanta, Ga.
S. H. Mack	<u>4.00</u>	County Trust Co. White Plains Office, N.Y.
Marian R. Davis	<u>5.00</u>	First Natl. Bank, Kansas City, Mo.
Lita Mathin	<u>5.00</u>	Falkkill Natl. Bank & Trust Co. Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
Nathan Leibowitz	<u>5.00</u>	Natl. City Bank, Chelsea Br.
U.S. Postal M.O. 4-50,323,468 Mrs. V. Rohweder, Toledo, Ohio	<u>5.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
J.D. Williams	<u>5.00</u>	Bank of Hydro, Okla.
Abraham Levitsky	<u>5.00</u>	Ann Arbor Bank, State St. Office, Mich.
Jean Rabinsty	<u>5.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank, Hudson River Br.
Genevieve Toth	<u>5.00</u>	First Natl. Bank, Mishawaka, Ind.
Superior Drug Co. signed George Zukof	<u>5.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank, 104th St. Br.
Tillie Klein	<u>5.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust, 315 Broadway, N. Y.
Mildred Braman	<u>5.00</u>	State St. Trust Co. Boston, Mass.
Ruth B. Simon	<u>6.00</u>	Nyack Bank & Trust Co. Nyack, N. Y.
U.S. Postal M.O. 2-60,646,630 Mildred O. Strowsky NYE	<u>9.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
H. Aronan	<u>10.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust, 128 E. Fordham Road
Illegible	<u>10.00</u>	Citizen's State Bank, Houston, Texas
Karl E. Seidenberg	<u>10.00</u>	Penn. Exchange Bank, 20 W. 48th St.
Harry Boroff	<u>10.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 711 Lexington Ave.
Leo Ars	<u>10.00</u>	Union Natl. Bank, Frenchtown, N. J.
Mrs. Morris Bozdanow	<u>12.00</u>	Second Natl. Bk. Houston, Texas

DEPOSIT of 1-8-53

U. S. Postal M.O. 4-62,039,765	15.00	Federal Reserve Bank
Jane E. Hodes	<u>15.00</u>	Natl. Bank of Commerce, New Orleans, La.
Ned Rosin	<u>25.00</u>	Merchandise Natl. Bank, Chicago, Ill.
Martin Berman	<u>40.00</u>	First Natl. Bk. of Cincinnati, Ohio Avondale Office
Eunice Dolan	<u>50.00</u>	Central Bank & Tr. Co. Denver, Colo.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Cash	60.00	Chase Natl. Bank, Times Sq. Br.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Cash	61.76	" " "
Zella Lane	<u>75.00</u>	County Trust Co. Fleetwood Office, Mt. Vernon, N. Y.
Maliter-Illegible	<u>100.00</u>	Chase Natl. Bank, West 14 St. Br.
Simon Federman	<u>134.55</u>	Trade Bank & Trust Co. 7th Ave. 36th St.
Kenneth N. Kripke	<u>170.00</u>	Colorado State Bank, Denver, Colo.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

DEPOSIT OF 1-13-53

NAME	AMOUNT	CASH
CASH	335.00	
Helen Harris	<u>2.00</u>	Industrial Bank of Commerce 2460 Gr. Concourse, Bronx, N. Y.
I. Skurnick	<u>2.00</u>	Chemtal Bank, 167th St. Office
Ck. of First Natl. Bank Denver, Colo. #G1352	<u>2.50</u>	Wells-Fargo Bank, San Francisco, Cal.
Anshel Wolenscheck	<u>3.00</u>	Industrial Bk. of Commerce 92-34 New York Blvd. Jamaica, N. Y.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Cash	4.06	Chase National Bank, Times Sq. Br.
Julia Ring	<u>5.00</u>	Industrial Natl. Bank-Detroit, Grand River at Dundee, Detroit, Mich.
Jack Kalish	<u>5.00</u>	The Detroit Bank, Mich.
North & Clark Currency Exchange M. O. #171545 Remitter L. Mononhon	<u>5.00</u>	Central Natl. Bank, Chicago, Ill.
Anne Shaner	<u>5.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 1429 First Ave. N. Y.C.
U.S. Postal M.O./50,137,324 Louise Melenos, Miami. Fla.	<u>5.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Morton Borrow	<u>5.00</u>	Pennsylvania Co., Phila. Pa.
Dorothy Todd	<u>5.00</u>	Natl. Savings & Trust Co. Wash. D. C.
Chas. Dirba	<u>5.00</u>	Corn Exchange, York Ave. Br.
American Express M. O. NY6877085 Jack Brigel, Ex. N. Y.	<u>5.00</u>	American Express Company
Rebecca Tuck	<u>5.00</u>	Citizens Natl. Bank, Hill St. Office Los Angeles, Calif.
Wm. Lipson	<u>7.11</u>	Mfrs. Trust, 2701 Mermaid Ave. Bklyn, N. Y.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Cash	7.12	Chase Natl. Bank, Times Sq. Branch.
Shirley Jessar	<u>10.00</u>	Natl. State Bank, Boulder, Colo.
Emanuel Block, payable and endorsed Harriet Moskowitz	<u>10.00</u>	Chase Natl. Bank, Worth St. Br.

DEPOSIT OF 1-13-53

Shawmut M. O. #STA 1394 Jacob Prober 10 Winthrop Rd. Brookline, Mass.	10.00	The Natl. Shawmut Bank, Boston, Mass.
Thomas Trudeau	<u>10.00</u>	Land Title Bank, Phila. Pa.
U.S. Postal M.O. 1-41,213,499 Edward J. Mc Namara, Boston, Mass.	<u>10.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Irene Lee Quill	<u>10.00</u>	First Natl. Bank, Newtown, Pa.
John E. Evans	<u>10.00</u>	U. S. Trust Co. Boston, Mass.
H. B. Steller	<u>10.00</u>	Broadway Natl. Bank, Chelsea, Mass.
Pender Garlin	<u>11.50</u>	Natl. City Bank, 32nd St. Br.
Bess Weintraub	<u>12.00</u>	Bank of Manhattan, Roosevelt Ave. & 82nd St. Jackson Hgts. N. Y.
Gertrude Goldstein	<u>15.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 2256 Second Ave.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case/ Cash	19.61	Chase Natl. Bk. Times Sq. Branch
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case/ Cash	19.68	" "
Irene Paull	<u>24.00</u>	Northwestern Natl. Bk. of Minneapolis, Minn.
U.S. Postal M.O. 11-37,350,986 Elizabeth Cousins Rogers New Orleans, La. Waux Carre Sta.	<u>25.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Emanuel Block - Payable and endorsed Harriet Moskowitz	30.00 40.00	Chase Natl. Bank, Worth St. Br. " "
Western Union M. O. YE38193	<u>40.00</u>	Chase National Bank, 18 Pine St.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case/Ted Eisenberg	40.00	Chase National Bank, Times Sq. Br.
Aaron D. Schneider	<u>50.00</u>	Merchants Bank of N. Y.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Cash	51.95	Chase Natl. Bank, Times Square Br.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg / Ellie Pine Case	52.00	" "
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Cash	57.53	" "
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Cash	60.00	" "

DEPOSIT OF 1-13-53

Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Cash	60.00	Chase Natl. Bank, Times Sq. Br.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / John H. Jones	60.00	" "
Kenneth J. Enkel	<u>61.00</u>	First Produce State Bank
	<u>115.00</u>	Minneapolis, Minn.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / David Alman	69.32	Chase Natl. Bank, Times Sq. Br.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Aaron Schneider	77.02	" "
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Cash	82.80	" "
Ida C. Solomon	<u>100.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank 102 St. Br.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Cash	100.00	Chase Natl. Bank, Times Sq. Br.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Abe Weisburd	104.00	" "
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Cash	127.44	" "
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Cash	150.00	" "
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Cash	150.00	" "
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Cash	224.50	" "
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Cash	381.27	" "

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
DEPOSIT OF 1-15-53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Jerome A. Gilpatrick	<u>1.00</u>	Natl. State Bk. of Newark, N. J.
Lincoln Transit Co.	<u>1.44</u>	Boardwalk Natl. Bk. Atlantic City, N. J.
Katherine A. Van Orden	<u>10.00</u>	Natl. Newark & Essex Bk. Co. Newark, N.J.
Milton Rogorrin	<u>25.00</u>	Marine Trust, Stalher Office Buffalo, NY
Bengamin Schoreger	<u>3.00</u>	Fidelity-Phila Tr. Co., Phila. Pa.
Katherine Hull Buczeb	<u>5.00</u>	Union Bank, Erie, Pa.
Martin R. Haase	<u>10.00</u>	Harvard Tr. Co., Belmont, Mass.
Alice Cox Roberts	<u>4.00</u>	Commonwealth Bank, Detroit, Mich.
Martha L. Osborn End. Lawrence Emery "	<u>10.00</u>	Winters Natl. Bank & Tr. Co. Dayton, O.
Sydney Berger	<u>10.00</u>	Natl. City Bk. of Evansville, Inc.
Clara Swadesh End. Morris Swadesh	<u>40.00</u>	South East Natl. Bk. Chicago, Ill
Eleanor B. Buxbaum	<u>2.00</u>	Public Natl. Bk. Pitkin & Watkins Ave. Bklyn, N. Y.
Gussie Frieslander	<u>5.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 748 Allenton Ave. Bx.
Samuel Struben	<u>10.00</u>	Bk. of Manhattan Co. 161-10 Jamaica Ave. L. I.
Sidney Weiss	<u>10.00</u>	Central Hanover Bank & Tr. Ave. of Americas & 35th St.
U.S.P.M. O. 2-60,457,236 I. Isaacson	5.00	Federal Reserve Bank
U.S.P.M.O. 2-52,161,908 W. S. Bennett	<u>15.00</u>	" "
John T. Mc Manus	<u>10.00</u>	Amalgamated Bk. of N. Y. 11-15 Union Sq.
Elmer S. Bendiner	<u>20.00</u>	Industrial Bk. of Commerce 56 East 42nd St.
D. M. Smith End. National Guardian	<u>15.00</u>	Canadian Postal M. O. #63,394,269
Cashier Check # 84114	<u>15.00</u>	Banco de Londres 'y Mexico S. A. drawn on Chase Natl. Bank

DEPOSIT of 1-15-53

Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case order of Cash	19.37	Chase Natl. Bank, Times Square Branch
order of Cash	50.00	
order of Ellie Pine	52.00	
order of Sylvia Greene	75.00	
order of Abe Weisburd	85.00	
order of Cash	120.00	
order of Abe Weisburd	150.00	
Yuri Suhl	185.00	
order of Cash	200.00	
order of Cash	200.00	
order of KKKK Alice Citron	250.00	
order of Joseph Brainin	300.00	
order of Cash	4064.20	

Don't get item deposited



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NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

DEPOSIT OF 1-19-53

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
U.S. Postal M.O. 7-60,865,841 Claud Harris, Mich.	<u>3.00</u>	Federal reserve Bank
E. A. Shinkovich	<u>3.00</u>	Manufacturers Trust Company, 1819 Broadway, N.Y.C.
Resolve Realty Corp. David Gaber Pres.	<u>5.00</u>	National City Bank, Grand St. Branch
Abraham Rosen	<u>5.00</u>	Harvard Federal Savings, Dorchester, Mass through First Nat'l Bank of Boston, Boston
Louis Goldsmith	<u>5.00</u>	The Cleveland Trust Company, Main Office
Mark C. Rasmussen	<u>10.00</u>	Industrial Bank of Commerce, 5 Union Sq. N.Y.
U.S. Postal M.O. 7-56,857,868 S. Love Chicago, Ill, Station E.	<u>10.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Xenia K. Deitchman	<u>10.00</u>	The Citizens and Southern Bank of Albany, Albany, Ga.
Chas. Mirba	<u>17.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank Trust Company, York Avenue, Branch, N.Y.C.
U.S. Postal M.O. 2-53,992,855 P. Brainin, Brooklyn, N.Y. Flatbush Station.	<u>20.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
National Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case/Cash	24.00	Chase Bank, Times Sq. Branch
Charlotte G. Schechter	<u>50.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank Trust Company, Lexington Branch
Phila. Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case	<u>50.00</u>	The real estate Trust Company of Phil.
Rita Ochmann	<u>50.00</u>	The Cleveland Trust Company, Cleveland, Ohio
D. S. Gillmor	<u>100.00</u>	The Amalgamated Bank of New York, Union Sq.
Bay Area Comm. to Save the Rosenberg	<u>107.28</u>	The Anglo California National Bank, Market Jones Office, San Francisco
National Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case/Cash	123.64	Chase Bank, Times Sq. Branch
Jane Somers 306 Third Avenue, N.Y.C.	<u>142.00</u>	Manufacturers Trust Company, New York <i>Personal money order # 11-445</i>
Lillian Kohn	300.00	Manufacturers Trust Company, New York 1505 AVENUE J

Description of items deposited

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

DEPOSIT OF 1-20-53

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
Sol Baumol	<u>\$2.00</u>	Manufacturers Trust Company, 1042 Westchester Avenue, New York
Joseph A. Grohman and Son R.F.D. 1, Hillsdale, Michigan	<u>2.00</u>	Hillsdale State Savings Bank, Hillsdale, Michigan.
U/S. Postal M.O. 7-49,178,471 Verner L. M. Cantash???	<u>4.00</u>	Federal reserve Bank Belding, Mich.
Belle Foder Account No. 6637	<u>4.00</u>	Valley Stream National Bank and Trust Company, Valley Stream, N. Y.
Seward Batt, M.D.	<u>4.00</u>	Sanborn County Bank, Woonsocket, S. D.
Rebecca J. Morris,	<u>5.00</u>	Hellenic Bank Trust Company, 139 William Street, New York, N.Y.
Harry Pomerance	<u>5.00</u>	Fidelity Philadelphia Trust Company, Philadelphia
Rebecca P. Elliott	<u>5.00</u>	Fidelity-Philadelphia Trust Company, Philadelphia
Eleanor G. Locke	<u>5.00</u>	United States Trust Company, Boston, Mass
U.S. Postal M. O. 2-60,645,881 Evelyn Florer, 214 West 16th St. Old Chelsea Station, N. Y.	<u>5.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Sam Shilling	<u>8.00</u>	Manufacturers Trust Company, 1536 Westchester Avenue, N.Y.
Beatrice Simpson	<u>10.00</u>	Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Madison Avenue Office, Madison at 60th St.
Elliott Travel Service	<u>10.00</u>	National Bank of Detroit, Livernois-Puritan Office, Detroit, Michigan
Jane E. Hodes	<u>12.00</u>	The National Bank of Commerce in New Orleans, New Orleans.
J. G. Livingston, Acct. No. 1216	<u>15.00</u>	Crocker First National Bank of San Francisco, San Francisco, Calif.
Morris Bogdanow 901 Scanlan Bldg, Houston 2, Texas	<u>15.00</u>	Citizens State Bank, Houston, Texas
Dorothy Sebridge	<u>20.00</u>	Bank of Nutley, Nutley, N. J.
National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case	<u>20.84</u>	The Chase National Bank, Times Square
Edna L. Brand Jas. BRAUNIN	<u>25.00</u>	The First National Bank, Montrose, Colo.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

DEPOSIT OF 1/20/53

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
National Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case/Emily Alman	\$25.00✓	The Chase National Bank, Times Sq. Branch
National Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case/Cash	30.00✓	The Chase National Bank, Times Sq. Branch
Pearl B. Rabinowitz	<u>35.46</u> ✓	The Lawrence-Cedarhurst Bank, Hewlett-Woodmere Branch, Woodmere, L. I. N.Y.
National Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case/Cash	50.00✓	The Chase National Bank, Times Sq. Branch
National Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case/Sonia Enkel	50.00✓	The Chase National Bank, Times Sq. Branch
National Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case/Cash	79.00✓	The Chase National Bank, Times Sq. Branch
M. Posner, Special Account	<u>81.82</u> ✓	Central National Bank of Cleveland, Cedar-Center Office, 13917 Cedar Road, Cleveland
National Comm to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case/Cash	100.00✓	The Chase National Bank, Times Sq. Branch
National Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case/Abe Weisburd	100.00✓	The Chase National Bank, Times Sq. Branch
National Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case/Cash	150.43✓	The Chase National Bank, Times Sq. Branch
^{WNY} Leonard Tusbet	<u>200.00</u> ✓	The Maplewood Bank & Trust Company, Maplewood, N. J.
M. Posner, Special Account	<u>700.00</u> ✓	Central Nat. Bank of Cleveland, Cedar-Center Office, 13917 Cedar Road, Cleveland, Ohio
Bay Area Comm. to Save the Rosenbergs	<u>1000.00</u> ✓	The Anglo California Nat. Bank, Market-Jones Office, San Francisco, Calif.
L.A. Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case.	<u>2600.00</u> ✓	Citizens National Bank, Head Office, Los Angeles, Calif.

Description of item destroyed



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NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

Deposit 1-27-53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Bank M. O. #7896 <i>Remiten Shige Tanaka</i>	<u>1.00</u>	New Haven Savings Bk. New Haven, Mich.
Fannie Binn	<u>1.00</u>	Pecples Bk. of Haverstraw, N. Y.
Savings & Loan Assoc. M. O. 24368 Sunnyside, L. I. <i>Remiten A. Kahel</i>	<u>2.00</u>	Savings & Loan Bk. 64 Wall St. NYC
I. Cherry	<u>2.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank, West 178 St. Br.
Union Square Savings Bank #MB104459 end. Rebecca Bardeck	<u>2.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bk. Union Sq. Br.
Arthur M. Zipser end. John Hancock Mutual Life Ins Co. #CR787770	<u>2.60</u>	Boston Safe Deposit & Tr. Co. Boston, Mass.
Max Gartner	<u>3.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 47-11 Queens Blvd. LIC
U.S.P.M.O. 7-63, 228, 250 Claud Harris, Howard City, Mich.	<u>3.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
W.B. Steller	<u>5.00</u>	Broadway Nat. Bk. Chelsea, Mass
Register Ck. E172168 Philip Goldberg	<u>5.00</u>	Middlesex County Natl. Bk. Malden, Mass.
Ben Kreisberg	<u>5.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank, Hudson River Br.
Andrew Vena	<u>5.00</u>	Real Estate Trust Co. of Phila. Pa.
Gertrude Herzog	<u>5.00</u>	Underwriters Trust Co. 50 Broadway, NYC
Anne Kenin	<u>5.00</u>	Cheltenham Natl. Bk. Pa.
Leona Singer	<u>5.00</u>	Irving Trust Co.
U.S.P.M.O. 3-61, 019, 291 Esther Soloey, Phila. Pa Middle City, Sta.	<u>5.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Lucy Hall	<u>5.00</u>	Merchants Natl. Bk. Watertown, Wis.
M.D. Emerman	<u>5.00</u>	Commonwealth Trust Co. Union City, N. J.
Charles Cherry	<u>5.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 257 Utica Ave.
Emma F. Baxters	<u>5.00</u>	New England Trust Co. Boston, Mass.
Rose Hirschka	<u>7.00</u>	Public Natl. Bank 39th & 7th Ave.
Bertha Bender end. Celaa Stein	<u>9.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 3515 Bwy. NYC

DEPOSIT of 1-27-53

American Airlines Inc. order of
Davis Lamon

U.S.P.M.O. 2-60,961,263
N. Boubars, NYC Planetarium Sta

U.S.P.M.O. 3-59,878,823
John E. Perry Sta. 15, Erie Pa.

Rudolph Haider

D. D. Barta

Emil H. Shuloff

U.S.P.M.O. 7-59,615,766
N. Stess Milwaukee, Wis Sta.74

Morton S. Lisser

Margaret M. Shipman

Bernice Olenick

U.S.P.M.O. 2-57,865,724
L. Leritch Syracuse N. Y.

U.S.P.M.O. 12-78,360,678
Donn P. Stapleton, Santa Cruz, Calif.

Illegible

Kenia K. Deitchman

Ethel Hirsch

Alice B. Citron

Natl. Comm. to secure Justice in the
Rosenberg Case / Ellie Pine

L. A. Comm. to Secure Justice in the
Rosenberg Case / Helen Sobell

Clara (Illegible)

Eugene Siegel

9.68

Mellon Natl. Bk., Pittsburgh, Pa.

10.00

Federal Reserve Bank

10.00

Federal Reserve Bank

10.00

Skala Nat. Bank, Chicago, Ill.

10.00

Amalgamated Trust & Savings Bank
111 So. Dearborn, Chicago, Ill.

10.00

Metropolitan Ind. Bk. Bklyn, N. Y.
Easton Valley & Kingston Ave

10.00

Federal Reserve Bank

10.00

Ind. Bk. of Commerce 56 E. 42nd St.

10.00

Natl. Capital Bk. Wash. D. C.

10.00

Natl. City, Bank. 32nd St. Br.

15.00

Federal Reserve Bank

20.00

Federal Reserve Bank

20.00

Amalgamated Bk. of N. Y. 11- Union Sq.

23.00

Citizens & Southern Bk. Albany, Ga.

25.00

Plainfield Savings Bk. N. J.

25.00

Chemical Bank, Broadway Office

52.00

Chase National Bank, Times Square Branch.

100.00

Citizens Natl. Bank Los Angeles, Calif.
Head Office

100.00

National State Bank, Elizabeth, N. J.

300.00

Bayside Natl. Bank, Oakland Office
Bayside N. Y.

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NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

DEPOSIT OF 1-28-53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Helen Harris	<u>1.00</u>	Ind. Bk. of Commerce, 2460 Gr. Concourse
U.S.P.M.O. 2-60,892,425	<u>2.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Mrs. Tanfenian B.Y. C. Gracie Sta.	<u>4.00</u>	Natl. Bk. of Detroit, Mich. Linwood Office
David Rappoport	<u>5.00</u>	Peoples Natl. Bk. Patchogue, N. Y.
Yale Solomon	<u>5.00</u>	Ohio Citizens Trust Co., West Toledo Office
Register Ck. 9499	<u>5.00</u>	Toledo, Ohio
S. Aunter	<u>5.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
U.S.P.M.O. 2-60,815,623	<u>5.00</u>	Security First Natl. Bank Los Angeles, Calif
Rogoff Friedman, NYC Blvd. Sta.	<u>5.00</u>	Seventh & Grand Br.
Marian E. Herrick	<u>5.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank, Plaza Br.
Abraham S. Endler	<u>5.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
U.S.P.M.O. 12-83,672,851	<u>10.00</u>	Peoples National Bank, Barre, Vt.
A. Seaman, Indio, Calif.	<u>40.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 230 Second Ave.
Florence Woodard	<u>52.00</u>	Chase National Bank, Times Square Branch
Emily Alman	<u>57.35</u>	"
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Jane Somers	<u>60.00</u>	"
" / Gertrude Linfield	<u>77.02</u>	"
" / Helen Sobell <i>det.</i>	<u>77.40</u>	"
" / Aaron Schneider <i>det.</i>	<u>85.00</u>	"
" / Cash <i>det.</i>	<u>95.00</u>	"
" / Abe Weisbard <i>det.</i>	<u>100.00</u>	"
" / Cash <i>det.</i>	<u>100.00</u>	"
" / Dave Slurran	<u>100.00</u>	"
Emily Alman	<u>100.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 230 Second Ave.
Joseph Silberstein	<u>100.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank, Lincoln Bk. Bk.
and Abe Weisbard	<u>127.61</u>	Chase National Bank, Times Square Branch
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Cash <i>det.</i>	<u>821.00</u>	
" / Cash		

Scholar return of for signature



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DEPOSIT OF 2-2-53

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
CASH	\$95.25	
Minnie L. Greenfield	<u>1.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank, 104th Stl Br.
Celia Ann Leonard	<u>1.00</u>	Bank of American, Wilshire-Crescent Hgts Br. Los Angeles, Calif.
Florence S. Chessin	<u>2.00</u>	First Natl. Bk. Missoula, Montana
Bernard Skirk	<u>2.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank, Fulton St. Br.
Saul Reider	<u>5.00</u>	Bank of America, Lincoln Hgts. Branch Los Angeles, Calif.
Mark C. Rasmussen	<u>5.00</u>	Industrial Bk. of Commerce, 5 Union Sq.
Bertha Bender and. Celia Stein	<u>8.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 3515 bwy.
Haven P. Perkins	<u>19.00</u>	Manchester Bank of St. Louis, Mo.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Cash	9.79	Chase Natl. Bank, Times Sq. Branch
Gertrude Goldstein	<u>10.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 2256 Second Ave.
J.G. Livingston	<u>10.00</u>	Crocker First Natl. Bk. San Fran. Calif.
Jessie Lloyd O'Connor	<u>10.00</u>	Fall River Trust Co. Fall River, Mass.
Weekly Guardian Associates and. Fred Stover	<u>10.00</u>	Amalgamated Bank of N. Y.
U.S.P.M.O. 1-41,306,904 Anna Wollen, Boston, Mass.	<u>10.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Mrs. Stanley Griffin	<u>13.00</u>	Iowa State Bank, Des Moines, Iowa
Anna U. Lutnes	<u>15.00</u>	First Natl. Bk. Reserve, Mont.
Adolph Cooper	<u>15.00</u>	United Natl. Bank, Richmond Hill, N. Y.
Florence Mack	<u>20.00</u>	The County Trust Co. White Plains Office NY
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Cash	25.00	Chase Natl. Bank, Times Sq. Br.
Bertha Koliskey	<u>25.00</u>	Cleveland Trust Co. Cedar-Warrens ville Office, Cleveland O.

2-2-53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Natl. Comm. to Secure justice in the Rosenberg Case / Emily Alman	30.00	Chase Natl. Bank Times Sq. Br.
" / Cash	50.00	" "
" / Jane Somers	52.60	" "
" / Ellie Pine	52.00	" "
" / Cash	60.00	" "
" / Aaron Schneider	77.02	" "
" / Abe Weisburd	85.00	" "
" / Cash	125.00	" "
" / Cash	158.70	" "
Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co.	52.44	First Natl. Bk. Baltimore Md.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
Deposit of 2-2-52

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Cash	77.40	Chase Natl.Bk. Times Sq. Br.
" / Cash	127.61	" "
" / Helen Sobell	60.00	" "
" / Aaron Schneider	77.02	" "
" / Abe Weisbard	85.00	" "

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

DEPOSIT OF 2-5-53

<u>Name</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Bank</u>
Cash	696.75	
Bank M. O. A752805	4.00	Natl. Bk. of Detroit, Mich
Nat Bergman	5.00	Mfrs. Trust Co. 257 Utica Ave.
Wand Russell	5.00	Mfrs. Trust Co. 680 Columbus Ave.
Adolph Cooper	5.00	United Natl. Bk. Richmond Hill, N. Y.
Ocean Travel Bureau Inc.	5.41	Chase Natl. Bank, Garfield Branch.
Emanuel Block end. Harriet Moskowitz	6.00	Chase Natl. Bank, Worth St. Branch
U.S.P.M.O. 3-59,883,535	10.00	Federal Reserve Bank
John E. Perry, Erie, Pa.		
Rita Smollens	10.77	Ind. Bk. of Commerce, 222 Bwy.
Bedding Curtain & Drapery Workers Union Local 140	12.50	The Amalgamated Bank of N. Y.
Marie Russell	25.00	First Bank of St. Maries, Idaho
Donald Stephens	33.00	Equitable Security Trust Co. Wilmington, Delaware
Natl. Comm. to secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Petty Cash	30.00	Chase Natl. Bank, Times Sq. Br.
" / Petty Cash	50.00	" "
" / Ellie Pine	52.00	" "
" / Cash	60.00	" "
" / Helen Sobell	65.00	" "
Chicago Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case	100.00	Amalgamated Trust & Savings Bank 111 S. Dearborn, Chicago
Lillian Kohn	100.00	Mfrs. Trust Co. 1505 Ave. J. Bklyn.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

DEPOSIT of 2-11-53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Savings Bank N. O. MB104459 Union Square Savings Bank	2.00	Corn Exchange Bank -Union Sq. Br.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Cash	19.37	Chase National Bank Times Square Branch
" / Cash	125.00	"
" / Cash	158.70	"

Deposit of 2-11-53

Nava Russo	<u>1.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 680 Columbus Ave.
Margaret M. Shipman	<u>1.50</u>	Natl. Capital Bank, Wash. D.C.
U.S. Postal M.O. 2-62,745,685 Lola Ranzi, Bklyn, N. Y.	<u>2.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Mark C. Rasmussen	<u>4.00</u>	Ind. Bk. of Commerce, 5 Union Sq.
Minnie L. Greenfield	<u>5.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank 104th St.
Abraham Cronbach	<u>5.00</u>	First Natl. Bank, Clifton Office Cincinnati, Ohio
Olga Kreisberg	<u>5.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank, Hudson River Br.
Sarah ????	<u>5.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank, E. 65th St.
Haven P. Perkins	<u>6.00</u>	Manchester Bk. of St. Louis, Mo.
Alice Hill Byrne	<u>10.00</u>	Anglo California Nat. Bank, Palo Alto, California
Trude E. Branel	<u>10.00</u>	American Trust Co. Palo Alto, Calif.
Publishers New Press Inc.	<u>10.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust 32 University Pl.
Emma Soylin	<u>15.00</u>	Bank of America, Beverly Hills Main office Calif.
U.S.P.M.O. 12-94,556,355 BK Fishcer, Palo Alto, Calif.	<u>15.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Stephen Kendal	<u>15.00</u>	Bank of America, Hollywood XXXXX Office Calif.

DEPOSIT OF 2-11-53

Samuel Gruben	\$20.00	Bank of Manhattan Co. 161-10 Jamaica Ave.
Robert Gwathmey	25.00	Bankers Trust Co., 80 8th Ave.
Harry Isaacson	35.00	Citizens Natl. Bank, Netcong, N. J.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Jane Somers	52.00	Chase Natl. Bk. Times Sq. Br.
" / Aaron Schneider	77.02	" "
" / Abe Weisburd	85.00	" "
" / Cash	113.00	" "
" / Cash	135.00	" "
Katharine H. McTernan	500.00	Security-First Natl. Bank, Highland and Hollywood Br. Los Angeles, Calif.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG

Deposit of 2-13-53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
CASH	\$2300.	
U.S.P.M.O. 1-37,265,232 G. Mickerson, Rochester, N.H.	<u>1.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
U.S.P.M.O. 2-61,019,841 Sam Gorelich, NYC, West Farms Sta.	<u>1.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Agnes COLE	<u>2.00</u>	State Trust Co. Plainfield, N. J.
Asher Gaisner	<u>3.00</u>	Natl. City Bank. 14 St. Br.
Gertrude Goldstein	<u>5.00</u>	Mrs. Trust, 2256 Second Ave.
Benjamin S. Recans	<u>10.00</u>	Natl. City Bank, Bwy 56th St.
Madelon Berns end. Jane Mayberry	<u>10.00</u>	N. Y. Trust Co. 10 Rockefeller Plaza
Jane Sedell Mayberry	<u>10.00</u>	Natl. City Bank, Park Ave. Br.
Wm. S. Price	<u>15.00</u>	First Natl. Bank, Bloomfield Ave. Office Montclair, N. J.
Ida Scheib	<u>15.00</u>	Ind. Bank of Commerce 56 E. 42nd St.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Arthur Mazer	30.00	Chase National Bank, Times Sq. Br.
" / Jane Somers	52.00	" "
" / Cash	75.00	" "
" / Aaron Schneider	77.02	" "
" / Cash	120.00	" "
" / Cash	219.33	" "
Sylvia Steingart	<u>200.00</u>	Wells Fargo Bank, & Union Trust Co. Union Trust Office, San Francisco, Cal

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG

DEPOSIT OF 2-16-63

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$3116.00	
Sol Baumol	<u>2.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 1042 Westchester Ave.
Savings & Loan Assoc. of Sunnyside L.I.#25056	<u>2.00</u>	Savings & Loan Bk. of State of N. Y. 64 Wall St.
E. A. Shinkevich	<u>3.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 1819 Bwy.
Ester Ostroff	<u>3.00</u>	Natl. Bank of Commerce, Lincoln, Neb.
U.S.P.M.O. 2-62,581,858 S. Barron, Bklyn, N. Y. Rugby Sta.	<u>3.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Maud Russell	<u>5.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 680 Columbus Ave.
Harry Pomerance	<u>5.00</u>	Fidelity-Philadelphia Trust Co. Phila, Pa.
Ephim Cross	<u>5.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank, Wash. Heights Br.
Sattin Painting & Decorating Co	<u>5.00</u>	Cleveland Trust Co. Cedar-Warrensville Office, Cleveland O.
U.S.P.M.O. 5-55,592,168 R. M. Neill, Greenville, S.C.	<u>5.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Sarah Lichtenberg???	<u>5.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank, E. 65th St.
Minnie L. Greenfield	<u>7.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank, 104th St. Br.
The Victory Book Shop - Bank M. O. #89A Laurier Ave. Montreal P. Q. 42608	<u>8.00</u>	Royal Bank of Canada, 68 Wm. St. NYC
Sol Kashins	<u>10.00</u>	Chase Natl. Bk. West 14th St.
Elizabeth W. Todd	<u>10.00</u>	Corn Exchange, Seventh Ave. Br.
Henriette Lund	<u>10.00</u>	Corn Exchange, Staten Island Br.
Chas. Dirka	<u>10.00</u>	Corn Exchange, York Ave. Br.
Jospeh Brainin and. Fannie Weiss	<u>10.00</u>	Modern Industrial Bk. 5th Ave. Br.
Morris Bogdanow	<u>10.00</u>	Citizens State Bk. Houston, Texas
Lucy Hall	<u>10.00</u>	Merchants Natl. Bk. Watertown, Wis.
I. Fishman & Sons	<u>10.00</u>	Drexel Natl. Bank, Cottage Grove Ave. and Oakwood Blvd. Chicago, Ill.
D. D. Barta	<u>10.00</u>	Amalgamated Trust & Savings Bank 111 South Dearborn, Chicago, Ill.

"DEPOSIT OF 2-16-53

Myron Ebonberg	<u>12.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank, Commodore Br.
Rita Smollens	<u>15.00</u>	Ind. Bk. of Commerce. 222 Brdwy.
Dorothy H. Cooper	<u>15.00</u>	Corn Exchange, Colonial Br.
Monte Blau	<u>18.00</u>	Second Natl. Bank, New Haven, Conn.
U.S.P.M.O. 12-78,367,408	<u>20.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Donn P. Stapleton Santa Cruz, Cal.		
Fred L. Harte	<u>25.00</u>	Natl. City Bank, Hudson St. Br.
Muriel J. Symington	<u>25.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 515 Ocean Ave. Bklyn, N. Y.
Morris Carnosky	<u>25.00</u>	Chase Natl. Bank, Times Sq. Br.
Sarnia Marquand	<u>25.00</u>	Bankers Trust Co. N. Y.
Emil H. Shuloff	<u>25.00</u>	Metropolitan Ind. Bk. Eastern Pkwy at Kingston Ave. Bklyn, N. Y.
Katherine Dodd	<u>25.00</u>	Worthern Bank & Tr. Co. Little Rock Ark.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Helen Sobell	35.00	Chase Natl. Bank, Times Sq. Br.
" / Cash	45.43	" "
" / Cash	50.00	" "
" / Karen Monley	75.00	" "
" / Cash	204.52	" "
" / Cash	500.00	" "
" / Cash	1000.00	" "
Joseph Brainin	<u>105.00</u>	Modern Industrial Bank, 5th Ave.
Leon Alexander	<u>110.00</u>	Exchange Bank, Cotati, Calif.
M. Posner, Special	<u>500.00</u>	Central Natl. Bank of Cleveland Cedar-Center Office, " Ohio
Wester Union M. O. X268377	<u>1180.00</u>	Chase Natl. Bank, 18 Pine St.
L. A. Comm. to secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case	<u>3820.00</u>	Citizen Natl. Bank, Head Office Los Angeles, Calif.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
DEPOSIT OF 2-18-53

Cash

\$2134.37

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

DEPOSIT OF 2-20-53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$665.00	
Harold Martin??	<u>1.00</u>	Natl. Metropolitan Bk. of Wash. D. C.
Arthur B. Johnson	<u>1.50</u>	Marine Midland, 120 Broadway
Genevieve Toth	<u>2.00</u>	First Natl. Bank, Mishawaka, Indiana
Union Sq. Saving Bk. Ck. #MB106470 order of Rebecca Bardeck	<u>3.00</u>	Corn Exchange, Union Sq. Br.
F. G. Berlin	<u>5.00</u>	Amalgamated Bk. of N. Y. 11 Union Sq.
S. R. Evans	<u>5.00</u>	Idaho First Natl. Bk. Boise, Idaho
Rose Feldstein	<u>5.00</u>	Natl. City Bank of Cleveland, Ohio Harvard Ave Office
Marilyn M. Lichten	<u>5.00</u>	First Natl. Bk. Champaign, Ill.
Dell H. Hymes	<u>5.00</u>	Monroe County State Bk. Bloomington, Ind.
American Express Co. M.O. NY14-485-945 Jack Brigel, 853 So. Blvd. Bx., N. Y.	<u>5.00</u>	American Express Company
May Walden	<u>5.00</u>	The Barnett Bank of Avon Park, Fla.
Harry Pomesance	<u>5.00</u>	Fidelity-Phila Trust Co. Phila. Pa.
Frankie G. Mersan??	<u>5.00</u>	Citizens Bk. of Penn Yan, N. Y.
Joseph Schek	<u>5.00</u>	Citizens Bk. of Maryland, Riverdale, MD.
Illegible	<u>5.00</u>	Union Natl. Bk. Frenchtown, N. J.
Debbie's, 2543 W. 6th St. Los Angeles, Cal.	<u>5.00</u>	Union Bk. & Trust Co. Los Angeles, Calif.
H. B. Steller	<u>5.00</u>	Broadway Natl. Bk. Chelsea, Mass.
Alice K. Wuteman	<u>5.00</u>	Franklin County Tr. Co. Greenfield, Mass.
Wm. H. Spahn	<u>5.00</u>	Citizens Northern Valley Nat. Bk. of Englewood, N. J. Tenafly, N. J.
Far East Reporter, signed Maud Russell	<u>8.00</u>	Modern Industrial Bk. 116 Fifth Ave.
David J. Grotto	<u>10.00</u>	Long Branch Banking Co. N. J.
Simon H. Nogler	<u>10.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 230 Second Ave.

DEPOSIT OF 2-20-53

Esther Warsbarn	<u>10.00</u> Public Natl. 180th St. & Crotona Pkwy.
Canadian Postal A. O. 65,772,633	<u>10.00</u> Postmaster, N. Y. C.
A. Raappana, Alberta	
Clara P. Builowanger ??	<u>10.00</u> Natl. City Bank, 86th St. Br.
Hollista Noble	<u>10.00</u> California Bank, Van Nuys, Office, Calif.
Julian P. Wolf	<u>10.00</u> Third Natl. Bk. Springfield, Mass.
Rudolph Haider	<u>10.00</u> Skala Natl. Bank, Chicago, Ill.
Eve Leff	<u>10.00</u> First Atlantic Natl. Bk. Daytona Beach, Fla.
John L. Simon, M.D.	<u>10.00</u> Nyack Bank, Nyack, N. Y.
Louis Goldsmith	<u>10.00</u> Peoples Natl. Bank, New Brunswick, N. J.
Emma F. Baxter	<u>10.00</u> New England Trust Co. Boston, Mass.
Abraham R. Eadler	<u>10.00</u> Corn Exchange Bank, Plaza Branch
Harry Levy	<u>10.00</u> Eusey First Natl. Bk. Urbana, Ill.
U.S.P.M.O. #3-59,894,341	<u>10.00</u> Federal Reserve Bank
John E. Perry, Erie Pa. Sta 15	
Allen A. Peck	<u>10.00</u> First Natl. Bk. of Boston, Mass.
Sylvia A. Dudzic	<u>12.00</u> Bankers Trust Co. 16 Wall St.
F. A. Blossom	<u>15.00</u> Palatka, Atlantic Natl. Bk, Palatka, Fla.
Venia K. Deitchman	<u>20.00</u> Citizens & Southern Bk. Albany, Ga.
Lee Lorch	<u>20.00</u> Citizens Savings Bk. Nashville, Tenn.
Joint Bd. Fur Dressers & Dyers Union	<u>25.00</u> Corn Exchange Bk. Penn. Sta. Br.
J. S. Godman	<u>25.00</u> First Natl. Bk. of Boston, Mass.
Charles G. Gefessanin ??	<u>32.00</u> Bank of Berkeley, California
Seymour Friedman	<u>43.00</u> Natl. Metropolitan Bk. of Wash. D. C.
Gertrude Goldstein	<u>50.00</u> Mfrs. Trust Co. 2256 Second Ave.
Maurice Rauch	<u>50.00</u> Modern Industrial Bk. Fifth Ave. Br.
U. S. P. M. O. 12-92,364,384	<u>100.00</u> Federal Reserve Bank
R. Rosenthal, Tucson, Ariz.	
University Sta.	
Robert J. Silberstein	<u>100.00</u> Mfrs. Trust Co. 55 Broad St.

DEPOSIT OF 2-20-53

Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the
Rosenberg Case / Cash

\$36.05

Chase National Bank
Times Square Branch

• / Joan Nicklin
• / Jane Somers
• / Helen Sobell
• / Helen Sobell
• / Aaron Schneider
• / Joseph Brainin
• / Cedric Belfrage
• / Cash
• / KKK Emanuel Block

40.00
52.00
65.00
65.00
77.02
80.00
105.00
500.00
500.00

Aaron D. Schneider

290.00

Merchants Bank of N. Y. 434 Bway.

U. S. Treasury Ck. # 5088

250.00

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b7d

b7d

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

DEPOSIT OF 2-24-53

Cash

\$3715.00

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

DEPOSIT of 2-26-53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$790.00	
U.S.P.M.O. 7-49,180,015 Verner L. McIntosh, Belding, Mich.	<u>2.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Richard D. Herschcopf	<u>2.00</u>	First Natl. Bk. Madison, Wis.
Emanuel Robbins	<u>2.00</u>	Bank of Athens Trust Co. 205 W. 33 St.
Sidney M. Harmon	<u>2.25</u>	California Bank, Santa Monica, Calif.
Morris Serisof	<u>3.00</u>	Lake View Trust & Savings Bank Chicago, ILL.
U.S.P.M.O. 2-62,720.198 Hattie Carthan, Bklyn, N. Y.	<u>3.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Arlington Hobby Shop	<u>3.00</u>	First Natl. Bk. Vassar Br. Poughkeepsie, N.Y.
Fannie Winosky	<u>4.00</u>	Public Natl. Bank, 13th Ave. & 44th St. Brooklyn, N. Y.
Bank M. O. 45873 <i>104 1/3 Walnut, Ind.</i> Remitter Ruth H. Ashley	<u>4.00</u>	First Natl. Bank, Chicago, ILL
K. Jakavenk	<u>4.00</u>	New Britain Trust Co. New Britain, Conn.
J. E. Kaufman???	<u>5.00</u>	First Natl. Bk. Tuckahoe, N. J.
E. W. Theinert	<u>5.00</u>	Valley Natl. Bk. Tucson, Ariz.
Robert Kushner	<u>5.00</u>	Marine Midland Trust Co. 120 Bway.
U.S.P.M.O. 12-74,831,281 A. Seaman, Mountain Center, Calif.	<u>5.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Morris Manberg	<u>5.00</u>	Natl. Bank of Commerce, Chicago, Ill.
Isaac Andres	<u>5.00</u>	Republic Natl. Bk. Dallas, Texas
Mildred Braman	<u>5.00</u>	State Street Trust Boston, Mass.
Frieda Weisberg	<u>5.00</u>	Amalgamated Bk. of Union Sq.
Madison Currency Exchange Inc. #162160, Remitter M. Katzman	<u>5.00</u>	Central Natl. Bank, Wash., D.C.
Elizabeth Carnap	<u>5.00</u>	Princeton Bank
Chas. Dirba	<u>5.00</u>	Corn Exchange
M. A. Meluik	<u>5.00</u>	Security-Overland

CHITTED
DATE 2-27-53
BY 5700 &

~~EXHIBIT~~

DEPOSIT 2-26-53

Morris Nierman	<u>5.00</u> Mfrs. Trust Co. 253-15 Union Turnpike Glen Oaks, L. I., N. Y.
Martha Katz	<u>5.00</u> Mfrs. Trust Co. 801 Westchester Ave.
Pearl H. Baur	<u>5.00</u> Citizens Natl. Bk. Hill St. Office Los Angeles, Calif.
Bank of Montreal M. O. #US139172 Van Couver, B. C. Remitter B. Stein	<u>5.50</u> Bank of Montreal 64 Wall St. NYC
Jenny Freedmann	<u>10.00</u> Wells Fargo Bank, Union Trust Office San Francisco, Calif.
Karl E. Beidenberg	<u>10.00</u> Penn. Exchange 20 West 48 St. NYC
Jane E. Hodes	<u>10.00</u> Natl. Bk. of Comm. New Orleans, La.
Mildred S. Abt	<u>10.00</u> Natl. City Bank, Park Ave. Br.
Russell Spinney	<u>12.00</u> Williamsport Natl. Bk. Williamsport Pa.
J. G. Livingston	<u>15.00</u> Crocker First Natl. Bk. of San Francisco Calif.
Leslie Jacobs	<u>15.00</u> Corn Exchange, Park Ave. Br.
Anita Kramer	<u>20.00</u> Public Nat. Bk. Delancey & Orchard Sts. NYC
Anna U. Lutnes	<u>20.00</u> First Natl. Bk. Reserve, Mont.
S. Leitson	<u>25.00</u> Genesee County Savings Bank, Flint, Mich.
Harry Shapiro	<u>25.00</u> Kansas City Trust Co. 1822 Main St. Kansas City, Mo.
Louis Moncher Bethel, Alaska	<u>25.00</u> Seattle-First Natl. Bank, Second Ave and Cherry St. Seattle, Wash.
Harry A. Pinsky, MD.	<u>25.00</u> First Camden Natl. Bk. Camden, N. J.
Louise H. Harr	<u>25.00</u> Bank of South San Francisco, Calif.
U.S.P.M.O. 12-94,557.443 B. K. Fisher Palo Alto Calif.	<u>30.00</u> Federal Reserve Bank SF
Ocean Travel Bureau, Inc.	<u>47.21</u> Chase Natl. Bank, Garfield Br.
Phila Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case	<u>80.00</u> Real Estate Trust Co. Phila, Pa.
Albert Maltz	<u>100.00</u> Security First Natl. Bank Highland & Hollywood Br. Los Angeles, Calif.
U.S.P.M.O. 12-94,557,442 Betsy K. Fisher, Palo Alto, Calif.	<u>100.00</u> Federal Reserv. Bank SF
Lewis M. Fraad M.D.	<u>100.00</u> Corn Exchange Bank, Riverdale Br.

DEPOSIT 2-26-53

Aaron D. Schneider	<u>121.69</u>	Merchants Bank of N. Y. 434 Bway. NYC
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Petty cash	197.28	Chase Natl. Bank, Times Sq. Br.
" / Ruth Ost	60.00	" "
" / Miriam Doyle	60.00	" "
" / Cash	500.00	" "
" / Charles Doyle	60.00	" "

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

DEPOSIT OF 3/5/53

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
Cash	\$431.--	
Fannie Binn	<u>1.00</u>	The Peoples Bank of Haverstraw, Haverstraw, N. Y.
Celia Ann Leonard	<u>1.00</u>	Bank of America, Wilshire-Crescent Heights Branch, Los Angeles, Calif.
U.S. Postal M.O. No. 10-35,851,793 Norman Gregor Albuquerque, N. Mex. University Sta.	<u>1.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Canadian Postal M.O. 65,791,937 N. M. Smith Vancouver on "D"	<u>1.00</u>	Postmaster, N.Y.C.
Howard M. Feder	<u>2.00</u>	Bank of America, Pacific Grove Branch, Pacific Grove, Calif. SF
Mildred Rosenfeld	<u>2.00</u>	First State Bank, El Paso, Texas
Philip Goldberg, 517 Fellsway, East, Malden, Mass.	<u>5.00</u>	Middlesex County National Bank, Malden, Mass.
Robert I. Long	<u>5.00</u>	Louisiana Bank & Trust Company, Carrollton Branch, New Orleans, La.
Richard Jessor	<u>5.00</u>	The National State Bank, Boulder, Colo.
J. G. Livingston	<u>5.00</u>	Crocker First National Bank, San Francisco
Halsted-Lincoln-Fullerton Currency Ex. Remitter-L. Pastor, 2248 Orchard	<u>5.00</u>	Aetna State Bank, Chicago, Illinois
Andrew Koursueibis ??	<u>5.00</u>	Mercantile National Bank, Miami Beach, Florida
U.S. Postal M.O. #2-62,764,894 James Rigard Brooklyn, N.Y.	<u>5.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
U.S. Postal M.O. #12-85,934,575 I. S. Kangas Dudley, Idaho	<u>5.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Avon M. Broodbent 3776-10 Avenue, S.D. 3	<u>6.00</u>	The First National Bank & Trust Co. Savings of San Diego, San Diego, Calif.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

DEPOSIT OF MARCH 5, 1953

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Bernice S. Van Tyne	<u>6.00</u>	Mansfield Savings Trust, National Bank, Mansfield, Ohio.
John W. Dickinson	<u>10.00</u>	County National Bank and Trust Co., Santa Barbara, Cal.
Ann Turhan	<u>10.00</u>	University National Bank, Chicago, Ill.
Mrs. Blanche Shames	<u>10.00</u>	Bank of America, San Fernando, Calif.
Glora M. Letterman	<u>10.00</u>	Florida Bank at Starke, Starke, Flo.
Sol Century	<u>10.00</u>	Chicago National Bank, Chicago, Ill.
Edward Regal	<u>10.00</u>	Modern Industrial Bank, New York, N.Y.
D. Mc Intyre	<u>10.00</u>	Crocker First National Bank of San Francisco, San Francisco
Warwick M. Tompkins	<u>10.00</u>	Security-First National Bank of Los Angeles, Los Angeles, Calif.
Abraham Rosen, 376 Washington Street, Dorchester, Mass.	<u>10.00</u>	Harvard Federal Savings and Loan Asso. of Dorchester, Dorchester, Mass
U.S. Postal M. O. #7-57,287,961 L. Menaken Chicago, Ill. Old Post Office Station.	<u>10.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
U.S. Postal M. O. #10-28,905,068 Arma Medic Albuquerque, N. Mex.	<u>10.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Canadian Postal M. O. 66955362 D. Smith Alberta	<u>10.00</u>	Postmaster, N. Y.
Sarah Lichtenberg	<u>16.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank Trust Company, East 65th Street Branch
Ada B. O'Hare	<u>15.00</u>	The South East National Bank of Chicago Chicago, Ill.
U.S. Postal M. O. #10-28,907,373 Anna Media Albuquerque, N. Mex.	<u>15.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
U.S. Postal M. O. #7-57,271,054 John H. Mitchell Chicago Ill. Station N.	<u>15.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
U.S. Postal M. O. #2-59,318,177 W.S. Bennett, 285 Franklin Buffalo, N. Y. Market Sta.	<u>16.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank

DEPOSIT OF 3/5/53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Julia Rowan	21.00	Provident Savings Bank, Cincinnati, Ohio
Albert Rosenfeld	25.00	North Side Bank, Racine, Wisc.
Solomon Adelman	25.00	Natl. City Bank, Forest Hills Br.
Benjamin Alpert	25.00	Corn Exchange Bank West 86th St. Br.
John Randolph	25.00	Chase Natl. Bank, 73rd St. Branch
John McManus	25.00	Amalgamated Bank of N.Y. 11 Union Square
Laigh M. Cohan	25.00	Girard Trust Co. Phila. Pa.
Elizabeth Mors	25.00	First Natl. Bank Croton-on-Hudson, N. Y.
Lawyers Post Graduate Clinics <i>incl. Stephen Rose</i>	25.00	American Natl. Bk. & Tr. Co. Chicago, ILL.
Betty Enfield (FIELD 4cH 150-137)	31.00	Commonwealth Bank, Detroit, Mich.
Yorkville Neighborhood Club. Inc.	56.12	Chase Natl. Bank, 79th Street Br.
The North Shore Bank #33137	182.00	North Shore Bank, Miami Beach, Florida
Aaron D. Schneider	290.00	Merchants Bank of N. Y. 434 Bway.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Paul Dietrick	30.00	Chase National Bank, Times Square Br.
" / Cash	47.21	"
" / Jane Somers	52.00	"
" / Gertrude Linfield	57.35	"
" / Ruth Ost	60.00	"
" / Cash	60.00	"
" / Miriam Doyle	60.00	"
" / Charles Doyle	60.00	"
" / Helen Sobell	65.00	"
" / Cash	75.00	"
" / Cash	100.00	"
" / Cash	250.31	"
" / Harold Dudrowny	200.00	"
" / Cedria Belfrage	300.00	"

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

DEPOSIT OF 3-6-53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Beatrice Eisman	<u>5.00</u>	Bank of America, San Gabriel, Calif.
Sophie Denenberg	<u>10.00</u>	Natl. Bk. of Washington, D. C.
Xenia K. Deitchman	<u>15.00</u>	Citizens & Southern Bk. Albany, Ga.
Jane E. Hodess	<u>20.00</u>	Natl. Bk. of Commerce, New Orleans, La.
Ck. No. 61 on Dominion Bank J. BLINICK, INTRUST. (5495 A/C #2222)	<u>25.00</u>	Dominion Bank, Market Branch Toronto, Ont. Canada
Sara Abelson	<u>50.00</u>	Amalgamated Bk. of N.Y. 11-Union Sq.
Sara Abelson	<u>50.00</u>	Amalgamated Bk. of N.Y. 11- Union Sq.
Genalo Burks EAST DAY ROSENBERG Barbara Browell COMM.	<u>200.00</u>	Oakland Bank, of Commerce, Oakland Calif.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Cash	45.37	Chase Natl. Bank, Times Sq. Br.
" / Cash	111.00	" "
" / Cash	100.00	" "
" / Cash	50.00	" "
" / Cash	40.00	" "
" / Cash	40.00	" "

NATL. COMM. TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

Deposit of 3-9-53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
U.S.M.O. #3-73,154,469 A. Dornblatt, Atlantic City, NJ	<u>\$5.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
U.S.M.O. #6 64,404,442 Louise Melenos, Miami, Fla.	<u>5.00</u>	" "
David Bromberg	<u>5.00</u>	Union Natl. Bank, Troy, NY
Louise W. Peck	<u>5.00</u>	First N/B Northfield, Minn.
Ruth Baiten <i>BALTER</i>	<u>5.00</u>	Mfgs Trust Co. 378 Sixth Ave.
Ethel Rene	<u>10.00</u>	Cleveland Tr. Co. Euclid & 105th Cleveland, Ohio
Can. M.O. 67,101,090 O. Raappana, Edmonton, Alberta	<u>15.00</u>	Post Office
Marie Russell	<u>25.00</u>	1st Bk. of St. Maries Idaho
L. A. Comm. to Secure ^{Justice} in the Rosenberg Case	<u>154.00</u>	Citizens Natl. Tr. & Savings Bk. Los Angeles, Calif.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Cash	470.09	Chase Natl. Bank, Times Sq. Br.
Pennsylvania RR Co. (#DN3623)	<u>2488.76</u>	Guaranty Tr. Co.
Ocean Travel Bureau Inc.	<u>47.21</u>	Chase Natl. Bk, Garfield Br.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
 Deposit 3-12-53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Ruth Ost	\$60.00	Chase National Bank, Times Sq. Br.
" / Cedric Belfrage	300.00	"
" / Cash	29.02	"
" / Cash	35.00	"
" / Cash	99.97	"
Chicago Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case	<u>1,000.00</u>	Amalgamated Trust & Savings Bank 111 South Dearborn, Chicago, ILL.

NATL. COMM. TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

DEPOSIT OF 3-12-53

NAME	A MOUNT	BANK
Mamie Jackson	<u>2.00</u>	Bronx County Trust Co. N. Y.
Joaquim J. Borges	<u>2.00</u>	Merchants Natl. Bk. of New Bedford, Mass.
I. Skoruck???	<u>5.00</u>	Chemical Bk. 167th St. Office
Roberta R. Johnson	<u>5.00</u>	Natl. Shawmut Bank, of Boston, Mass.
Chester I. Solomon	<u>5.00</u>	First Natl. Bk. of Boston, Mass.
Marian E. Hubbard	<u>5.00</u>	Wellesley Natl. Bk. Wellesley, Mass.
F. G. Berlin	<u>5.00</u>	Amalgamated Bk. of N. Y.
Melfin Seider	<u>5.00</u>	First Natl. Bank of Appleton, Wisc.
Yorkville Neighborhood Club. Inc.	<u>6.34</u>	Chase Natl. Bank, 79th St. Br.
P. Shubert	<u>10.00</u>	Public Natl. Bk. 39th St. & 7th Ave.
Illegible (David Triena)	<u>10.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 1505 Ave. J. Brooklyn
Estelle Cohen	<u>15.00</u>	Bank of Manhattan 46-01 Greenpoint Ave. L. I.
Anna S. Reubens	<u>15.00</u>	Norfolk County Trust Co. Sharon, Mass.
Willem Van Beek	<u>24.00</u>	Modern Industrial Bk. East Side Br.
Herbert Hawfrecht end. Sara Lichtenberg	<u>25.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank, Hudson River Br.
Benjamin Lazarus	<u>25.00</u>	Chemical Bank, 27th St. Br.
Harold J. Illegible end. Sara Lichtenberg	<u>25.00</u>	Amalgamated Bank of N. Y.
Benjamin Baronskey??	<u>25.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 1663 E. 17th St.
Lottie Donidoff	<u>25.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank 170th St. Br.
Minna Liebman	<u>25.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 1536 Westchester Ave.
Blumberg & Clarich, Inc.	<u>25.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 221 Fourth Ave.
Illegible	<u>35.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 1663 E. 17th St.
Illegible	<u>50.00</u>	Bank of Manhattan Co. 185 Montague St.
Barney L. Shapiro	<u>50.00</u>	Bank of Commerce, Industrial 391 E. 149 St.

DEPOSIT 3 12-53

B. Spitzer	<u>50.00</u>	Natl. City Bank, Gramercy Pk. Br.
Max Mangel	<u>50.00</u>	Central Hanover Bank. 6th Ave. & 35 St.
Barbara Sackowitz	<u>50.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 1663 E. 17th St.
Yorkville Neighborhood Club Inc.	<u>56.12</u> <u>60.00</u>	Chase Natl. Bank 79th St. Br.
Michael B. Atkins	<u>75.00</u>	Trust Co. of North American,
Sara Abelson	<u>75.00</u>	Amalgamated Bank of N. Y.
Lillian Kohn	<u>812.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 1505 Ave. J. Bklyn
Bay Area Comm. to Save the Rosenberg	<u>500.00</u>	The Anglo California Natl. Bank Market Jones Office, San Francisco, Calif.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg / Harold Williamson	226.00	Chase Natl. Bank, Times Sq. Br.
" / Cash	31.29	" "
" / Helen Sobell	65.00	" "
" / Don Rottenberg	156.42	" "

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE
DEPOSIT OF 3-13-52

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	\$474.00	
Rose Feldsteen	2.00	Natl. City Bank of Cleveland, Ohio
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Cash	32.69	Chase Natl. Bank, Times Sq. Br.
" / Cash	75.76	"
" / Cash	245.00	"
" / Cash	412.17	"

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

DEPOSIT 3-16-53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Joseph Brainin	<u>25.00</u>	Commercial State Bank, 116 Fifth Ave.
Herbert Schmitt	<u>10.00</u>	Lafayette Natl. Bank, 325 Ninth Ave.
Margaret M. Shipman	<u>10.00</u>	Natl. Capital Bank Wash. D.C.
Dorothy Todd	<u>5.75</u>	Natl. Savings & Tr. Co. Wash. D. C.
Rose Michaels	<u>5.00</u>	Springdale Bank & Tr. Co. Stamford, Conn.
John Schmidt	<u>1.50</u>	Citizens State Bank, Roseau, Minn.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Helen Sobell	65.00	Chase Natl. Bank, Times Sq. Br.
David Bromberg	<u>5.00</u>	Union Natl. Bank, Troy, N. Y.
Senia K. Deitchman	<u>15.00</u>	Citizens & Southern Bank Albany, Ga.
S. Blinick	<u>25.00</u>	Dominion Bank, Toronto, Ont.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

Deposit of 3-17-53

Cash

\$5500.00

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

DEPOSIT OF 3-18-53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
CASH	3819.00	
Pearl H. Sokolski	<u>5.00</u>	Lawrence-Cedarhurst Bank, Hewlett-Woodmere Br. Woodmere, L. I. N. Y.
Ida C. Solomon	<u>7.50</u>	Corn Exchange, 102 St. Br.
Jacob Belenky	<u>25.00</u>	
	<u>10.00</u>	Corn Exchange, Tremont Branch
M. Resniboff??	<u>10.00</u>	Sears-Community State Bank, Chicago, Ill.
U.S.M.O. 2-62,106,188	<u>10.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
N.Y.C.Sta. No. 32 - Fan Fender		
Robert Y. Desmond	<u>15.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust 819 Grand St. Bklyn, NY
Lodge 6, I.W.O.	<u>15.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust, 748 Allerton Ave.
D. Hershelbeyer	<u>17.50</u>	Chemical Bank, Columbus Circle Office
Harry Kessler	<u>25.00</u>	Chase Natl. Bank, West 14th St. Br.
Anne J. Bernstein??	<u>25.00</u>	Corn Exchange, 91st St. Br.
Valia Hirst??	<u>25.00</u>	Chase Natl. Bank, 73rd St. Branch
Irving J. ???	<u>25.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank 72 St. Br.
Ida Procel	<u>25.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust, 3515 Bway.
U.S.M. O. 5-64,380,451	<u>25.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Mrs. Pauline Boyer		
Baltimore. Md. Pikesville Br.		
Thelma Corseustein	<u>25.00</u>	Bayside Natl. Bank, Oakland Office
Rebecca C. Smith	<u>25.00</u>	Amalgamated Bank 11-15 Union Sq.
Sara Abelson	<u>50.00</u>	Amalgamated Bank 11-15 Union Sq.
Arnold Donsau	<u>50.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank, Harlem Branch
Bernard L. Klein	<u>50.00</u>	Natl. City Bank, 42nd St. Br.
Rotograph Co. Inc.	<u>50.00</u>	Amalgamated Bank 11-15 Union Sq.
Reisman, Cohen & Milberg	<u>50.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust 407 Bway.
Bertha Samuels	<u>50.00</u>	Irving Trust Co. 21st St. & 5th Ave.
Yorkville Neighborhood Club Inc.	<u>50.00</u>	Chase Natl. Bank, 79th St. Br.

DEPOSIT OF 3-18-53

Pearl H. Sokolski	<u>75.00</u>	Lawrence-Cedarhurst Bank, Hewlett- woodmere Branch, Goodmere, L. I. N. Y.
E. Kirschmann.????	<u>110.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank 36th St. Br.
Anne Allan	<u>125.00</u>	Public Natl. Bank 161 St. & Gerard Ave. Ex. N. Y.
Benjamin M. Zelman, Atty.	<u>125.00</u>	Amalgamated Bank, 11-15 Union Sq.
Eve Rosenberg end. Mary Feinstien	<u>137.00</u>	Trade Bank & Trust Co. 7th Ave. Br.
Sigmund S. Maitles	<u>150.00</u>	Bank of Athens Trust Co. 205 West 33 St. NYC

DEPOSIT OF 3-20-53

M. Posner	<u>500.00</u>	Central National Bk. of Cleveland Cedar Center office, Cleveland, O.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Hal Lashin	1650.17	Chase National Bank, Times Sq. Br.
CASH	300.00	
Carl Dreher	<u>3.00</u>	N. Y. Trust Co. Madison Ave. & 14th St.
Esther Rosenberg	<u>5.00</u>	Land Title Bk. & Tr. Co. Phila. Pa.
Margaret Price	<u>25.00</u>	Clinton Trust Co. 57th St. & 10th Ave.
Sarah K. Greenberg	<u>25.00</u>	Natl. City Bank, Flatbush Br.
Illegible	<u>25.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 386 Fourth Ave.
Freda Spector	<u>25.00</u>	Central Penn Natl. Bank, Phila, Pa.
Standard Brand Distributors	<u>25.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 131 E. 23rd St.
U.S.P.M.O. 2-59,589,570 Yonker N. Y. South Sta. Mario Bellotti	<u>25.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Edith Segal	<u>25.00</u>	Amalgamated Bank 11-15 Union Sq.
William B. Weinberger	<u>25.00</u>	Trade Bank & Trust, 7th Ave.
Illegible	<u>25.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 5 West Burnside Ave.
Eric Firschmann	<u>25.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank 36th St. Br.
U.S.P.M.O. 60,340,298 Yetta Rosenthal, Trenton, N. J. Sta. B	<u>25.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
H. Blumberg	<u>25.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 221 4th Ave.
Eva H. Mamber	<u>25.00</u>	Essex Trust Co. Lynn, Mass.
Nathan Hirsch	<u>25.00</u>	Westchester County Natl. Bank, Peekskill, N.Y.
U.S.P.M.O. 2-62,129,775 N.Y.C. F. Weinick	<u>25.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank
Mrs. Lulu Raby <i>and her father</i>	<u>25.00</u>	Northern Westchester Bank, Katonah N.Y.
Cashiers Check #94507 pay. Noah Freeman	<u>45.00</u>	California Bank, Main Office, Los Angeles, Cal.
Michael B. Atkins	<u>50.00</u>	Trust Co. of North America
Marcia G. Rabinowitz	<u>50.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank, Wm. & Beaver Sts.
Leonard Drapkin	<u>50.00</u>	Chemical Bank, Brooklyn Office
Cassie Berkowitz	<u>50.00</u>	Natl. City Bank, Castle Hill Br.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

DEPOSIT OF 3-20-53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
American Express Co. Travelers Cks. J42-281-399 - Lewis A. Wolff	<u>48.00</u>	American Express Company
Clara Walter	<u>5.00</u>	Natl. City Bank, 86th St. Br.
Pearl Beest	<u>5.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 257 Utica Ave. Bklyn.
" "	<u>5.00</u>	" "
Lincoln Savings Bk. of Bklyn end. Mrs. R. Kanstroom	<u>10.00</u>	Savings Banks Trust Co.
Minnie L. Grenfield	<u>10.00</u>	Corn Exchange Bank 104th St.
Wm. A. Price	<u>10.00</u>	First Natl. Bank, Montclair N. J. Bloomfield Ave. office.
Rose Wallach <i>and. Anna Carl</i>	<u>12.00</u>	Natl. City Bank, 96th St. Br.
Martin H. Hanish?? end. & Pay.	<u>15.00</u>	Chase Natl. Bank, 48th St. Br.
Rena Kanstroom	<u>25.00</u>	Natl. City Bank Port Authority Br.
Illegible	<u>25.00</u>	
Colony House Laundry, payable and end. Celia Stein	<u>25.00</u>	Great Neck Trust Co. N. Y.
Illegible	<u>25.00</u>	Amalgamated Bank, 11-15 Union Sq.
Adolph Cooper	<u>25.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 513 Fifth Ave.
Lewis Allan	<u>25.00</u>	Public Natl. 161 St. & Gerard Ave. Bx.
Edith Herman	<u>25.00</u>	Chase Natl. Bank, 34th St. Br.
Natl. Comm. to secure Justice in the Rosenberg case / Rev. Harol Williamson	<u>40.00</u>	Chase Natl. Bank, Times Sq. Br.
" / Cash	45.93	" "
" / Cash	50.00	" "
Jack L. Deblinger	<u>50.00</u>	Marine Midland, 250 Park Ave.
Efficient Dictating Equip. Co.	<u>57.64</u>	Corn Exchange Bank, Grand Central Br.
Martin H. Hanish end. Rena Kanstroom	<u>74.00</u>	Chase Natl. Bank 48th St. Br.
Robert Roy <i>Ray</i>	<u>115.00</u>	People Natl. Bk. in Lakewood, N. J.
Stanley Faulkner	<u>190.00</u>	Colonial Trust Co. Rockefeller Center Office
Chicago Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case	<u>500.00</u>	Amalgamated Trust & Savings Bank 111 South Dearborn, Chicago Ill.

DEPOSIT OF 3-20-53

Ann Berkowitz, Personal M.O.#188322
1810 Longfellow Ave. Bx

Ida Weller

U.S.P.M.O. 2-59,589,574
Yonkers, N.Y. South Sta.
Mario Bellotti

Lilyan Shubow, Spec.

Prompt Printing Press. Inc.

Phila. Comm. to secure Justice in the
Rosenberg Case

Pan American Bank of Miami, Fla
#8961

Bay Area Comm. to ~~Secure~~ Save
the Rosenbergs

50.00 Mfrs. Trust Co.

50.00 Mfrs. Trust Co. Fordham Road Br.

100.00 Federal Reserve Bank

150.00 First Natl. Bank of Boston, Mass.

250.00 Natl. City Bank, 14th St. Br.

275.00 Real Estate Trust Co. of Phila. Pa.

300.00 Natl. City Bank of N. Y.

600.00 Anglo California Natl. Bank, Market-
Jones Office. San Francisco, Calif.

DEPOSIT of 3-26-53

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
U.S.P.M.O. 1-37,272,201 George J. Nickerson, Rochester, NY	<u>1.00</u>	Federal Reserve Bank,
William Michlin	<u>5.00</u>	Girard Trust Corn Exchange Bank, Phila. Pa.
Key Goffer	<u>10.00</u>	Natl. City Bank, 52 Wall St.
Harriet M. Ford	<u>15.00</u>	Bank of America, Oroville Branch, Calif.
Freda Spector	<u>15.00</u>	Central Penn Natl. Bk. Phila. Pa.
Angelina Karan <i>and J. Cohen</i>	<u>25.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 1930 Ave. U Bklyn,
Nicholas D. Cheronis	<u>25.00</u>	First Natl. Bank Chicago, Ill.
Dorothy Haven	<u>25.00</u>	Torrington Natl. Bank, Conn.
Emily Alman	<u>30.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 230 Second Ave.
Irving E. Putnam <i>Inc.</i>	<u>400.00</u>	Marquette Natl. Bank, Minneapolis, Minn.
Natl. Comm. to secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Harriet Moscovitz	60.00	Chase Natl. Bank, Times Square Br.
" / Cash	153.67	" "
" / Cash	196.23	" "
" / William Cooperman	500.00	" "
" / Cash	539.56	" "
" / Cash	656.60	" "
2 check of Pearl Burk <i>and Labor Committee for Clarity</i>	<u>5.00</u> <u>5.00</u>	Mfrs. Trust Co. 257 Utica Ave. Bklyn.

NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO SECURE JUSTICE IN THE ROSENBERG CASE

DEPOSIT PF 3-29-53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Harry W. Pierce	<u>3.00</u>	American State Bank, Lansing, Mich.
Jacob Apral	<u>5.00</u>	Home Saving Bank, Milwaukee, Wis.
Anna H. Morgan	<u>5.00</u>	Northern Savings Bank, Columbus, Ohio
Xenia K. Deitchman	<u>10.00</u>	Citizens & Southern Bank, Albany, Ga.
Peter G. Bergmann	<u>10.00</u>	First Natl. Bank, Princeton, N. J.
Emma Lazarus Federation of Jewish Women's Clubs.	<u>25.00</u>	Modern Industrial Bank, 116 Fifth Ave.
Natl. Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case / Paul Deitrick	47.25	Chase Natl. Bank, Times Sq. Br.
" / Vera Nicholoff	47.86	" "
" / Marie Mc Broom	64.26	" "
Chicago-Michigan Currency Exchange #B63308	<u>67.00</u>	Lincoln Natl. Bank, Chicago, Ill.
Bay Area Comm. to Save. the Rosenberg	<u>100.00</u>	Anglo-California Natl. Bank, Market Jones Office, San Francisco, Calif.
Rosenberg Comm. Genola Burks Barbara Brownell	<u>150.00</u>	Oakland Bank of Commerce, Oakland, Cal.
Cashier's Ck. #210-963	<u>300.00</u>	Bank of the Commonwealth, Detroit, Mich. Woodrow Wilson-Davison Br.
Chicago Comm. to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case.	<u>\$500.00</u>	Amalgamated Trust & Savings Bank 111 South Dearborn Chicago, Ill.

EMERGENCY COMMITTEE OF ARTS & PROFESSIONS TO SECURE CLEMENCY FOR THE ROSENBERGS

DEPOSITS OF 1-2-53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
NAME	\$279.50	
Harry C. Oppenheimer	25.00	Mrs. Trust Co. ^{nyc} 221 Fourth Ave.
Peter Bernard	10.00	Corn Exchange Bank Trust Co. ^{nyc} 45th St. Branch
Morris Zither	5.00	Industrial Bank of Commerce 32 Court St. Bklyn, N. Y.
Edward Fast order of Lucy Strunsky	5.00	Natl. City Bank, 56th St. Branch ^{nyc}
Lewis Rice	3.00	Corn Exchange Bank, Steinway Branch

307.50

Description of items deposited



b7d



b7d

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EMERGENCY COMMITTEE OF ARTS AND PROFESSIONS TO SECURE CLEMENCY FOR
THE ROSENBERGS

Deposit of 1-12-53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
Cash	167.00	
Herbert Gersten	26.50	Public Natl. Bank 501 Fifth Ave.
Sarnia Marguand	15.00	Bankers Trust Company
Norma R. Starobin	25.00	Amalgamated Bank 11-15 Union Square
Harry Gottlieb	15.00	Amalgamated Bank 11-15 Union Square
Harry Glickman	3.00	Federation bank & Trust 34th And 8th Ave
U.S. Postal M. O. 8-25843858	7.00	Federal Reserve Bank
Lucille Kragne St. Louis, Mo. Sta. 24		
Iris Alex	5.00	Chase Natl. Bank, Prince St.

*Various other checks in this deposit drawn on out of town banks
were already processed without making a record thereof
all were small items ranging up to \$50*



b7d

EMERGENCY COMMITTEE ARTS & PROFESSIONS TO SECURE CLEMENCY FOR THE ROSENBERGS

DEPOSIT OF 1-16-53

NAME	AMOUNT	BANK
CASH	\$11.00	
Max Shulman	3.00	Suburban Trust Company, Silver Springs, Maryland
American Express Co. M. O. SL2244900 Sam Brown, St. Louis Mo.	5.00	American Express Company
Arline D. Hays	5.00	Hamilton Natl. Bk. Washington, D. C. Georgetown Branch
C. J. Frances	10.00	Industrial Trust Co., Elmwood Branch Providence, R. I.

Description of item deposited



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EMERGENCY COMMITTEE OF THE ARTS AND PROFESSIONS TO SECURE CLEMENCY FOR THE ROSENBERGS

DEPOSIT OF 1/19/53

<u>NAME</u>	<u>AMOUNT</u>	<u>BANK</u>
Cash	\$65.00	
Robert J. Silberstein	50.00	Manufacturers Trust Company, 55 Broad Street.

Description of item deposited



67d

EMERGENCY COMMITTEE OF THE ARTS AND PROFESSIONS TO SECURE CLEMENCY FOR THE

ROSENBERGS Deposit of 2-3-53

Cash

Madeline Lee

147.00

6.00 Mfra. Trust Co. 513 Fifth Ave.